

REPORT OF INDEPENDENT AUDITORS AND COMBINED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA PUBLIC POWER AUTHORITY

June 30, 2020 and 2019



Table of Contents

	PAGE
Report of Independent Auditors	1–3
Management's Discussion and Analysis	4–10
Financial Statements	
Combined and individual financial statements	11–46
Notes to combined financial statements	47–127
Required Supplemental Information	
Schedule of proportionate share of the net pension liability as of June 30, 2020	128
Schedule of contributions as of June 30, 2020	129
Schedule of changes in net OPEB liability and related ratios	130
Supplementary Information	
Power Purchase Agreements combining statements of net position as of June 30, 2020	31–132
Power Purchase Agreements combining statements of net position as of June 30, 2019	33–134
Power Purchase Agreements combining statements of revenues, expenses, and changes	
	35–136
Power Purchase Agreements combining statements of revenues, expenses, and changes	
	37–138
Power Purchase Agreements combining statement of cash flows	
	39–140
Power Purchase Agreements combining statement of cash flows	
	41–142
·	43–144
	45–146
Other Information	
Supplemental schedule of receipts and disbursements in funds required by the	
bond indenture for the year ended June 30, 2020	
Magnolia Power Project	147
Canyon Power Project	148
Apex Power Project	149
Tieton Hydropower Project	150
Milford I Wind Project	151
Milford II Wind Project	152
Windy Point Project	153
Linden Wind Energy Project	154
Southern Transmission System Project	155
Mead-Phoenix Project	156
Mead-Adelanto Project	157
Pinedale Project	158
Barnett Project	159
Prepaid Natural Gas Project	160



Report of Independent Auditors

The Board of Directors and Participants of Southern California Public Power Authority

Report on Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying combined and individual projects' financial statements of Southern California Public Power Authority (the Authority), which comprise the combined and individual projects' statements of net position as of June 30, 2020 and 2019, and the related combined and individual projects' statements of revenues, expenses and changes in net position, and cash flows for the years then ended, and the related notes to the financial statements.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these combined and individual projects' financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of combined and individual project financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these combined and individual projects' financial statements based on our audits. We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the California Code of Regulations, Title 2, Section 1131.2, State Controller's *Minimum Audit Requirements* for California Special Districts. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audits to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the combined and individual projects' financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the combined and individual projects' financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the combined and individual projects' financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the combined and individual projects' financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the combined and individual projects' financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the combined and individual projects' financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Southern California Public Power Authority and each of the Authority's projects: Palo Verde Project, San Juan Project, Magnolia Power Project, Canyon Power Project, Apex Power Project, Tieton Hydropower Project, Milford I Wind Project, Milford II Wind Project, Windy Point Project, Linden Wind Energy Project, Southern Transmission System Project, Mead-Phoenix Project, Mead-Adelanto Project, Pinedale Project, Barnett Project, Prepaid Natural Gas Project, Power Purchase Agreements, Project Development Fund, Projects' Stabilization Fund and SCPPA Fund as of June 30, 2020 and 2019, and the combined and individual results of the projects' operations and cash flows for the years then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, Schedule of Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability as of June 30, 2020, the Schedule of Contributions as of June 30, 2020, and the Schedule of Changes in Net OPEB Liability and Related Ratios (collectively, "required supplementary information") be presented to supplement the financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures in the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Authority's basic financial statements. The Power Purchase Agreements combining statements of net position as of June 30, 2020 and 2019, and the related Power Purchase Agreements combining statements of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position, and cash flows for the years then ended, and the Purchase Power Agreements investments as of June 30, 2020 and 2019 (collectively, supplementary information) are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The supplementary information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the supplementary information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements as a whole. The supplemental schedules of receipts and disbursements in funds for the year ended June 30, 2020, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements, and accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on it.

Portland, Oregon

Moss & dams llp

October 28, 2020

Southern California Public Power Authority Management's Discussion and Analysis

The following discussion and analysis of the financial performance of Southern California Public Power Authority (the Authority or SCPPA), provides an overview of the Authority's financial activities for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2020 and 2019. Please read this discussion and analysis in conjunction with the Authority's Combined Financial Statements, which begin on page 10. Descriptions and other details pertaining to the Authority are included in the Notes to Combined Financial Statements.

The Authority is a joint powers authority whose primary purpose has been to provide joint financing and oversight for large joint projects for its member agencies that consist of eleven municipal electric utilities and one irrigation district in California. On a combined basis, these entities provide electricity to more than two million retail electric customers. A Board of Directors (the Board) governs the Authority, which consists of one representative from each member agency.

Using This Financial Report

This annual financial report consists of a series of financial statements and reflects the self-supporting activities of the Authority that are funded primarily through the sale of energy, natural gas, and transmission services to member agencies under project specific take-or-pay contracts that require each member agency to pay its proportionate share of operating and maintenance expenses and debt service with respect to such projects. The contracts cannot be terminated or amended in any manner that will impair or adversely affect the rights of the bondholders as long as any bonds issued by the specific project remain outstanding. The Authority also established take-and-pay contracts for the participants of the prepaid natural gas project where the payments received from the sale of gas will be sufficient to pay debt service. In addition, the Authority has entered into various power purchase agreements. These agreements are substantially take-and-pay contracts but there may be other costs not associated with the delivery of energy that the participants may be obligated to pay.

Southern California Public Power Authority Management's Discussion and Analysis

Combined Summary of Financial Condition and Changes in Net Position (in thousands)

	June 30,					
	2020	2019	2018 (Restated)			
Assets Net utility plant Investments Cash and cash equivalents Prepaid and other	\$ 1,361,718 484,843 370,864 736,279	\$ 1,441,741 693,454 247,855 784,532	\$ 1,507,609 648,816 277,645 842,175			
Total assets						
Total assets	2,953,704	3,167,582	3,276,245			
Deferred outflows of resources	149,608	154,827	167,606			
Total assets and deferred outflows of resources	\$ 3,103,312	\$ 3,322,409	\$ 3,443,851			
Liabilities						
Noncurrent liabilities Current liabilities	\$ 2,539,987 405,528	\$ 2,769,102 426,088	\$ 2,934,274 427,036			
Total liabilities	2,945,515	3,195,190	3,361,310			
Deferred inflows of resources	16,685	61	50			
Net position						
Net investment in capital assets	(98,519)	(138,447)	(189,747)			
Restricted	369,753	385,434	404,782			
Unrestricted	(130,122)	(119,829)	(132,544)			
Total net position	141,112	127,158	82,491			
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and net position	\$ 3,103,312	\$ 3,322,409	\$ 3,443,851			
Revenues, expenses and changes in net position						
for the year ended June 30 Operating revenues	\$ 969,163	\$ 1,012,325	\$ 970,156			
Operating revenues Operating expenses	(852,034)	(903,743)	(836,888)			
Operating income	117,129	108,582	133,268			
Investment and other income Derivative gain (loss) Inflation of ARO liability Debt expense	25,989 (6,465) (1,197) (102,010)	41,672 (3,485) (3,004) (111,313)	10,237 8,632 (5,086) (116,543)			
Change in net position before special items	33,446	32,452	30,508			
Special items			(3,261)			
Change in net position	33,446	32,452	27,247			
Net position, beginning of year	127,158	82,491	72,210			
Net contributions/(withdrawals) by participants	(19,492)	12,215	(16,966)			
Net position, end of year	\$ 141,112	\$ 127,158	\$ 82,491			

Southern California Public Power Authority Management's Discussion and Analysis

Comparison of fiscal year 2020 to 2019 activity

Net Position – The Authority's net position increased by \$14 million mainly due to the decrease in assets and deferred outflows of resources of \$219 million offset by the decrease in liabilities and deferred inflows of resources of \$233 million.

Assets – The decrease of \$219 million in the Authority's assets and deferred outflows of resources was due to the following:

- Net Utility Plant decreased by \$80 million
 The decrease was mainly due to the \$94 million scheduled depreciation in the Generation and
 Transmission Projects and \$7 million depletion in the Pinedale and Barnett Natural Gas Projects;
 offset by \$21 million ongoing capital improvements mainly in the Apex Power Project (APP) and Palo Verde Project (PV).
- Investments and Cash and Cash Equivalents decreased by \$86 million
 The decrease was mainly due to \$58 million release of Debt Service Reserve funds and \$42 million of Debt Service funds used for bond refunding transactions and payment of final bond principal maturities, \$20 million net distributions in the Projects' Stabilization Fund (PSF), \$3 million of final bond proceeds spent for capital improvements in APP, \$5 million reduction in the Project Development Fund (PDF) due to reclassification to Springbok III Solar Purchased Power Agreement; offset by \$2 million recognition of fair market value gain in investment securities mainly in the PV Decommissioning Trust Fund and PSF and \$40 million of net overbillings in various projects.
- Prepaid and other assets decreased by 48 million
 The decrease was mainly due to the \$57 million scheduled amortization of the prepaid assets in the Natural Gas Prepaid Project (NGPP), Milford I, Milford II, and Windy Point/Windy Flats Projects (Windy Point); offset by \$7 million net increase in accounts receivable mainly due to project underbillings, \$1 million increase in the fair value of the derivative instrument in the Mead-Adelanto Project (MA) and \$1 million increase in inventories mainly in PV & APP projects.
- Deferred outflows of resources decreased by \$5 million
 The decrease was mainly due to the \$8 million amortization of loss on refunding in various debt–funded projects and \$2 million amortization of Asset Retirement Obligation (ARO) in the PV, APP, Linden, Tieton Hydropower Project (THP) and Pinedale and Barnett Natural Gas Projects; offset by the \$5 million increase in the reported fair value of the derivative instruments in the Magnolia Power Project (MPP) and NGPP.

Southern California Public Power Authority Management's Discussion and Analysis

Liabilities - The decrease of \$250 million in the Authority's liabilities was mainly due to the following:

\$263 million of bond refundings, principal maturities and bond-related amortizations, \$14 million reduction in bond interest payable for all bond-financed projects, and \$1.5 million net reduction in the MPP major maintenance deferral. The decrease was offset by the \$15 million in accumulated overbillings and accruals in various projects; \$13 million net increase in the reported fair market values of derivative instruments in MPP and NGPP; and \$0.5 million increase in ARO recognition in the PV, APP, THP, Linden, Pinedale and Barnett Natural Gas Projects in accordance with Governmental Accounting Standards Board 83, Certain Asset Retirement Obligations.

Operating Income – The \$9 million increase in operating income was mainly due to the following: net increase of \$7 million in Canyon Project (CPP) due to lower fuel expense for the year, net increase of \$12 million in MPP also due to lower fuel expense for the year, net increase of \$23 million in Southern Transmission System Project (STS) due to lower Intermountain Power Agency operation and maintenance costs for the year which includes recognition of insurance reimbursement of \$7.6 million due to transformer failure. These increases were offset by a decrease of \$11 million in revenue in San Juan Project to adjust for prior period overbillings, decrease of \$12 million in Apex mainly due to reduced billings, decrease of \$3 million in Milford I due to overbillings for the year compared to the prior year, decrease of \$5 million and \$2 million in billings in Mead-Adelanto (MA) & Mead-Phoenix (MP) projects, respectively, due to reduction in debt service payments for the year.

Investment and Other Income – The \$16 million decrease in investment and other income was mainly due to the downward adjustment of investment market value at year-end and decrease in investment income as interest rates have fallen to historic lows in response to recent economic and market events.

Derivative Gain (Loss) – Net derivative losses of \$6.5 million and \$3.5 million were reported related to the Authority's derivative instruments that were deemed investment instruments as of June 30, 2020 and 2019, respectively. The \$3 million net decrease is mainly due to the effect of changes in fair values of MPP and MA Swaps (See Note 5).

The Authority has three basis swaps in which it makes variable payments based on SIFMA and LIBOR, and receive variable payments based on a percentage of LIBOR. The purpose of the swaps is to manage interest expense on the MA and MPP Bonds. Pursuant to GASB 53, there is no identified risk being hedged by a basis swap, and therefore they are all deemed investment instruments. These investment instruments were strategically placed by management to reduce interest expense and they continue to serve this purpose.

Inflation of ARO Liability – The \$2 million decrease in inflation expense was due to the amortization recognized based on the consumer price index at June 30, 2020. Inflation expense was recognized due to the implementation of GASB 83, *Certain Asset Retirement Obligations*, which requires the current value of an entity's ARO to be adjusted, at least annually, for the effects of general inflation or deflation. It also requires entities to evaluate all relevant factors to determine whether the effects of one or more of the factors are expected to significantly change the estimated asset retirement outlays.

Southern California Public Power Authority Management's Discussion and Analysis

Debt Expense – The decrease of \$9 million was mainly due to lower interest expense and related debt amortization in Canyon, STS, Milford I, and Windy Point projects.

Comparison of fiscal year 2019 to 2018 activity

Net Position – The Authority's net position increased by \$45 million mainly due to the decrease in assets and deferred outflows of resources of \$121 million offset by the decrease in liabilities and deferred inflows of resources of \$166 million.

Assets – The decrease of \$121 million in the Authority's assets and deferred outflows of resources is due to the following:

- Investments- increased by \$45 million
 The increase is largely due to \$16 million transfer of funds to Projects' Stabilization Fund (PSF) for the Participants' share of the prior years' over-collection in the San Juan Project (SJ); Invested \$12 million accumulated overbillings in various Projects; \$15 million transfer of short-term investments to long-term investments; \$3 million reinvestment of interest earnings and \$3 million increase in market value of investment securities in the PV Decommissioning Trust Fund. The increases were offset by the \$4 million withdrawal from the Project Funds for capital improvement in CPP.
- Cash and cash equivalents decreased by \$30 million
 The decrease is mainly due to the \$16 million transfer of funds to the PSF for the Participants' share of the prior years' over collection in SJ Project, and \$15 million transfer of cash and cash equivalent to long-term investments; offset by the \$1 million accumulated overbillings in various Projects' invested in short term investments.
- Prepaid and other assets decreased by \$57 million
 The decrease is mainly due to the \$60 million scheduled amortization of the prepaid assets in the Natural Gas Prepaid Project (NGPP), Milford I, Milford II, and Windy Point/Windy Flats Projects (Windy Point); offset by \$1 million change in the fair value of the derivative instruments in the Mead-Adelanto Project (MA) and \$2 million increase in inventories in various generation projects.
- Deferred outflows of resources decreased by \$13 million
 The decrease is mainly due to the \$21 million amortization of loss on refunding in various debt—funded projects and \$2 million amortization of Asset Retirement Obligation (ARO) in the PV, Linden, Tieton Hydropower Project (THP) and Pinedale and Barnett Natural Gas Projects. The decreases were offset by the \$10 million increase in the reported fair value of the derivative instruments in the Magnolia Power Project (MPP) and NGPP.

Southern California Public Power Authority Management's Discussion and Analysis

Liabilities – The decrease in the Authority's liabilities of \$166 million is primarily due to the following:

\$186 million of principal maturities and related amortizations for all debt-funded projects, the return of \$16 million prior years' over-collection in SJ and the \$4 million release of Reserve and Contingency Fund for the initial deposit in SJ Decommissioning Trust Fund. The decreases were offset by the \$19 million accumulated overbillings and accruals in various Projects; \$17 million net increase in the reported fair market values of derivative instruments in MPP and NGPP; and \$4 million increase in the recognition of ARO in the PV, APP, THP, Linden, and Pinedale and Barnett Natural Gas Projects in accordance with GASB 83, Certain Asset Retirement Obligations.

During fiscal year 2018, the Authority's assets and deferred outflow of resources, as restated, decreased by \$197 million largely due to the scheduled depreciation in the generation and transmission Projects, and depletion in the Natural Gas Reserves Project; offset by \$207 million decrease in liabilities mainly due to the scheduled principal maturities and related amortizations for all debt-funded projects, resulted an increase in the Authority's net position of \$10 million. In addition, the PV decommissioning obligation was adjusted to recognize the current value and effects of general inflation or deflation to conform to the requirements of GASB 83.

Operating Income – Operating income decreased by \$25 million mainly attributable to the \$32 million unbudgeted expenditures in the Adelanto Converter Station in Southern Transmission System Project (STS), \$8 million additional major maintenance expenses for the GE upgrades in MPP, and \$1 million increase in the depletion rate due to the new reserve study conducted for Barnett Natural Gas Project. The expenses were offset by the \$16 million return of prior years' over-collection in SJ Project.

During fiscal year 2018, the net operating income, as restated, decreased by \$29 million primarily due to the \$14 million reduction in billings in the PV Project resulted from the final debt service requirement that ended in July 2017; \$10 million prior years' overbillings contributed to the issuance STS 2017A for the refunding of STS 2009A Bonds, and the issuance of 2018A&B Bonds for the refunding of the 2017A Bonds in CPP; \$4 million release of Reserve and Contingency Fund for the scheduled major maintenance in MPP; and \$1 million recognition of other post-employment benefits (OPEB) expense.

Investment and Other Income – Investment and other income increased \$31 million due to the \$15 million reimbursement of fire insurance settlements in STS Project and \$16 million increase in market values and higher interest earnings of the investment securities held in various Projects primarily in PV Decommissioning Trust Fund.

Derivative Gain (Loss) – \$3.5 million derivative loss and \$8.6 million derivative gain were reported related to the Authority's derivative instruments that were deemed investment instruments as of June 30, 2019 and 2018, respectively. The \$12.1 million increase in derivative loss is mainly due to the effect of changes in fair values of Magnolia Power Project Swaps. (See Note 5)

Southern California Public Power Authority Management's Discussion and Analysis

Inflation of ARO Liability – A decrease in inflation loss of \$2 million was recognized due to the implementation of GASB 83, *Certain Asset Retirement Obligations*, which requires the current value of an entity's ARO to be adjusted for the effects of general inflation or deflation at least annually and it requires entities to evaluate all relevant factors to determine whether the effects of one or more of the factors are expected to significantly change the estimated asset retirement outlays.

Debt Expense – Debt expense decreased by \$5 million primarily due to lower interest expense from the refunding of the 2008A and 2009A Bonds in the STS Project, and the cost of issuance recognized in fiscal year 2018 associated with the issuance of Magnolia Power Project 2017-1 and Canyon Power Project 2018A&B Refunding Bonds.

Special Items – Special items for fiscal year 2018 pertain to the \$3 million net write-off of inventories, prepaid accounts, and liabilities due to the divesting of ownership interests of the SJ Unit 3 plant on December 31, 2017.

Southern California Public Power Authority Combined Statements of Net Position (Amounts in Thousands)

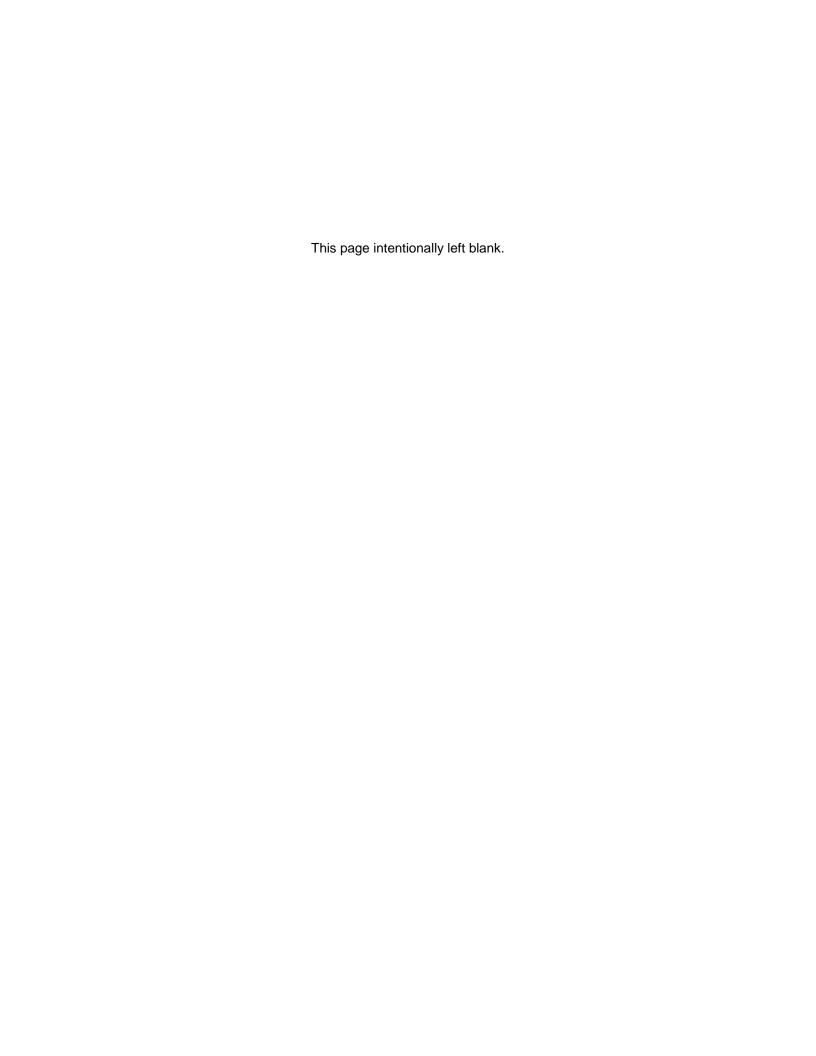
	June 3	30
	2020	2019
ASSETS		
Noncurrent assets		
Net utility plant	\$ 1,361,718	\$ 1,441,741
Investments – restricted	459,267	619,889
Investments – unrestricted	25,576	73,565
Advance to IPA - restricted	10,930	10,930
Fair value of derivative instruments	2,391	1,094
Prepaid and other assets	612,296	669,903
Total noncurrent assets	2,472,178	2,817,122
Current assets		
Cash and cash equivalents – restricted	231,517	152,245
Cash and cash equivalents – unrestricted	139,347	95,610
Interest receivable	1,517	2,295
Accounts receivable	20,626	13,310
Materials and supplies	24,901	23,973
Prepaid and other assets	63,618	63,027
	404.500	050.400
Total current assets	481,526	350,460
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Deferred items related to pensions	523	559
Unamortized loss on refunding	73,138	81,898
Asset retirement obligation	41,124	42,842
Accumulated decrease in fair value of hedging derivatives	34,823	29,528
Total deferred outflows of resources	149,608	154,827
Total assets and deferred outflows of resources	\$ 3,103,312	\$ 3,322,409
LIABILITIES		
Noncurrent liabilities		
Long-term debt	\$ 2,250,650	\$ 2,491,059
Fair value of derivative instruments	52,677	39,620
Notes payable, net pension and other liabilities	4,277	4,546
Advances from participants	17,008	19,027
Reclamation and decommission obligation	215,375	214,850
Total noncurrent liabilities	2,539,987	2,769,102
Current liabilities		
Debt due within one year	138,215	160,265
Notes payable and other liabilities due within one year	19,891	21,127
Advances from participants due within one year	68,452	54,594
Accrued interest	36,015	50,241
Accounts payable and accruals	139,968	136,649
Accrued property tax	2,987	3,212
Total current liabilities	405,528	426,088
Total liabilities	2,945,515	3,195,190
DEFENDED WELGING OF DEGOLIDOES		
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred items related to pensions	66	61
·		01
Unamortized gain on refunding	16,619	
Total deferred inflows of resources	16,685	61
NET POSITION		
Net investment in capital assets	(98,519)	(138,447)
Restricted	369,753	385,434
Unrestricted	(130,122)	(119,829)
Total net position	141,112	127,158
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and net position	\$ 3,103,312	\$ 3,322,409

Southern California Public Power Authority Combined Statements of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position (Amounts in Thousands)

	Years End	led June 30,
	2020	2019
Operating revenues Sales of electric energy Sales of transmission services Sales of natural gas	\$ 784,816 149,663 34,684	\$ 831,242 145,911 35,172
Total operating revenues	969,163	1,012,325
Operating expenses Operations and maintenance Depreciation, depletion and amortization Amortization of nuclear fuel Decommissioning Pension and other benefits expense	731,139 105,107 13,799 1,720 269	784,907 103,874 13,102 1,720 140
Total operating expenses	852,034	903,743
Operating income	117,129	108,582
Non operating revenues (expenses) Investment and other income Inflation of ARO Liability Derivative gain (loss) Debt expense	25,989 (1,197) (6,465) (102,010)	41,672 (3,004) (3,485) (111,313)
Net non operating revenues (expenses)	(83,683)	(76,130)
Change in net position	33,446	32,452
Net position – beginning of year	127,158	82,491
Net contributions (distributions) by participants	(19,492)	12,215
Net position – end of year	\$ 141,112	\$ 127,158

Southern California Public Power Authority Combined Statements of Cash Flows (Amounts in Thousands)

		Years Ende	ed June 30	ı.
	-	2020		2019
				_
Cash flows from operating activities				
Receipts from participants	\$	858,963	\$	833,169
Receipts from sale of oil and gas		1,762		8,165
Payments to operating managers		(571,377)		(547,641)
Other disbursements and receipts		26,407		18,006
Net cash flows provided by operating activities		315,755		311,699
Cook flows from paparital financing pativities				
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities Advances by participants, net		(25 540)		0.016
Advances by participants, fiet	-	(25,549)		9,916
Cash flows from capital financing activities				
Additions to plant and prepaid projects, net		(40,250)		(53,953)
Debt interest payments		(106,711)		(111,539)
Proceeds from sale of bonds		791,980		53,211
Payment for defeasance of revenue bonds		(863,029)		(53,574)
Payments for swap termination fee		(9,644)		-
Transfer of funds from (to) Mine Reclamation Trust Fund		-		(500)
Principal payments on debt		(160,265)		(163,185)
Payment for bond issue costs		(3,120)		(529)
Net cash used for capital and related financing activities		(391,039)		(330,069)
Cook flows from investing activities				
Cash flows from investing activities Interest received on investments		9.020		0.063
Purchases of investments		8,030		9,863
		(517,636)		(475,064)
Proceeds from sale/maturity of investments	-	733,448		443,865
Net cash provided by (used for) investing activities		223,842		(21,336)
Net change in cash and cash equivalents		123,009		(29,790)
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year		247,855		277,645
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$	370,864	\$	247,855
				
Reconciliation of operating income to net cash				
provided by operating activities	•	447.400	•	400 500
Operating income	\$	117,129	\$	108,582
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided by operating activities				
Depreciation, depletion and amortization		149,862		151,228
Decommissioning		1,720		1,720
Amortization of nuclear fuel		13,799		13,102
Pension and other benefits expense		269		140
Changes in assets and liabilities		200		140
Accounts receivable		(7,212)		(150)
Accounts payable and accruals		9,801		10,472
Other		30,387		26,605
Otilei	-	30,387		20,003
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$	315,755	\$	311,699
Cash and cash equivalents as stated in the Combined Statements of Net Position				
	\$	221 517	¢	150 045
Cash and cash equivalents – restricted Cash and cash equivalents – unrestricted	Ф	231,517 139,347	\$	152,245 95,610
·				
	\$	370,864	\$	247,855



Southern California Public Power Authority Individual Statements of Net Position June 30, 2020

(Amounts in Thousands)

					GEI	NERATION				
					N	Magnolia		Canyon		
	Pa	alo Verde	S	an Juan		Power		Power	Ap	ex Power
ASSETS										
Noncurrent assets										
Net utility plant	\$	274,064	\$	_	\$	157,980	\$	205,602	\$	271,130
Investments – restricted		198,488		29,540		14,800		16,364		17,817
Investments – unrestricted		9,579		-		6,498		-		
Advance to IPA – restricted		-		-		-		-		-
Fair value of derivative instruments		-		-		-		-		-
Prepaid and other assets		-		-		-				-
Total noncurrent assets		482,131		29,540		179,278		221,966		288,947
Current assets										
Cash and cash equivalents – restricted		6,406		_		43,510		7,641		17,123
Cash and cash equivalents – restricted Cash and cash equivalents – unrestricted		12,340		133		19,028		359		7,651
Interest receivable		945		102		41		32		7,001
Accounts receivable		1,734		102		1,117		1,147		_
Materials and supplies		1,734		-		8,191		759		4,815
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •				4						
Prepaid and other assets		1,252		4		53		19		769
Total current assets		33,813		239		71,940		9,957		30,358
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES										
Unamortized loss on refunding		-		-		13,717		39,707		-
Asset retirement obligation		32,880		-		-		-		6,872
Accumulated decrease in fair value of hedging derivatives		-		-		19,684		-		<u> </u>
Total deferred outflows of resources		32,880		-		33,401		39,707		6,872
Total assets and deferred outflows of resources	\$	548,824	\$	29,779	\$	284,619	\$	271,630	\$	326,177
Total accord and actioned dutions of recognices		0 10,02 1	<u> </u>	20,110	<u> </u>	201,010	<u> </u>	27 1,000	<u> </u>	020,177
LIABILITIES										
Noncurrent liabilities										
Long-term debt	\$	-	\$	-	\$	273,664	\$	306,031	\$	271,879
Fair value of derivative instruments		-		-		37,538		-		-
Notes payable and other liabilities		-		-		1,721		-		_
Advances from participants		-		-		-		-		_
Reclamation and decommission obligation		173,151		28,953		-		-		9,997
T		170 151		00.050		040.000		000 004		004.070
Total noncurrent liabilities		173,151		28,953		312,923		306,031		281,876
Current liabilities										
Debt due within one year		-		-		7,800		8,185		9,920
Notes payable and other liabilities due within one year		-		-		19,891		-		-
Advances from participants due within one year		-		-		17,000		12,714		11,180
Accrued interest		-		-		3,698		3,298		6,011
Accounts payable and accruals		17,902		184		1,340		269		12,372
Accrued property tax		1,500		-		-		-		
Total current liabilities		19,402		184		49,729		24,466		39,483
Total liakilitiaa		100.550		20.427		262.050		220 407		204 250
Total liabilities	_	192,553		29,137	_	362,652		330,497	_	321,359
NET POSITION										
Net investment in capital assets		274,064		-		(109,766)		(68,907)		(2,238)
Restricted		65,563		554		25,953		8,026		6,193
Unrestricted		16,644		88		5,780		2,014		863
Total not position		256 274		040		(70,000)		(E0.007)		4.040
Total net position	_	356,271		642		(78,033)		(58,867)		4,818
Total liabilities and net position	\$	548,824	\$	29,779	\$	284,619	\$	271,630	\$	326,177

Southern California Public Power Authority Individual Statements of Net Position June 30, 2019 (Amounts in Thousands)

	GENERATION											
					_	/lagnolia						
	Pa	alo Verde	S	an Juan		Power		Power	Ар	ex Power		
ASSETS												
Noncurrent assets												
Net utility plant	\$	281,173	\$	_	\$	168,719	\$	214,944	\$	278.762		
Investments – restricted	Ψ	196,363	Ψ	29,883	φ	64,362	φ	7,259	Ψ	21,834		
Investments – restricted				29,003		12,745		7,239		21,034		
Advance to IPA – restricted		15,225		-		12,745		-		-		
Fair value of derivative instruments		-		-		-		-		-		
		-		-		-		-		-		
Prepaid and other assets												
Total noncurrent assets		492,761		29,883		245,826		222,203		300,596		
Current assets												
Cash and cash equivalents – restricted		4,768		-		9,291		11,578		11,806		
Cash and cash equivalents – unrestricted		9,501		217		3,546		3,272		3,531		
Interest receivable		898		221		233		46		39		
Accounts receivable		1,570		12		203		-		1		
Materials and supplies		10,348		-		8,510		938		4,177		
Prepaid and other assets		1,155		4		396		49		361		
Total current assets		28,240		454		22,179		15,883		19,915		
DEFENDED OUTELOWS OF DESCRIPTION												
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES						0.000		40.050				
Unamortized loss on refunding		-		-		8,099		43,653		7.000		
Asset retirement obligation		34,139		-		40.000		-		7,239		
Accumulated decrease in fair value of hedging derivatives		-				19,028						
Total deferred outflows of resources		34,139		-		27,127		43,653		7,239		
Total assets and deferred outflows of resources	\$	555,140	\$	30,337	\$	295,132	\$	281,739	\$	327,750		
LIABILITIES												
Noncurrent liabilities												
Long-term debt	\$	_	\$	_	\$	282,297	\$	316,182	\$	282,547		
Fair value of derivative instruments	Ψ	_	Ψ	_	Ψ	29,120	Ψ	310,102	Ψ	202,547		
Notes payable and other liabilities		_		_		2,219		_		_		
Advances from participants		_		_		2,213		_		_		
Reclamation and decommission obligation		172,040		29,624		-		-		9,933		
-												
Total noncurrent liabilities		172,040		29,624		313,636		316,182		292,480		
Current liabilities												
Debt due within one year		_		_		7,560		7,835		9,710		
Notes payable and other liabilities due within one year		_		_		21,127		- ,		-,		
Advances from participants due within one year		_		_		17,244		9,421		4,589		
Accrued interest		_		_		4,027		3,608		6,117		
Accounts payable and accruals		18,855		259		3,896		294		9,567		
Accrued property tax		1,500		-		-		-		-		
-												
Total current liabilities		20,355		259		53,854		21,158		29,983		
Total liabilities		192,395		29,883		367,490		337,340		322,463		
NET POSITION												
Net investment in capital assets		281,173		_		(113,038)		(65,418)		(4,257)		
Restricted		64,059		356		39,994		5,848		11,035		
Unrestricted		17,513		98		686		3,969		(1,491)		
555tilotod		17,010				000		3,303		(1,701)		
Total net position		362,745		454		(72,358)		(55,601)		5,287		
Total liabilities and net position	\$	555,140	\$	30,337	\$	295,132	\$	281,739	\$	327,750		

Southern California Public Power Authority Individual Statements of Net Position June 30, 2020 (Amounts in Thousands)

	GREEN POWER									
		Tieton Iropower		Milford I Wind	Milfor	d II Wind	Wi	ndy Point		den Wind Energy
ASSETS										
Noncurrent assets										
Net utility plant Investments – restricted	\$	33,902 650	\$	3,838	\$	- 6,400	\$	-	\$	89,588 500
Investments – unrestricted Advance to IPA – restricted		-		3,999		500		3,000		1,000
Fair value of derivative instruments Prepaid and other assets		-		- 97,852		- 88,405		- 252,241		-
Total noncurrent assets		34,552		105,689		95,305		255,241		91,088
Current assets										
Cash and cash equivalents – restricted		3,016		10,436		6,786		3,211		3,910
Cash and cash equivalents – unrestricted		992		4,548		2,917		5,819		2,462
Interest receivable Accounts receivable		-		4		-		1		405
Materials and supplies		-		-		-				405
Prepaid and other assets		177		11,682		8,700		27,936		24
Total current assets		4,185		26,670		18,403		36,967		6,801
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES		.,,				,		,		-,
Unamortized loss on refunding		-		-		-		-		-
Asset retirement obligation		456		-		-		-		350
Accumulated decrease in fair value of hedging derivatives		-		-				-		-
Total deferred outflows of resources		456						-		350
Total assets and deferred outflows of resources	\$	39,193	\$	132,359	\$	113,708	\$	292,208	\$	98,239
LIABILITIES										
Noncurrent liabilities										
Long-term debt	\$	41,218	\$	126,888	\$	110,345	\$	308,909	\$	101,788
Fair value of derivative instruments		-		-		-		-		-
Notes payable and other liabilities		-		-		-		-		-
Advances from participants		- 859		-		-		-		702
Reclamation and decommission obligation		659								703
Total noncurrent liabilities		42,077		126,888		110,345		308,909		102,491
Current liabilities										
Debt due within one year		1,050		5,975		7,000		1,650		815
Notes payable and other liabilities due within										
one year Advances from participants due within one year		-		0.770		-		4 000		2.552
Advances from participants due within one year Accrued interest		202 363		2,770 2,757		250 2,932		1,000 1,295		3,552 1,602
Accounts payable and accruals		1,000		8,530		1,947		8,086		1,891
Accrued property tax				-		-		530		205
Total current liabilities		2,615		20,032		12,129		12,561		8,065
Total liabilities		44,692		146,920		122,474		321,470		110,556
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES										
Unamortized gain on refunding		617		2,844				12,639		519
Total deferred inflows of resources		617		2,844				12,639		519
Total deletted filliows of resources		017		2,044				12,039		519
NET POSITION		(0								(40 - : -:
Net investment in capital assets Restricted		(8,366)		-		-		-		(13,015) 2,340
Unrestricted		2,285 (35)		(17,405)		(8,766)		- (41,901)		2,340 (2,161)
Total net position		(6,116)		(17,405)		(8,766)		(41,901)		(12,836)
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and net position	\$	39,193	\$	132,359	\$	113,708	\$	292,208	\$	98,239
		,.00	_	,		,,	<u> </u>	,	÷	,

Southern California Public Power Authority Individual Statements of Net Position June 30, 2019 (Amounts in Thousands)

	Tieton	Milford I	GREEN POWER Milford II		Linden Wind
	Hydropower	Wind	Wind	Windy Point	Energy
ASSETS					
Noncurrent assets					
Net utility plant	\$ 35,034	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 95,402
Investments – restricted	5,686	27,023	8,907	32,176	4,387
Investments – unrestricted	-	-	-	-	1,700
Advance to IPA - restricted	-	-	-	-	-
Fair value of derivative instruments Prepaid and other assets	-	106,930	97,103	279,692	-
Tropald and other decode		100,000	07,100	270,002	
Total noncurrent assets	40,720	133,953	106,010	311,868	101,489
Current assets					
Cash and cash equivalents – restricted	1,934	9,697	4,131	10,403	5,217
Cash and cash equivalents – unrestricted	605	13	3,988	5,857	698
Interest receivable	23	88	12	39	2
Accounts receivable	146	3,263	-	-	-
Materials and supplies	-	-	-		-
Prepaid and other assets	179	11,408	8,701	27,854	27
Total current assets	2,887	24,469	16,832	44,153	5,944
DEFENDED OUTEL OWO OF DESCRIPTION					
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES					
Unamortized loss on refunding Asset retirement obligation	479	-	-		372
Accumulated decrease in fair value of hedging	475				372
derivatives		-	-		
Total deferred outflows of resources	479			_	372
Total assets and deferred outflows of resources	\$ 44,086	\$ 158,422	\$ 122,842	\$ 356,021	\$ 107,805
				-	
LIABILITIES					
Noncurrent liabilities					
Long-term debt	\$ 45,943	\$ 161,336	\$ 118,470	\$ 358,591	\$ 108,479
Fair value of derivative instruments	-	-	-	-	-
Notes payable and other liabilities	-	-	-	-	-
Advances from participants Reclamation and decommission obligation	853	-	-	-	699
Neclamation and decommission obligation	033				099
Total noncurrent liabilities	46,796	161,336	118,470	358,591	109,178
Current liabilities					
Debt due within one year	1,000	10,570	6,665	23,040	4,335
Notes payable and other liabilities due within					
one year	- 200	-	-	4 000	2.004
Advances from participants due within one year Accrued interest	202 1,181	250 4,150	250 3,098	1,000 9,002	2,004 2,910
Accounts payable and accruals	583	546	2,516	4,734	924
Accrued property tax				529	204
Total current liabilities	2,966	15,516	12,529	38.305	10,377
Total outfolk habilities	2,000	10,010	12,020	00,000	10,011
Total liabilities	49,762	176,852	130,999	396,896	119,555
NET POSITION					
Net investment in capital assets	(11,909)	-	-	-	(17,412)
Restricted	6,089	-	-	-	6,370
Unrestricted	144	(18,430)	(8,157)	(40,875)	(708)
Total net position	(5,676)	(18,430)	(8,157)	(40,875)	(11,750)
Total liabilities and net position	\$ 44,086	\$ 158,422	\$ 122,842	\$ 356,021	\$ 107,805
ו טנמו וומטווונופט מווע וופג פטטונוטוו	ψ 44,000	ψ 100,422	ψ 122,042	ψ 300,021	Ψ 107,000

Southern California Public Power Authority Individual Statements of Net Position June 30, 2020 (Amounts in Thousands)

		TRANSMISSION							
	Southern Transmission System	Mead-Phoenix	Mead-Adelanto						
	<u> </u>	Wead-I Hoeffix	Weau-Adelanto						
ASSETS									
Noncurrent assets									
Net utility plant	\$ 125,243	\$ 44,139	\$ 90,674						
Investments – restricted	46,425	3,850	13,050						
Investments – unrestricted Advance to IPA – restricted	10,930	-	-						
Fair value of derivative instruments	10,930	-	2,391						
Prepaid and other assets			-						
Total noncurrent assets	182,598	47,989	106,115						
Current assets									
Cash and cash equivalents – restricted	40,527	3,118	11,482						
Cash and cash equivalents – unrestricted	766	712	777						
Interest receivable	37	-	-						
Accounts receivable	6,571	316	8						
Materials and supplies Prepaid and other assets	39	- 2	- 586						
i repaid and other assets									
Total current assets	47,940	4,148	12,853						
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES									
Unamortized loss on refunding	19,714	-	-						
Asset retirement obligation	-	-	-						
Accumulated decrease in fair value of hedging derivatives		-	-						
Total deferred outflows of resources	19,714								
Total assets and deferred outflows of resources	\$ 250,252	\$ 52,137	\$ 118,968						
LIABILITIES									
Noncurrent liabilities									
Long-term debt	\$ 342,065	\$ 19,883	\$ 24,482						
Fair value of derivative instruments	-	-	-						
Notes payable and other liabilities	-	-	-						
Advances from participants Reclamation and decommission obligation	-	-	-						
rectamation and decommission obligation									
Total noncurrent liabilities	342,065	19,883	24,482						
Current liabilities									
Debt due within one year	59,900	5,990	17,110						
Notes payable and other liabilities due within one year	-	-	-						
Advances from participants due within one year	-	-	-						
Accrued interest	8,752	537	908						
Accounts payable and accruals Accrued property tax	11,795 -	719 -	1,305 -						
	00.447	7.040	40.000						
Total current liabilities	80,447	7,246	19,323						
Total liabilities	422,512	27,129	43,805						
NET POSITION									
Net investment in capital assets	(257,008)	18,266	49,083						
Restricted	89,167	6,431	23,416						
Unrestricted	(4,419)	311	2,664						
Total net position	(172,260)	25,008	75,163						
Total liabilities and net position	\$ 250,252	\$ 52,137	\$ 118,968						

Southern California Public Power Authority Individual Statements of Net Position June 30, 2019 (Amounts in Thousands)

		TRANSMISSION	
	Southern Transmission System	Mead-Phoenix	Mead-Adelanto
ASSETS			
Noncurrent assets			
Net utility plant	\$ 147,997		\$ 96,686
Investments – restricted	45,051		17,400
Investments – unrestricted	9,486		-
Advance to IPA – restricted Fair value of derivative instruments	10,930	-	1,094
Prepaid and other assets		<u> </u>	-
Total noncurrent assets	213,464	50,508	115,180
Current assets			
Cash and cash equivalents – restricted	25,225	4,747	11,625
Cash and cash equivalents – unrestricted	1,272	906	805
Interest receivable	75		1
Accounts receivable	2,939	186	825
Materials and supplies Prepaid and other assets	35	5 2	- 580
·			
Total current assets	29,546	5,842	13,836
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Unamortized loss on refunding	28,921	317	908
Asset retirement obligation Accumulated decrease in fair value of hedging derivatives	•	- -	-
Accumulated decrease in fall value of fledging derivatives			
Total deferred outflows of resources	28,921	317	908
Total assets and deferred outflows of resources	\$ 271,931	\$ 56,667	\$ 129,924
LIABILITIES			
Noncurrent liabilities			
Long-term debt	\$ 411,623	3 \$ 26,461	\$ 42,593
Fair value of derivative instruments Notes payable and other liabilities		- -	-
Advances from participants		- -	- -
Reclamation and decommission obligation		<u> </u>	
Total noncurrent liabilities	411,623	3 26,461	42,593
Current liabilities Debt due within one year	48,730	7,365	21,565
Notes payable and other liabilities due within one year	10,7 00		
Advances from participants due within one year	,		-
Accrued interest	9,912	2 677	1,488
Accounts payable and accruals	11,231	725	1,496
Accrued property tax	-	<u> </u>	
Total current liabilities	69,873	8,767	24,549
Total liabilities	481,496	35,228	67,142
NET POSITION			
Net investment in capital assets	(283,436		33,436
Restricted	71,368		27,327
Unrestricted	2,503	369	2,019
Total net position	(209,565	5) 21,439	62,782
Total net position	(200)000	<u> </u>	

Southern California Public Power Authority Individual Statements of Net Position June 30, 2020 (Amounts in Thousands)

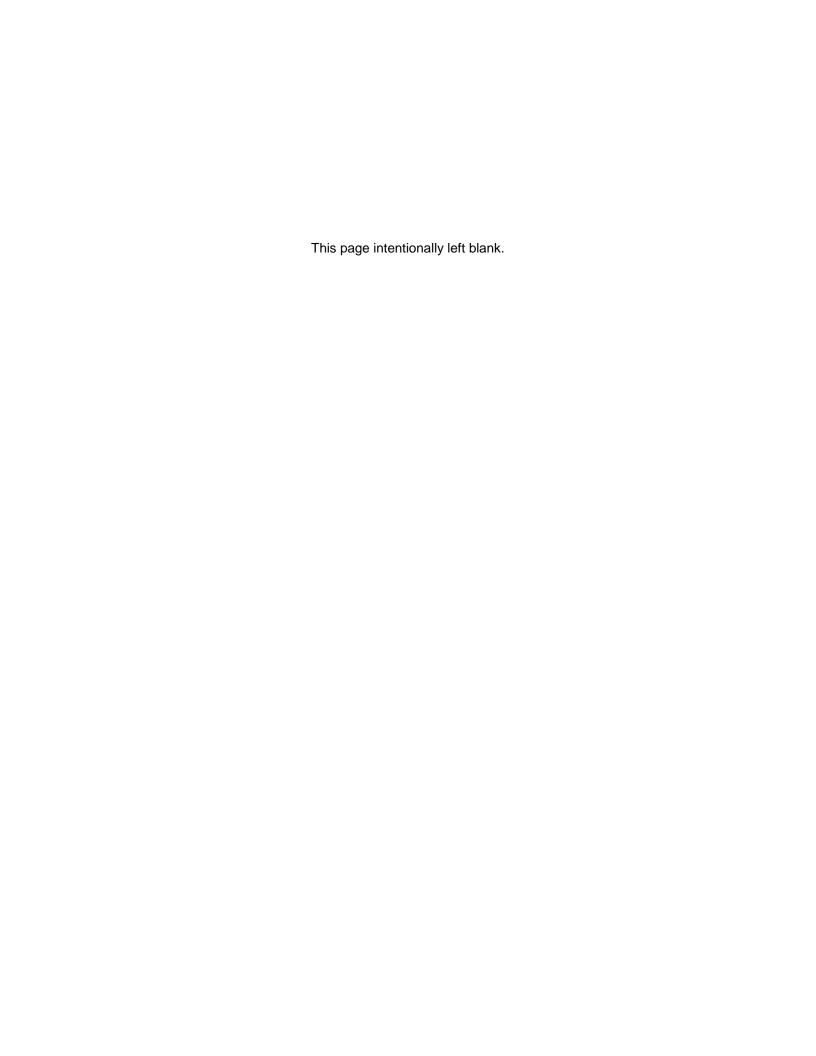
		INAIL	JRAL GAS				
Pinedale					Prepaid tural Gas		
\$	28,075	\$	35,105	\$	-		
	550		22,018		13,301		
	-		-		-		
	-		-		-		
	-		-		-		
	126		-		173,672		
	28,751		57,123		186,973		
	3.240		19.076		4,974		
	2,922		1,746		296		
	· -		56		56		
	515		165		1,642		
	-		-		-		
	511		2		11,726		
	7,188		21,045		18,694		
	_		_		_		
	459		107		_		
			-		15,139		
	459		107		15,139		
\$	36,398	\$	78,275	\$	220,806		
\$	13,342	\$	31,388	\$	278,768		
	-		-		15,139		
	-		-		-		
					-		
	1,413		299				
	26,055		37,395		293,907		
	1,522		3,573		7,725		
	-		-		-		
	2,556		2,020		-		
	431		1,013		2,418		
	1,221		1,241		604		
	752		-		-		
	6,482		7,847		10,747		
	32,537		45,242		304,654		
			<u></u>				
	GE O		12 404				
					-		
					(83,848)		
-	1,404		070		(03,040)		
	3,861		33,033		(83,848)		
\$	36,398	\$	78,275	\$	220,806		
	\$	\$ 28,075 550 - 126 28,751 3,240 2,922 - 515 - 511 7,188 459 \$ 36,398 \$ 13,342 - 11,300 1,413 26,055 1,522 - 2,556 431 1,221 752 6,482 32,537	\$ 28,075 \$ 550 \$ 5	Pinedale Barnett \$ 28,075 \$35,105 550 22,018	Pinedale Barnett Na \$ 28,075 \$ 35,105 \$ 22,018 - - - - - - 126 - - 28,751 57,123 3,240 19,076 - 2,922 1,746 - - 56 - 515 165 - - - - 511 2 - 7,188 21,045 - - - 459 107 - \$ 36,398 \$ 78,275 \$ \$ 11,300 5,708 - 1,413 299 - 26,055 37,395 - 1,522 3,573 - 2,556 2,020 - 431 1,013 - 1,221 1,241 - 752 - - 6,482 7,847 -		

Southern California Public Power Authority Individual Statements of Net Position June 30, 2019 (Amounts in Thousands)

			NATU	JRAL GAS			
	Die	nedale	Barnett			Prepaid itural Gas	
		ledale		sameu	INA	ilurai Gas	
ASSETS							
Noncurrent assets	•	00.007	•	00.004	•		
Net utility plant Investments – restricted	\$	30,997	\$	38,821 32,118	\$	- 12,679	
Investments – restricted Investments – unrestricted		-		32,110		12,679	
Advance to IPA – restricted		-		_		-	
Fair value of derivative instruments		_		_		_	
Prepaid and other assets		126		-		186,052	
Total noncurrent assets		31,123		70,939		198,731	
Current assets	·						
Cash and cash equivalents – restricted		3,740		8,878		4,995	
Cash and cash equivalents – restricted		5,740 5,095		2,641		4,995 78	
Interest receivable		3,093 7		129		56	
Accounts receivable		453		538		1,575	
Materials and supplies				-		1,070	
Prepaid and other assets		511		2		11,635	
Total current assets		9,806		12,188		18,339	
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES							
Unamortized loss on refunding		_		_		_	
Asset retirement obligation		497		116		_	
Accumulated decrease in fair value of hedging derivatives		-		-		10,500	
Total deferred outflows of resources		497		116		10,500	
Total assets and deferred outflows of resources	\$	41,426	\$	83,243	\$	227,570	
		,		00,=10	Ť		
LIABILITIES							
Noncurrent liabilities							
Long-term debt	\$	14,864	\$	34,961	\$	286,712	
Fair value of derivative instruments		-		-		10,500	
Notes payable and other liabilities		-		-		-	
Advances from participants		12,458		6,569		-	
Reclamation and decommission obligation		1,404		297		-	
Total noncurrent liabilities		28,726		41,827		297,212	
Current liabilities							
Debt due within one year		1,627		3,818		6,445	
Notes payable and other liabilities due within one year		-		-		-	
Advances from participants due within one year		3,549		1,951		-	
Accrued interest		477		1,120		2,474	
Accounts payable and accruals		2,034		2,410		570	
Accrued property tax		979		-		-	
Total current liabilities		8,666		9,299		9,489	
Total liabilities		37,392		51,126		306,701	
NET POSITION							
Net investment in capital assets		696		22,343		_	
Restricted		800		8,998		_	
Unrestricted		2,538		776		(79,131)	
Total net position		4,034		32,117		(79,131)	
·	<u> </u>		•		•		
Total liabilities and net position	<u>*</u>	41,426	\$	83,243	\$	227,570	

Individual Statements of Net Position June 30, 2020 and 2019 (Amounts in Thousands)

	POWER PURCHASE AGREEMENTS					
		2020		2019		
ASSETS						
Noncurrent assets						
Investments – unrestricted	\$	1,000	\$	34,409		
Total noncurrent assets		1,000		34,409		
Current assets						
Cash and cash equivalents – restricted		13		34		
Cash and cash equivalents – unrestricted		75,879		48,384		
Interest receivable		-		87		
Accounts receivable		7,005		1,086		
Prepaid and other assets		136		125		
Total aurrent agests		02.022		40.746		
Total current assets		83,033		49,716		
Total assets	\$	84,033	\$	84,125		
LIABILITIES						
Current liabilities						
Advances from participants due within one year	\$	14,463	\$	12,163		
Accounts payable and accruals	Ψ	69,562	Ψ	71,787		
noodanto payablo ana acordato		00,002	-	7 1,7 07		
Total current liabilities		84,025		83,950		
→ 4.18.1999		0.4.005		00.050		
Total liabilities		84,025		83,950		
NET POSITION						
Unrestricted		8		175		
Officational				175		
Total net position		8		175		
	_		_			
Total liabilities and net position	\$	84,033	\$	84,125		



Southern California Public Power Authority Individual Statements of Net Position June 30, 2020 (Amounts in Thousands)

			MISCE	ELLANEOUS				
	Pro	oject		rojects'				
		opment		abilization				Total
		und		Fund	SCP	PA Fund	(Combined
ASSETS								
Noncurrent assets	•		•		•		•	
Net utility plant	\$	-	\$		\$	6,216	\$	1,361,718
Investments – restricted		-		71,676		-		459,267
Investments – unrestricted Advance to IPA – restricted		-		-		-		25,576
Fair value of derivative instruments		-		-		-		10,930 2,391
Prepaid and other assets		_		_		_		612,296
Total noncurrent assets				71.676		6,216		2,472,178
			1	,		0,=		
Current assets								
Cash and cash equivalents – restricted		745		46,303		-		231,517
Cash and cash equivalents – unrestricted		-		-		-		139,347
Interest receivable		-		244		-		1,517
Accounts receivable		-		-		-		20,626
Materials and supplies		-		-		-		24,901
Prepaid and other assets		745		40 5 47				63,618
Total current assets	-	745		46,547				481,526
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES								
Deferred items related to pensions		_		_		523		523
Unamortized loss on refunding		_		_		-		73.138
Asset retirement obligation		-		_		-		41,124
Accumulated decrease in fair value of hedging derivatives		-		-		-		34,823
Total deferred outflows of resources		-		-		523		149,608
							_	
Total assets and deferred outflows of resources	\$	745	\$	118,223	\$	6,739	\$	3,103,312
LIADULTICO								
LIABILITIES								
Noncurrent liabilities	•		•		•		•	0.050.050
Long-term debt	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	2,250,650
Fair value of derivative instruments Notes payable, other, net pension and OPEB liabilities		-		-		2,556		52,677 4,277
Advances from participants		-		-		2,556		17,008
Reclamation and decommission obligation		_		_				215,375
Total noncurrent liabilities						2,556		2,539,987
Current liabilities								
Debt due within one year		-		-		-		138,215
Notes payable and other liabilities due								
within one year		-		-		-		19,891
Advances from participants due								00.450
within one year		745		-		-		68,452
Accounts payable and accounts		-		-		-		36,015 139.968
Accounts payable and accruals Accrued property tax		-		-		-		2,987
Total current liabilities		745						405,528
Total outfork habilities		7-10						100,020
Total liabilities		745				2,556		2,945,515
			,					
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES								
Deferred items related to pensions		-		-		66		66
Unamortized gain on refunding				-		-		16,619
Total deferred inflows of resources				-		66		16,685
NET POSITION								
NET POSITION Net investment in capital assets						6,216		(09.510)
Restricted		-		118,223		0,210		(98,519) 369,753
Unrestricted		_		- 10,220		(2,099)		(130,122)
Total net position				118,223		4,117		141,112
F				.,		, .		· -
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources,								
and net position	\$	745	\$	118,223	\$	6,739	\$	3,103,312

Southern California Public Power Authority Individual Statements of Net Position June 30, 2019 (Amounts in Thousands)

	MISCELLANEOUS							
	P	roject		Projects'				
	Deve	elopment	Sta	abilization	S	CPPA		
		und		Fund		Fund	Tota	al Combined
ASSETS								
Noncurrent assets								
Net utility plant	\$	-	\$	-	\$	6,398	\$	1,441,741
Investments – restricted		-		111,061		-		619,889
Investments – unrestricted		-		-		-		73,565
Advance to IPA – restricted		-		-		-		10,930
Fair value of derivative instruments		-		-		-		1,094
Prepaid and other assets		-						669,903
Total noncurrent assets				111,061		6,398		2,817,122
Current assets								
Cash and cash equivalents – restricted		470		23,705		1		152,245
Cash and cash equivalents – unrestricted		5,201		-		-		95,610
Interest receivable		2		336		-		2,295
Accounts receivable		513		-		-		13,310
Materials and supplies		-		-		-		23,973
Prepaid and other assets Total current assets	-	6,189		24,041		<u>-</u> 1		63,027
Total current assets		0,109		24,041				350,460
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES								
Deferred items related to pensions		-		-		559		559
Unamortized loss on refunding		-		-		-		81,898
Asset Retirement Obligation		-		-		-		42,842
Accumulated decrease in fair value of hedging derivatives	-	-		-		-		29,528
Total deferred outflows of resources				-		559		154,827
Total assets and deferred outflows of resources	\$	6,189	\$	135,102	\$	6,958	\$	3,322,409
LIABILITIES								
Noncurrent liabilities								
Long-term debt	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	2,491,059
Fair value of derivative instruments	Ψ	_	Ψ	_	Ψ	_	Ψ	39,620
Notes payable, other, net pension and OPEB liabilities		-		-		2,327		4,546
Advances from participants		-		-		-		19,027
Reclamation and decommission obligation		-		-		-		214,850
Total noncurrent liabilities		-		-		2,327		2,769,102
Current liabilities								
Debt due within one year		-		-		-		160,265
Notes payable and other liabilities due								
within one year		-		-		-		21,127
Advances from participants due								
within one year		1,970		-		1		54,594
Accrued interest		4.040		-		-		50,241
Accounts payable and accruals Accrued property tax		4,216		-		6		136,649 3,212
Total current liabilities		6,186				7		426,088
Total liabilities		6,186		_		2,334		3,195,190
		,				,		
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES						61		64
Deferred items related to pensions Total deferred inflows of resources				-		61 61		61 61
Total deletted lilliows of resources	-					01	-	01
NET POSITION								
Net investment in capital assets		-		-		6,393		(138,447)
Restricted		-		135,102		-		385,434
Unrestricted		3				(1,830)		(119,829)
Total net position	-	3		135,102		4,563		127,158
Total liabilities, deferred inflow of resources,								
and net position	\$	6,189	\$	135,102	\$	6,958	\$	3,322,409

Southern California Public Power Authority Individual Statements of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position For the Year Ended June 30, 2020 (Amounts in Thousands)

	Palo Verde	San Juan	GENERATION Magnolia Power	Canyon Power	Apex Power
Operating revenues Sales of electric energy Sales of transmission services Sales of natural gas	\$ 65,685 - -	\$ 181 - -	\$ 85,462 - -	\$ 24,808 - -	\$ 108,605 - -
Total operating revenues	65,685	181	85,462	24,808	108,605
Operating expenses Operations and maintenance Depreciation, depletion and amortization	39,596 22,426	183	61,034 11,066	8,538 9,761	82,005 15,850
Amortization of nuclear fuel Decommissioning	13,799 1,260				367
Total operating expenses	77,081	183	72,100	18,299	98,222
Operating income (loss)	(11,396)	(2)	13,362	6,509	10,383
Non operating revenues (expenses) Investment and other income Inflation of ARO Liability Derivative gain (loss) Debt expense	6,033 (1,111) -	190 - -	1,231 - (7,762) (12,506)	353 - - (10,128)	487 (64) - (11,275)
Net non operating revenues (expenses)	4,922	190	(19,037)	(9,775)	(10,852)
Change in net position	(6,474)	188	(5,675)	(3,266)	(469)
Net position – beginning of year	362,745	454	(72,358)	(55,601)	5,287
Net contributions (distributions) by participants					
Net position – end of year	\$ 356,271	\$ 642	\$ (78,033)	\$ (58,867)	\$ 4,818

Southern California Public Power Authority Individual Statements of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position For the Year Ended June 30, 2019 (Amounts in Thousands)

	GENERATION						
	Palo Verde San Juan		Magnolia Power	Canyon Power	Apex Power		
Operating revenues Sales of electric energy Sales of transmission services Sales of natural gas	\$ 66,182 - -	\$ 11,558 - -	\$ 107,267 - -	\$ 31,057 - -	\$ 137,004 - -		
Total operating revenues	66,182	11,558	107,267	31,057	137,004		
Operating expenses Operations and maintenance Depreciation, depletion and	40,210	86	95,147	21,639	99,166		
amortization Amortization of nuclear fuel	22,634	-	10,988	9,685	15,156		
Decommissioning	13,102 1,260				367		
Total operating expenses	77,206	86	106,135	31,324	114,689		
Operating income (loss)	(11,024)	11,472	1,132	(267)	22,315		
Non operating revenues (expenses) Investment and other income Inflation of ARO Liability Derivative gain (loss) Debt expense	8,527 (2,790) - -	274 - -	2,203 - (5,797) (11,812)	458 - - (10,827)	737 (161) - (11,486)		
Net non operating revenues (expenses)	5,737	274	(15,406)	(10,369)	(10,910)		
Change in net position	(5,287)	11,746	(14,274)	(10,636)	11,405		
Net position – beginning of year	368,032	(11,292)	(58,084)	(44,965)	(6,118)		
Net contributions (distributions) by participants							
Net position – end of year	\$ 362,745	\$ 454	\$ (72,358)	\$ (55,601)	\$ 5,287		

Southern California Public Power Authority Individual Statements of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position For the Year Ended June 30, 2020 (Amounts in Thousands)

	Tieton Hydropower	Milford I Wind	GREEN POWER Milford II Wind	Windy Point	Linden Wind Energy
Operating revenues Sales of electric energy Sales of transmission services Sales of natural gas	\$ 7,624 -	\$ 28,922 - -	\$ 19,463 -	\$ 79,044 -	\$ 16,045 - -
Total operating revenues	7,624	28,922	19,463	79,044	16,045
Operating expenses Operations and maintenance Depreciation, depletion and amortization Amortization of nuclear fuel	4,026 1,563	24,704	15,453 - -	66,765	6,847 5,814
Decommissioning	23	<u> </u>			23
Total operating expenses	5,612	24,704	15,453	66,765	12,684
Operating income (loss)	2,012	4,218	4,010	12,279	3,361
Non operating revenues (expenses) Investment and other income Inflation of ARO Liability Derivative gain (loss) Debt expense	112 (6) - (2,558)	285 - - (3,478)	173 - - (4,792)	479 - - (13,784)	921 (5) - (5,363)
Net non operating revenues (expenses)	(2,452)	(3,193)	(4,619)	(13,305)	(4,447)
Change in net position	(440)	1,025	(609)	(1,026)	(1,086)
Net position – beginning of year	(5,676)	(18,430)	(8,157)	(40,875)	(11,750)
Net contributions (distributions) by participants		-			
Net position – end of year	\$ (6,116)	\$ (17,405)	\$ (8,766)	\$ (41,901)	\$ (12,836)

Southern California Public Power Authority Individual Statements of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position For the Year Ended June 30, 2019 (Amounts in Thousands)

	GREEN POWER					
	Tieton	Milford I	Milford II		Linden Wind	
	Hydropower	Wind	Wind	Windy Point	Energy	
Operating revenues Sales of electric energy Sales of transmission services Sales of natural gas	\$ 6,060	\$ 33,698	\$ 19,750 - -	\$ 81,117 - -	\$ 15,990 - -	
Total operating revenues	6,060	33,698	19,750	81,117	15,990	
Operating expenses Operations and maintenance Depreciation, depletion and	2,477	26,675	15,771	68,016	6,805	
amortization	1,553	-	-	-	5,814	
Amortization of nuclear fuel Decommissioning	23				23	
Total operating expenses	4,053	26,675	15,771	68,016	12,642	
Operating income (loss)	2,007	7,023	3,979	13,101	3,348	
Non operating revenues (expenses) Investment and other income Inflation of ARO Liability Derivative gain (loss) Debt expense	198 (14) - (2,297)	791 - - (7,522)	356 - - (4,958)	868 - - (14,267)	987 (11) - (5,191)	
Net non operating revenues (expenses)	(2,113)	(6,731)	(4,602)	(13,399)	(4,215)	
Change in net position	(106)	292	(623)	(298)	(867)	
Net position – beginning of year	(5,570)	(18,722)	(7,534)	(40,577)	(10,883)	
Net contributions (distributions) by participants						
Net position – end of year	\$ (5,676)	\$ (18,430)	\$ (8,157)	\$ (40,875)	\$ (11,750)	

Southern California Public Power Authority Individual Statements of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position For the Year Ended June 30, 2020 (Amounts in Thousands)

	TRANSMISSION							
	Southern Transmission System	Mead-Phoenix	Mead-Adelanto					
Operating revenues Sales of electric energy Sales of transmission services Sales of natural gas	\$ - 117,701 -	\$ - 9,292 -	\$ - 22,670 -					
Total operating revenues	117,701	9,292	22,670					
Operating expenses Operations and maintenance Depreciation, depletion and	50,273	2,250	3,446					
amortization Amortization of nuclear fuel Decommissioning	22,754 - -	2,783 - -	6,239 - -					
Total operating expenses	73,027	5,033	9,685					
Operating income (loss)	44,674	4,259	12,985					
Non operating revenues (expenses) Investment and other income Inflation of ARO Liability Derivative gain (loss)	9,684 - -	113 - -	424 - 1,297					
Debt expense	(17,053)	(803)	(2,325)					
Net non operating revenues (expenses)	(7,369)	(690)	(604)					
Change in net position	37,305	3,569	12,381					
Net position – beginning of year	(209,565)	21,439	62,782					
Net contributions (distributions) by participants			-					
Net position – end of year	\$ (172,260)	\$ 25,008	\$ 75,163					

Southern California Public Power Authority Individual Statements of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position For the Year Ended June 30, 2019 (Amounts in Thousands)

		TRANSMISSION							
	Southern Transmission System	Mead-Phoenix	Mead-Adelanto						
Operating revenues Sales of electric energy Sales of transmission services Sales of natural gas	\$ - 107,675	\$ - 10,514	\$ - 27,722						
Total operating revenues	107,675	10,514	27,722						
Operating expenses Operations and maintenance Depreciation, depletion, and	63,233	1,851	3,538						
amortization Amortization of nuclear fuel Decommissioning	22,754 - -	2,784	6,237						
Total operating expenses	85,987	4,635	9,775						
Operating income (loss)	21,688	5,879	17,947						
Non operating revenues (expenses) Investment and other income Inflation of ARO Liability Derivative gain (loss) Debt expense	17,144 - (21,426)	127 - - (914)	429 - 2,312 (2,057)						
Net non operating revenues (expenses)	(4,282)	(787)	684						
Change in net position	17,406	5,092	18,631						
Net position – beginning of year	(226,971)	16,347	44,151						
Net contributions (distributions) by participants	<u> </u>								
Net position – end of year	\$ (209,565)	\$ 21,439	\$ 62,782						

Southern California Public Power Authority Individual Statements of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position For the Year Ended June 30, 2020 (Amounts in Thousands)

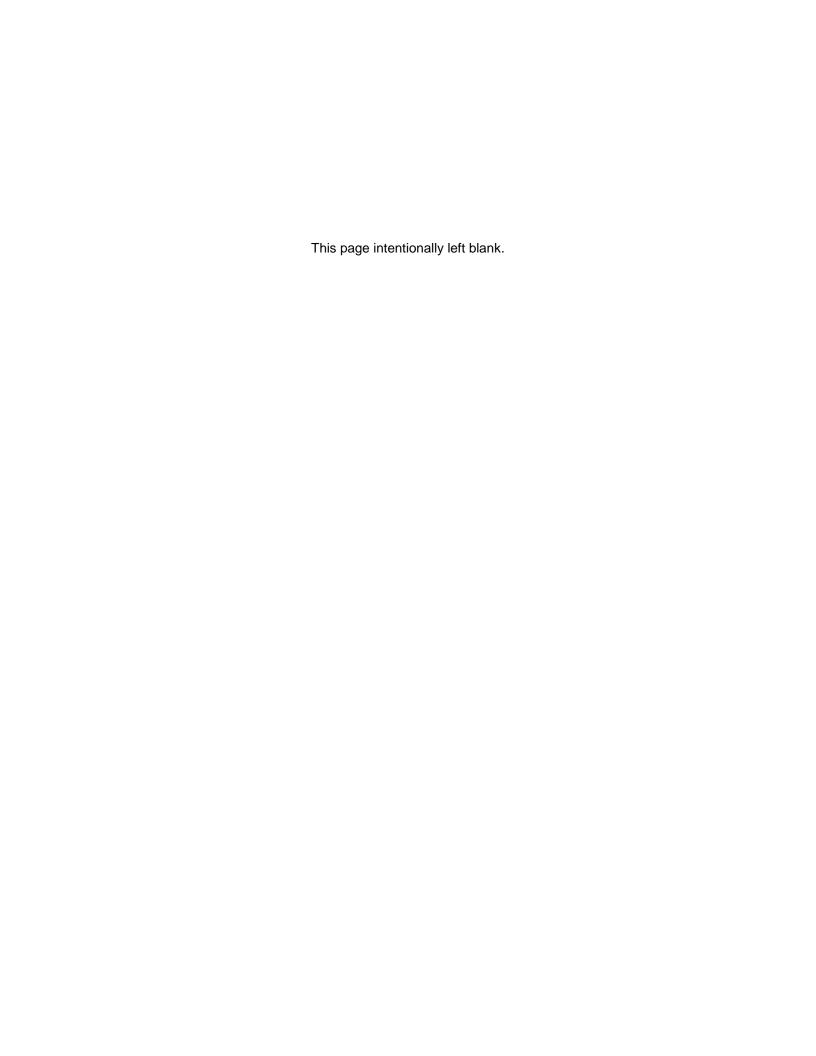
			AL GAS			
	Pinedale		Barnett			repaid ural Gas
Operating revenues Sales of electric energy Sales of transmission services	\$	- -	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	- -
Sales of natural gas		4,765		8,437		21,482
Total operating revenues		4,765		8,437		21,482
Operating expenses Operations and maintenance Depreciation, depletion and		1,146		2,223		11,927
amortization Amortization of nuclear fuel		2,929		3,740		-
Decommissioning		38		9		
Total operating expenses		4,113		5,972		11,927
Operating income (loss)		652		2,465		9,555
Non operating revenues (expenses) Investment and other income Inflation of ARO Liability Derivative gain (loss)		46 (9)		480 (2)		784 - -
Debt expense		(862)		(2,027)		(15,056)
Net non operating revenues (expenses)		(825)		(1,549)		(14,272)
Change in net position		(173)		916		(4,717)
Net position – beginning of year		4,034		32,117		(79,131)
Net contributions (distributions) by participants						
Net position – end of year	\$	3,861	\$	33,033	\$	(83,848)

Southern California Public Power Authority Individual Statements of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position For the Year Ended June 30, 2019 (Amounts in Thousands)

		NATURAL GAS			
	Pinedale	nedale Barnett			Prepaid tural Gas
Operating revenues			_		
Sales of electric energy	\$	- ;	\$ -	\$	-
Sales of transmission services	_	-	- 0.400		-
Sales of natural gas	5,4	188	9,103		20,581
Total operating revenues	5,4	188	9,103		20,581
Operating expenses					
Operations and maintenance	1,6	602	2,612		11,754
Depreciation, depletion and	ā		0.007		
amortization	3,	156	2,937		-
Amortization of nuclear fuel		-	-		-
Decommissioning		38	9		
Total operating expenses	4,	796	5,558		11,754
Operating income (loss)		692	3,545		8,827
Non operating revenues (expenses)					
Investment and other income		93	1,446		801
Inflation of ARO Liability		(23)	(5)		-
Derivative gain (loss)		-	-		-
Debt expense	(9	953)	(2,241)		(15,362)
Net non operating revenues (expenses)		383)	(800)		(14,561)
Change in net position	(1	191)	2,745		(5,734)
N.A	4.4	205	00.070		(70.007)
Net position – beginning of year	4,2	225	29,372		(73,397)
Net contributions (distributions) by participants			<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>
Net position – end of year	\$ 4,0	34	\$ 32,117	\$	(79,131)

Southern California Public Power Authority Individual Statements of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position For the Years Ended June 30, 2020 and 2019 (Amounts in Thousands)

	POWER PURCHASE AGREEMENTS								
		2020		2019					
Operating revenues									
Sales of electric energy	\$	348,977	\$	321,103					
Total operating revenues		348,977		321,103					
Operating expenses									
Operations and maintenance		350,509		322,482					
Total operating expenses		350,509		322,482					
Operating income (loss)		(1,532)		(1,379)					
Non operating revenues (expenses)									
Investment and other income		1,365		1,473					
Net non operating revenues (expenses)		1,365		1,473					
Change in net position		(167)		94					
Net position – beginning of year		175		81					
Net position – end of year	\$	8	\$	175					



Southern California Public Power Authority Individual Statements of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position For the Year Ended June 30, 2020 (Amounts in Thousands)

	Project Development Fund	evelopment Stabilization		Total Combined
Operating revenues Sales of electric energy Sales of transmission services Sales of natural gas	\$ -	\$ - - -	\$ -	\$ 784,816 149,663 34,684
Total operating revenues				969,163
Operating expenses Operations and maintenance Depreciation, depletion and	-	-	214	\$ 731,139
amortization Amortization of nuclear fuel Decommissioning	- - -	- - -	182 - - - 269	105,107 13,799 1,720 269
Pension and other benefits expense (credit)		· 		
Total operating expenses	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	665	852,034
Operating income (loss)		<u> </u>	(665)	117,129
Non operating revenues (expenses) Investment and other income Inflation of ARO Liability Derivative gain (loss) Debt expense	- - - -	2,615 - - -	214 - - -	25,989 (1,197) (6,465) (102,010)
Net non operating revenues (expenses)		2,615	214	(83,683)
Change in net position	-	2,615	(451)	33,446
Net position – beginning of year	3	135,102	4,563	127,158
Net contributions (distributions) by participants	(3)	(19,494)	5	(19,492)
Net position – end of year	\$ -	\$ 118,223	\$ 4,117	\$ 141,112

Southern California Public Power Authority Individual Statements of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position For the Year Ended June 30, 2019 (Amounts in Thousands)

	Deve	oject lopment und	Sta	rojects' bilization Fund	SCPI	PA Fund	Tota	I Combined
Operating revenues Sales of electric energy Sales of transmission services Sales of natural gas	\$	456 - -	\$	- - -	\$	- - -	\$	831,242 145,911 35,172
Total operating revenues		456						1,012,325
Operating expenses Operations and maintenance Depreciation, depletion, and		1,508		-		335		784,907
amortization Amortization of nuclear fuel Decommissioning		-		-		176 -		103,874 13,102 1,720
Pension and other benefits expense (credit)				<u> </u>		140		140
Total operating expenses		1,508				651		903,743
Operating income (loss)		(1,052)				(651)		108,582
Non operating revenues (expenses) Investment and other income Inflation of ARO Liability Derivative gain (loss) Debt expense		1,055 - - -		3,370 - - -		335 - - -		41,672 (3,004) (3,485) (111,313)
Net nonoperating revenues (expenses)		1,055		3,370		335		(76,130)
Change in net position		3		3,370		(316)		32,452
Net position – beginning of year				119,553		4,843		82,491
Net contributions (distributions) by participants				12,179		36		12,215
Net position – end of year	\$	3	\$	135,102	\$	4,563	\$	127,158

Southern California Public Power Authority Individual Statements of Cash Flows For the Year Ended June 30, 2020 (Amounts in Thousands)

					GEN	NERATION				
					N	lagnolia				Apex
	Pale	o Verde	Sar	n Juan		Power	Can	on Power		Power
Cash flows from operating activities Receipts from participants	\$	64,862	\$	109	\$	49,488	\$	22,800	\$	70,260
Receipts from sale of oil and gas		(20, 202)		(464)		(20, 270)		(4 4 4 4)		(DE 400)
Payments to operating managers Other disbursements and receipts		(39,282)		(164) (32)		(29,279)		(4,144) (1)		(35,498) 16
Net cash flows provided by (used for) operating activities		26,713		(87)		20,212		18,655		34,778
		<u>.</u>								
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities Advances (withdrawals) by participants, net						-				
Cash flows from capital financing activities										
Additions to plant and prepaid projects, net		(30,604)				(440)		(420)		(8,029)
Debt interest and swap payments		-		-		(9,199)		(8,459)		(12,128)
Proceeds from sale of bonds		-		-		250,305		-		-
Payment for defeasance of revenue bonds		-		-		(250,374)		-		-
Payments for swap termination fee		-		-		(9,644)		-		-
Transfer of funds from (to) Mine Reclamation Trust Fund		-		-		-		-		-
Principal payments on debt		-		-		(7,560)		(7,835)		(9,710)
Payment for bond issue costs						(981)		<u> </u>		
Net cash used for capital and related financing										
activities		(30,604)				(27,893)		(16,714)		(29,867)
Cash flows from investing activities										
Interest received on investments		640		3		1,179		149		286
Purchases of investments		(42,982)		-		(63,736)		(22,299)		(26,968)
Proceeds from sale/maturity of investments		50,710		_		119,939		13,359		31,208
1 Tooccus from sale/maturity of investments		50,710			_	110,000		10,000		01,200
Net cash provided by (used for) investing activities		8,368		3		57,382		(8,791)		4,526
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		4,477		(84)		49,701		(6,850)		9,437
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year		14,269		217		12,837		14,850		15,337
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$	18,746	\$	133	\$	62,538	\$	8,000	\$	24,774
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided by operating activities										
Operating activities Operating income (loss)	\$	(11,396)	\$	(2)	\$	13,362	\$	6,509	\$	10,383
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided by operating activities	•	(,===,	·	()	•	-,	·	-,	·	-,
Depreciation, depletion and amortization		22,426		-		11,066		9,761		15,850
Decommissioning		1,260		_		,,,,,,,		-		367
Amortization of nuclear fuel		13,799		_		_		_		-
Changes in assets and liabilities		10,7 00								
Accounts receivable		(57)		_		(913)		(1,147)		1
Accounts payable and accruals		434		(85)		(2,489)		156		2,635
Other		247		(00)		(814)		3,376		5,542
Not each provided by (used for) exercises estimates	•	26.742	<u> </u>	(07)	Φ.		_		•	
Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities	\$	26,713	\$	(87)	\$	20,212	\$	18,655	\$	34,778
Cash and cash equivalents as stated in the Combined										
Statements of Net Position	•	0.400	•		Φ.	40.546	•	7011	•	47 400
Cash and cash equivalents – restricted Cash and cash equivalents – unrestricted	\$	6,406 12,340	\$	133	\$	43,510 19,028	\$	7,641 359	\$	17,123 7,651
222. 200 Sacri Squiraisine simosinoto	ф.		Φ.		_					
	\$	18,746	\$	133	\$	62,538	\$	8,000	\$	24,774

Southern California Public Power Authority Individual Statements of Cash Flows For the Year Ended June 30, 2019 (Amounts in Thousands)

					GEI	NERATION			
	Pa	alo Verde	s	an Juan	N	/lagnolia Power	Canyon Power	Ap	ex Power
Cash flows from operating activities Receipts from participants	\$	66,141	\$	156	\$	48,238	\$ 21,941	\$	85,288
Receipts from sale of oil and gas Payments to operating managers		(39,532)		(16,164)		(35,828)	(4,119)		- (41,522)
Other disbursements and receipts		693		(25)	_	2	(2)		675
Net cash flows provided by (used for) operating activities		27,302		(16,033)	_	12,412	 17,820		44,441
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities Advances (withdrawals) by participants, net							 		
Cash flows from capital financing activities Additions to plant and prepaid projects, net Debt interest and swap payments Proceeds from sale of bonds		(30,291)		- -		(310) (6,301)	(4,021) (8,191)		(18,639) (12,316)
Payment for defeasance of revenue bonds Payment for swap termination fee Transfer of funds from (to) Mine Reclamation Trust Fund Principal payments on debt		- - -		(500)		- - - (7,210)	- - (7,540)		- - - (9,545)
Payment for bond issue costs		-				-	 (1)		
Net cash used for capital and related financing activities		(30,291)		(500)		(13,821)	 (19,753)		(40,500)
Cash flows from investing activities Interest received on investments Purchases of investments Proceeds from sale/maturity of investments		732 (14,092) 18,000		184 (1,983) 2,000		1,327 (73,935) 58,205	297 (10,616) 17,115		344 (21,099) 17,300
Net cash provided by (used for) investing activities		4,640		201		(14,403)	 6,796		(3,455)
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		1,651		(16,332)		(15,812)	4,863		486
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year		12,618		16,549		28,649	 9,987		14,851
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$	14,269	\$	217	\$	12,837	\$ 14,850	\$	15,337
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided by operating activities									
Operating income (loss) Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided by operating activities	\$	(11,024)	\$	11,472	\$	1,132	\$ (267)	\$	22,315
Depreciation, depletion, and amortization Decommissioning Amortization of nuclear fuel Changes in assets and liabilities		22,634 1,260 13,102		- - -		10,988 - -	9,685 - -		15,156 367 -
Accounts receivable Accounts payable and accruals Other		(17) 1,078 269		(27,551) 46		945 (1,503) 850	8,384 18		(1) 7,329 (725)
Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities	\$	27,302	\$	(16,033)	\$	12,412	\$ 17,820	\$	44,441
Cash and cash equivalents as stated in the Combined Statements of Net Position									
Cash and cash equivalents – restricted Cash and cash equivalents – unrestricted	\$	4,768 9,501	\$	- 217	\$	9,291 3,546	\$ 11,578 3,272	\$	11,806 3,531
	\$	14,269	\$	217	\$	12,837	\$ 14,850	\$	15,337

Southern California Public Power Authority Individual Statements of Cash Flows For the Year Ended June 30, 2020 (Amounts in Thousands)

					GRE	EN POWER				
	Tieton		Milford I			Milford II				den Wind
	Hydropower		Wind			Wind	W	indy Point		Energy
Cash flows from operating activities										
Receipts from participants	\$ 7,51	2 5	\$ 39,8	51	\$	18,898	\$	82,797	\$	16,866
Receipts from sale of oil and gas										
Payments to operating managers	(3,51	4)	(13,1	25)		(6,810)		(40,057)		(6,698)
Other disbursements and receipts		1		1_		(1)		-		
Net cash flows provided by operating activities	3,99	9	26,7	27		12,087		42,740		10,168
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities										
Advances (withdrawals) by participants, net						-		-		-
Cook flows from conital financing activities										
Cash flows from capital financing activities Additions to plant and prepaid projects, net	(43	1)								
Debt interest and swap payments	(2,33	,	(5,1	_ Q1)		(6,030)		(17,462)		(5,306)
Proceeds from sale of bonds	33,55		135,7	,		(0,030)		311,075		61,310
						_				
Payment for defeasance of revenue bonds	(37,24	5)	(160,2	93)		-		(349,568)		(65,549)
Transfer of funds from (to) Mine Reclamation Trust Fund Principal payments on debt	(1,00	O)	(10,5	- 70)		(6,665)		(23,040)		(4,335)
Payment for bond issue costs	(1,00			70) 87)		(0,003)		(677)		(530)
•	,		,							
Net cash used for capital and related financing										
activities	(7,70	0)	(41,0	08)		(12,695)		(79,672)		(14,410)
Cash flows from investing activities										
Interest received on investments	11	9	3	17		106		348		52
Purchases of investments	(94	4)	(12,2	84)		(13,130)		(21,387)		(6,533)
Proceeds from sale/maturity of investments	5,99	5	31,5			15,216		50,741		11,180
Net cash provided by investing activities	5,17	0	19,5	55		2,192		29,702		4,699
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash										
equivalents	1,46	9	5,2	74		1,584		(7,230)		457
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year	2,53	9	9,7	10		8,119		16,260		5,915
	\$ 4,00		\$ 14,9	01	\$	9,703	\$	9,030	Ф.	
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$ 4,00		p 14,9	04	φ	9,703	φ	9,030	\$	6,372
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided by operating activities										
Operating income (loss)	\$ 2,01	2 5	\$ 4,2	18	\$	4,010	\$	12,279	\$	3,361
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided by operating activities										
Depreciation, depletion and amortization	1,56	3	8,7	39		8,643		27,373		5,814
Decommissioning		3	-,	-		-		-		23
Amortization of nuclear fuel		-		-		-		-		_
Changes in assets and liabilities										
Accounts receivable	14	5	3,2	65		-		(1)		(405)
Accounts payable and accruals	41	8	7,9	85		(566)		3,362		969
Other	(16	2)	2,5	20				(273)		406
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$ 3,99	9 5	\$ 26,7	27	\$	12,087	\$	42,740	\$	10,168
Cash and cash equivalents as stated in the Combined										
Statements of Net Position										
Cash and cash equivalents – restricted	\$ 3,01	6 9	\$ 10,4	36	\$	6,786	\$	3,211	\$	3,910
Cash and cash equivalents – unrestricted	99		4,5		_	2,917	_	5,819	_	2,462
	\$ 4,00	8 ⁹	\$ 14,9	84	\$	9,703	\$	9,030	\$	6,372
	Ψ +,00	ĚĚ	Ψ 1·1,0	_	Ψ	5,755	Ψ	0,000	<u> </u>	0,012

Southern California Public Power Authority Individual Statements of Cash Flows For the Year Ended June 30, 2019 (Amounts in Thousands)

					GREE	N POWER				
	•	Tieton	Λ	/lilford I	Milford II				Line	den Wind
	Hyd	dropower		Wind		Wind	Wii	ndy Point		nergy
Cash flows from operating activities										
Receipts from participants	\$	6,017	\$	28,992	\$	17,409	\$	79,760	\$	16,293
Receipts from sale of oil and gas		-		-		-		-		-
Payments to operating managers		(2,587)		(15,877)		(7,017)		(39,634)		(6,867)
Other disbursements and receipts		-		(1)		(1)				
Net cash flows provided by operating activities		3,430		13,114		10,391		40,126		9,426
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities										
Advances (withdrawals) by participants, net		-		<u> </u>						
Cash flows from capital financing activities										
Additions to plant and prepaid projects, net		(354)		-		-		-		-
Debt interest and swap payments		(2,385)		(8,545)		(6,346)		(18,515)		(5,095)
Proceeds from sale of bonds		-		-		-		-		-
Payment for defeasance of revenue bonds		-		-		-		-		-
Transfer of funds from (to) Mine Reclamation Trust Fund		-		-		-		-		-
Principal payments on debt		(950)		(10,085)		(6,370)		(22,020)		(4,170)
Payment for bond issue costs		-		-		-		-		
Net cash used for capital and related financing										
activities		(3,689)		(18,630)		(12,716)		(40,535)		(9,265)
Cash flows from investing activities										
Interest received on investments		117		399		168		341		111
Purchases of investments		(3,905)		(25,751)		(8,820)		(36,873)		(8,522)
Proceeds from sale/maturity of investments		4,010		32,058		11,200		35,725		8,820
Net cash provided by (used for) investing activities		222		6,706		2,548		(807)		409
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash										
equivalents		(37)		1,190		223		(1,216)		570
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year		2,576		8,520		7,896		17,476		5,345
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$	2,539	\$	9,710	\$	8,119	\$	16,260	\$	5,915
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash										
provided by operating activities										
Operating income (loss)	\$	2,007	\$	7,023	\$	3,979	\$	13,101	\$	3,348
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net	•	_,	•	.,	•	-,	•	,	•	-,
cash provided by operating activities										
Depreciation, depletion, and amortization		1,553		11,338		8,643		27,373		5,814
Decommissioning		23		-						23
Amortization of nuclear fuel		-		-		-		-		-
Changes in assets and liabilities										
Accounts receivable		(146)		(3,264)		-		45		-
Accounts payable and accruals		142		(1,983)		(2,231)		(371)		241
Other		(149)		<u> </u>		-		(22)		
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$	3,430	\$	13,114	\$	10,391	\$	40,126	\$	9,426
Cash and cash equivalents as stated in the Combined										
Statements of Net Position										
Cash and cash equivalents – restricted	\$	1,934	\$	9,697	\$	4,131	\$	10,403	\$	5,217
Cash and cash equivalents – unrestricted		605		13		3,988		5,857		698
	\$	2,539	\$	9,710	\$	8,119	\$	16,260	\$	5,915

Southern California Public Power Authority Individual Statements of Cash Flows For the Year Ended June 30, 2020 (Amounts in Thousands)

			TRAN	SMISSION		
	Transi	Southern Transmission System		d-Phoenix	Mea	d-Adelanto
Cash flows from operating activities						
Receipts from participants	\$	129,348	\$	9,258	\$	22,551
Receipts from sale of oil and gas						
Payments to operating managers		(57,372)		(2,349)		(2,745)
Other disbursements and receipts		779		53		177
Net cash flows provided by operating activities		72,755		6,962		19,983
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities Advances (withdrawals) by participants, net		<u>-</u>				<u>-</u>
Cash flows from capital financing activities						
Additions to plant and prepaid projects, net				(116)		(179)
		(40.005)		. ,		, ,
Debt interest and swap payments		(18,665)		(1,214)		(3,005)
Proceeds from sale of bonds		-		-		-
Payment for defeasance of revenue bonds		-		-		-
Transfer of funds from (to) Mine Reclamation Trust Fund		-		-		-
Principal payments on debt		(48,730)		(7,365)		(21,565)
Payment for bond issue costs		-		<u>-</u>		-
Net cash used for capital and related financing activities		(67,395)		(8,695)		(24,749)
Cash flows from investing activities						
Interest received on investments		983		29		101
Purchases of investments		(54,141)		(5,019)		(23,564)
Proceeds from sale/maturity of investments		62,594		4,900		28,058
. rososas nem cale, matarity of infocurions	-	02,00		.,000		20,000
Net cash provided by (used for) investing activities		9,436		(90)		4,595
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		14,796		(1,823)		(171)
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year		26,497		5,653		12,430
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$	41,293	\$	3,830	\$	12,259
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided						
by operating activities						
Operating income (loss)	\$	44,674	\$	4,259	\$	12,985
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net	•	,0	•	1,200	•	.2,000
cash provided by operating activities						
Depreciation, depletion and amortization		22,754		2,783		6,239
Decommissioning		-		-		-
Amortization of nuclear fuel		-		-		-
Changes in assets and liabilities						
Accounts receivable		(3,632)		(130)		818
Accounts payable and accruals		578		(4)		(236)
Other		8,381		54		177 [′]
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$	72,755	\$	6,962	\$	19,983
Cash and cash equivalents as stated in the Combined						
Statements of Net Position	•	40 505	•	0.440	•	44 400
Cash and cash equivalents – restricted Cash and cash equivalents – unrestricted	\$	40,527 766	\$	3,118 712	\$	11,482 777
	\$	41,293	\$	3,830	\$	12,259

Southern California Public Power Authority Individual Statements of Cash Flows For the Year Ended June 30, 2019 (Amounts in Thousands)

			TRAN			
	Tran	outhern smission system		d-Phoenix	Mea	d-Adelanto
Cash flows from operating activities						
Receipts from participants	\$	106,113	\$	9,722	\$	28,674
Receipts from sale of oil and gas		- (40 =0=)		-		- (= ===)
Payments to operating managers		(40,505)		(1,719)		(5,588)
Other disbursements and receipts		5		631		200
Net cash flows provided by operating activities		65,613		8,634		23,286
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities						
Advances (withdrawals) by participants, net		<u> </u>		-		<u>-</u>
Cash flows from capital financing activities						
Additions to plant and prepaid projects, net		-		(52)		(117)
Debt interest and swap payments		(20,755)		(1,471)		(3,280)
Proceeds from sale of bonds		53,211		-		-
Payment for defeasance of revenue bonds		(53,574)		-		-
Transfer of funds from (to) Mine Reclamation Trust Fund		-		-		-
Principal payments on debt		(56,100)		(7,185)		(20,705)
Payment for bond issue costs		(528)				<u> </u>
Net cash used for capital and related financing activities		(77,746)		(8,708)		(24,102)
Cash flows from investing activities						
Interest received on investments		1,013		65		174
Purchases of investments		(60,201)		(5,623)		(24,452)
Proceeds from sale/maturity of investments		67,997		6,928		28,360
Net cash provided by investing activities		8,809		1,370		4,082
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		(3,324)		1,296		3,266
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year		29,821		4,357		9,164
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$	26,497	\$	5,653	\$	12,430
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided						
by operating activities						
Operating income (loss)	\$	21,688	\$	5,879	\$	17,947
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net						
cash provided by operating activities						
Depreciation, depletion, and amortization		22,754		2,784		6,237
Decommissioning		-		-		-
Amortization of nuclear fuel		-		-		-
Changes in assets and liabilities		(4.500)		(400)		(707)
Accounts receivable		(1,562)		(186)		(737)
Accounts payable and accruals		7,314		(7)		(111)
Other		15,419		164		(50)
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$	65,613	\$	8,634	\$	23,286
Cash and cash equivalents as stated in the Combined Statements of Net Position						
Cash and cash equivalents – restricted	\$	25,225	\$	4,747	\$	11,625
Cash and cash equivalents – restricted Cash and cash equivalents – unrestricted	Ψ	1,272	Ψ	906	Ψ	805
	\$	26,497	\$	5,653	\$	12,430

Southern California Public Power Authority Individual Statements of Cash Flows For the Year Ended June 30, 2020 (Amounts in Thousands)

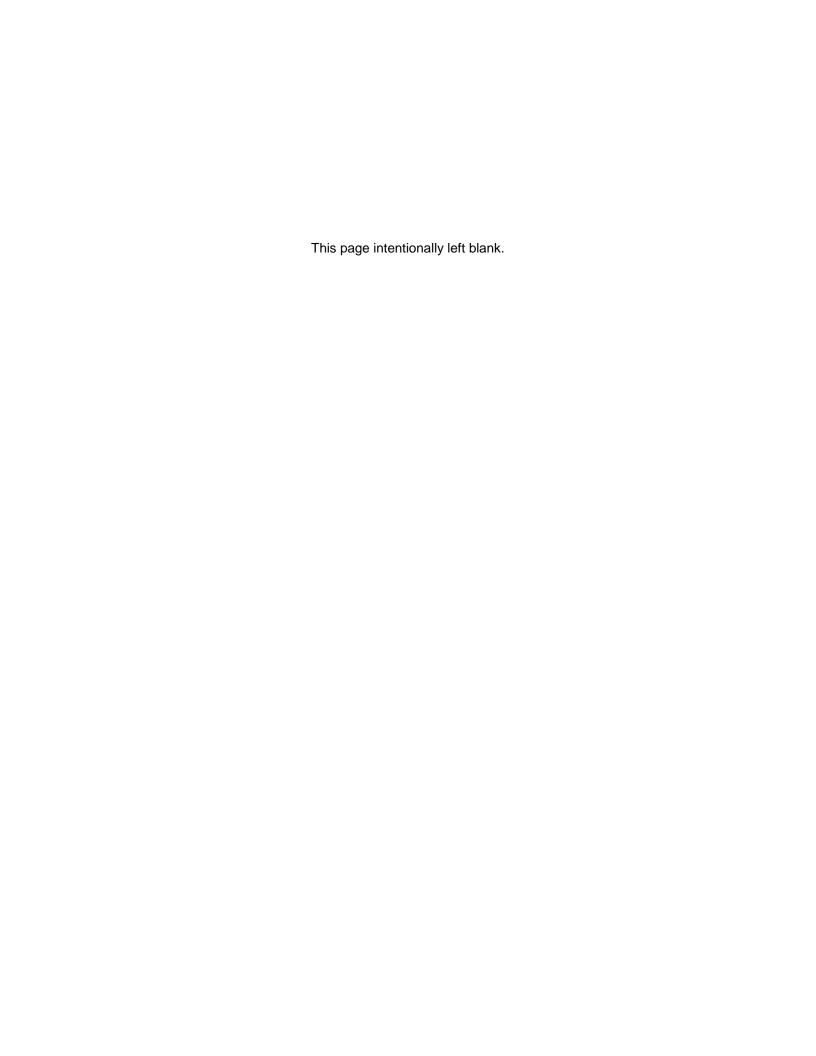
			NATI	JRAL GAS	
	Pin	edale		Barnett	Prepaid tural Gas
Cash flows from operating activities Receipts from participants Receipts from sale of oil and gas Payments to operating managers Other disbursements and receipts	\$	2,990 582 (1,820) 1	\$	5,958 1,180 (2,782)	\$ 8,551 (345) 12,944
Net cash flows provided by operating activities		1,753		4,356	21,150
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities Advances (withdrawals) by participants, net		(1,390)		46	
Cash flows from capital financing activities Additions to plant and prepaid projects, net Debt interest and swap payments Proceeds from sale of bonds Payment for defeasance of revenue bonds		(3) (907) - -		(27) (2,134) - -	- (14,675) - -
Transfer of funds from (to) Mine Reclamation Trust Fund Principal payments on debt Payment for bond issue costs		(1,627) -		(3,818)	(6,445)
Net cash used for capital and related financing activities		(2,537)		(5,979)	(21,120)
Cash flows from investing activities Interest received on investments Purchases of investments Proceeds from sale/maturity of investments		47 (546) -		503 (35,223) 45,600	789 (17,685) 17,063
Net cash provided by (used for) investing activities		(499)		10,880	167
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		(2,673)		9,303	197
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year		8,835		11,519	 5,073
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$	6,162	\$	20,822	\$ 5,270
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided by operating activities Operating income (loss) Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided by operating activities	\$	652	\$	2,465	\$ 9,555
Depreciation, depletion, and amortization Decommissioning Amortization of nuclear fuel Changes in assets and liabilities		2,929 38 -		3,740 9 -	
Accounts receivable Accounts payable and accruals Other		(15) (640) (1,211)		331 (1,503) (686)	 (66) 32 11,629
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$	1,753	\$	4,356	\$ 21,150
Cash and cash equivalents as stated in the Combined Statements of Net Position Cash and cash equivalents – restricted Cash and cash equivalents – unrestricted	\$	3,240	\$	19,076 1,746	\$ 4,974 296
oush and eash equivalents – unrestricted	\$	2,922 6,162	\$	20,822	\$ 5,270

Southern California Public Power Authority Individual Statements of Cash Flows For the Year Ended June 30, 2019 (Amounts in Thousands)

Cash flows from noncapital financing activities				NATU	JRAL GAS		
Receipts from participants \$ 2.950 \$ 6.627 \$ 15.874 \$ 4.666 Payments to operating managers (1.393) (2.635) (308) Other disbursements and receipts 2.443 \$ 6.605 20.232 Recaipts flows provided by operating activities 2.443 \$ 6.605 20.232 Cash flows from noncapital financing activities 2.443 \$ 6.605 20.232 Cash flows from participants, net (2.568) (30) -		Pineda	ale	E	Barnett		•
Receipts from sale of oil and gas 886 2,613 4,666 Payments to operating managers (1,393) (2,635) (308) Other disbursements and receipts 2,443 6,605 20,232 Net cash flows provided by operating activities 2,443 6,605 20,232 Cash flows from noncapital financing activities 2,4589 (30) - Advances (withdrawals) by participants, net (2,5689 (30) - Cash flows from capital financing activities (36) (97) (14,979) Additions to plant and prepaid projects, net (36) (97) (14,979) Proceeds from sale of bonds (1,003) (2,357) (14,979) Proceeds from sale of bonds (1,003) (2,357) (14,979) Proceeds from sale of bonds (1,003) (2,357) (14,979) Principal payments on debt (1,770) (4,150) (5,365) Payment for deleasance of revenue bonds (1,770) (4,150) (5,365) Payment for bond issue costs (2,008) (6,804) (20,364) Cash flows from investing activities (8,604) (20,364) Cash flows from investing activities (8,604) (20,364) Cash flows from investing activities (8,604) (20,364) Proceeds from salematurity of investments (2,638) (2,037) (16,467) Net cash provided by (used for) investing activities (2,638) (2,037) (16,467) Net cash provided by (used for) investing activities (2,638) (2,037) (1,476) Cash and cash equivalents, end of year (3,604) (3							
Payments to operating managers		\$,	\$,	\$,
Net cash flows provided by operating activities 2,443 6,605 20,232							
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities			(1,393)		(2,033)		(308)
Cash flows from capital financing activities	Net cash flows provided by operating activities		2,443		6,605		20,232
Additions to plant and prepaid propiets, net Debt interest and swap payments (1,003) (2,357) (14,979) Proceeds from sale of bonds Payment for defeasance of revenue bonds Transfer of funds from (to) Mine Reclamation Trust Fund Principal payments on debt Reclamation Trust Fund Reclamation Trust Fund Reclamation Trust Fund Principal payments on debt Reclamation Trust Fund Reclamation Reclamation Trust Fund Reclamation Reclamati			(2,568)		(30)		
Additions to plant and prepaid propiets, net Debt interest and swap payments (1,003) (2,357) (14,979) Proceeds from sale of bonds Payment for defeasance of revenue bonds Transfer of funds from (to) Mine Reclamation Trust Fund Principal payments on debt Reclamation Trust Fund Reclamation Trust Fund Reclamation Trust Fund Principal payments on debt Reclamation Trust Fund Reclamation Reclamation Trust Fund Reclamation Reclamati	Cash flows from capital financing activities						
Proceeds from sale of bonds Payment for defeasance of revenue bonds Transfer of funds from (to) Mine Reclamation Trust Fund Principal payments on debt Net cash used for capital and related financing activities Net cash used for capital and related financing activities Cash flows from investing activities Interest received on investments 96 645 802 Purchases of investments 96 645 802 Purchases of investments 96 645 802 Purchases of investments 96 (2,008) 16,467 Net cash provided by (used for) investing activities Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents 0,2,338 (2,037) 174 Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year 11,673 13,556 4,899 Cash and cash equivalents, end of year \$8,835 \$11,519 \$5,073 Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided by operating activities Operating income (loss) to net cash provided by operating income (loss) to net cash provided by operating activities Operating income (loss) to net cash provided by operating activities Operating income (loss) Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided by operating activities Depreciation, depletion, and amortization Decommissioning Amortization of nuclear fuel Changes in assets and liabilities Accounts receivable Accounts receivable Accounts payable and accruals (280) 566 (4) Other (1,174) (534) 11,470 Net cash provided by operating activities \$2,443 \$6,605 \$2,032 Cash and cash equivalents as stated in the Combined Statements of Net Position Cash and cash equivalents — restricted \$3,740 \$8,878 \$4,995 Cash and cash equivalents — unrestricted \$5,095 \$2,641 78	Additions to plant and prepaid projects, net		(36)		(97)		-
Payment for defeasance of revenue bonds			(1,003)		(2,357)		(14,979)
Transfer of funds from (to) Mine Reclamation Trust Fund			-		-		-
Principal payments on debt			-		-		-
Payment for bond issue costs	* ,		- (1 770)		- (4.150)		(5 395)
Cash flows from investing activities Interest received on investments 96 645 802 Purchases of investments - (24,533) (16,963) Proceeds from sale/maturity of investments 96 (2,008) 306 Net cash provided by (used for) investing activities 96 (2,008) 306 Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents (2,838) (2,037) 174 Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year 11,673 13,556 4,899 Cash and cash equivalents, end of year \$8,835 \$11,519 \$5,073 Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided by operating income (loss) to net cash provided by operating activities \$692 3,545 \$8,827 Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided by operating activities 3,156 2,937 - Depreciation, depletion, and amortization 3,156 2,937 - Amortization of nuclear fuel 1 8 (61) Changes in assets and liabilities 11 82 (61) Accounts receivable 11 82 (61) Accounts p			(1,770)		(4,130)		(5,365)
Interest received on investments 96	Net cash used for capital and related financing activities		(2,809)		(6,604)		(20,364)
Purchases of investments							
Proceeds from sale/maturity of investments			96				
Net cash provided by (used for) investing activities 96 (2,008) 306 Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents (2,838) (2,037) 174 Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year 11,673 13,556 4,899 Cash and cash equivalents, end of year \$ 8,835 \$ 11,519 \$ 5,073 Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided by operating activities \$ 692 \$ 3,545 \$ 8,827 Operating income (loss) \$ 692 \$ 3,545 \$ 8,827 Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided by operating activities \$ 692 \$ 3,545 \$ 8,827 Depreciation, depletion, and amortization 3,156 2,937 - - Amortization of nuclear fuel \$ 2,937 - - Changes in assets and liabilities 11 82 (61) Accounts payable and accruals (280) 566 (4) Other (1,174) (534) 11,470 Net cash provided by operating activities \$ 2,443 \$ 6,605 \$ 20,232 Cash and cash equivalents as stated in the Combined			-				
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents (2,838) (2,037) 174 Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year 11,673 13,556 4,899 Cash and cash equivalents, end of year \$ 8,835 \$ 11,519 \$ 5,073 Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided by operating activities \$ 692 \$ 3,545 \$ 8,827 Operating income (loss) to net cash provided by operating activities \$ 692 \$ 3,545 \$ 8,827 Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided by operating activities \$ 692 \$ 3,545 \$ 8,827 Depreciation, depletion, and amortization 3,156 2,937 - - Decommissioning 38 9 - - Amortization of nuclear fuel 1 82 (61) Changes in assets and liabilities 11 82 (61) Accounts receivable 11 82 (61) Accounts payable and accruals (280) 566 (4) Other (1,174) (534) 11,470 Net cash provided by operating activities \$ 2,443	·		06				
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year 11,673 13,556 4,899 Cash and cash equivalents, end of year \$ 8,835 \$ 11,519 \$ 5,073 Reconcilitation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided by operating activities \$ 692 \$ 3,545 \$ 8,827 Operating income (loss) \$ 692 \$ 3,545 \$ 8,827 Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided by operating activities \$ 2,937 \$ 2 Depreciation, depletion, and amortization 3,156 2,937 \$ 2 Decommissioning 38 9 \$ 2 Amortization of nuclear fuel \$ 2 \$ 2 Changes in assets and liabilities \$ 2 \$ 661 Accounts receivable 11 82 (61) Accounts payable and accruals (280) 566 (4) Other (1,174) (534) 11,470 Net cash provided by operating activities \$ 2,443 \$ 6,605 \$ 20,232 Cash and cash equivalents as stated in the Combined Statements of Net Position \$ 3,740 \$ 8,878 \$ 4,995 Cash and cash equivalents — u			•				
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided by operating activities Section Secti	Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		(2,838)		(2,037)		174
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided by operating activities Operating income (loss) Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided by operating activities Depreciation, depletion, and amortization Decommissioning Amortization of nuclear fuel Changes in assets and liabilities Accounts receivable Accounts payable and accruals Other Net cash provided by operating activities \$ 2,443 \$ 6,605 \$ 20,232 \$ 20,232 \$ 20,232 \$ 20,232 \$ 20,232 \$ 20,232 \$ 20,232 \$ 20,241 \$ 78,200 \$ 20,241 \$	Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year		11,673		13,556		4,899
by operating activities Operating income (loss) \$ 692 \$ 3,545 \$ 8,827 Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net	Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$	8,835	\$	11,519	\$	5,073
Operating income (loss) \$ 692 \$ 3,545 \$ 8,827 Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided by operating activities 3,156 2,937 - Depreciation, depletion, and amortization 3,156 2,937 - Decommissioning 38 9 - Amortization of nuclear fuel - - - - Changes in assets and liabilities 3,156 2,937 -							
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided by operating activities Depreciation, depletion, and amortization Decommissioning Amortization of nuclear fuel Changes in assets and liabilities Accounts receivable Accounts payable and accruals Other Net cash provided by operating activities Cash and cash equivalents as stated in the Combined Statements of Net Position Cash and cash equivalents – restricted Cash and cash equivalents – unrestricted \$ 3,740 \$ 8,878 \$ 4,995 Cash and cash equivalents – unrestricted \$ 5,095 \$ 2,641 78	,	¢	602	æ	2 5 4 5	¢	0 027
Depreciation, depletion, and amortization 3,156 2,937 Decommissioning 38 9 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net	Ψ	092	Ψ	3,343	Φ	0,021
Decommissioning 38 9			3 156		2 937		_
Amortization of nuclear fuel					,		_
Accounts receivable 11 82 (61) Accounts payable and accruals (280) 566 (4) Other (1,174) (534) 11,470 Net cash provided by operating activities \$ 2,443 \$ 6,605 \$ 20,232 Cash and cash equivalents as stated in the Combined Statements of Net Position \$ 3,740 \$ 8,878 \$ 4,995 Cash and cash equivalents – restricted \$ 3,740 \$ 8,878 \$ 4,995 Cash and cash equivalents – unrestricted 5,095 2,641 78	•						-
Accounts payable and accruals Other (280) 566 (4) Other (1,174) (534) 11,470 Net cash provided by operating activities \$ 2,443 \$ 6,605 \$ 20,232 Cash and cash equivalents as stated in the Combined Statements of Net Position Cash and cash equivalents – restricted Cash and cash equivalents – unrestricted \$ 3,740 \$ 8,878 \$ 4,995 Cash and cash equivalents – unrestricted \$ 5,095 2,641 78	Changes in assets and liabilities						
Other (1,174) (534) 11,470 Net cash provided by operating activities \$ 2,443 \$ 6,605 \$ 20,232 Cash and cash equivalents as stated in the Combined Statements of Net Position \$ 3,740 \$ 8,878 \$ 4,995 Cash and cash equivalents – restricted \$ 5,095 2,641 78							(61)
Net cash provided by operating activities \$ 2,443 \$ 6,605 \$ 20,232 Cash and cash equivalents as stated in the Combined Statements of Net Position Cash and cash equivalents – restricted \$ 3,740 \$ 8,878 \$ 4,995 Cash and cash equivalents – unrestricted \$ 5,095 2,641 78							
Cash and cash equivalents as stated in the Combined Statements of Net Position Cash and cash equivalents – restricted Cash and cash equivalents – unrestricted \$ 3,740 \$ 8,878 \$ 4,995 \$ 2,641 78	Otner		(1,174)		(534)		11,470
Statements of Net Position Cash and cash equivalents – restricted Cash and cash equivalents – unrestricted Statements of Net Position \$ 3,740 \$ 8,878 \$ 4,995 \$ 2,641 78	Net cash provided by operating activities	\$	2,443	\$	6,605	\$	20,232
Cash and cash equivalents – restricted \$ 3,740 \$ 8,878 \$ 4,995 Cash and cash equivalents – unrestricted \$ 5,095 2,641 78							
Cash and cash equivalents – unrestricted 5,095 2,641 78		c	2 740	¢	0 070	¢	4 005
\$ 8,835 \$ 11,519 \$ 5,073	·	Φ		Φ		Φ	4,995 78
		\$	8,835	\$	11,519	\$	5,073

Southern California Public Power Authority Individual Statements of Cash Flows For the Years Ended June 30, 2020 and 2019 (Amounts in Thousands)

	POWER PURCHASE AGREEMEN						
		2020		2019			
Cash flows from operating activities Receipts from participants	\$	306,864	\$	288,312			
Receipts from sale of oil and gas Payments to operating managers Other disbursements and receipts		(325,393) 11,547		(286,877) 16,164			
Net cash flows provided by (used for) operating activities		(6,982)		17,599			
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities Advances (withdrawals) by participants, net		<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>			
Cash flows from investing activities Interest received on investments Purchases of investments Proceeds from sale/maturity of investments		698 (33,437) 67,195		1,098 (44,052) 25,000			
Net cash provided by (used for) investing activities		34,456		(17,954)			
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		27,474		(355)			
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year		48,418		48,773			
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$	75,892	\$	48,418			
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided by operating activities Operating income (loss)	\$	(1,532)	\$	(1,379)			
Changes in assets and liabilities Accounts receivable Accounts payable and accruals Other		(5,406) (1,245) 1,201		5,254 13,743 (19)			
Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities	\$	(6,982)	\$	17,599			
Cash and cash equivalents as stated in the Combined Statements of Net Position	\$	13	\$	34			
Cash and cash equivalents – restricted Cash and cash equivalents – unrestricted	Φ	75,879	Φ	48,384			
	\$	75,892	\$	48,418			



Southern California Public Power Authority Individual Statements of Cash Flows For the Year Ended June 30, 2020 (Amounts in Thousands)

	MISCELLANEOUS							
	Deve	roject elopment ⁼ und		rojects' bilization Fund	SCP	PA Fund	C	Total ombined
Cash flows from operating activities								
Receipts from participants	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	858,963
Receipts from sale of oil and gas		-		-		-		1,762
Payments to operating managers		-		-		(04.4)		(571,377)
Other disbursements and receipts	-					(214)		26,407
Net cash flows provided by (used for) operating activities	-			<u> </u>		(214)		315,755
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities								
Advances (withdrawals) by participants, net		(4,926)		(19,493)		214		(25,549)
Cash flows from capital financing activities								
Additions to plant and prepaid projects, net		-		-		(1)		(40,250)
Debt interest and swap payments		-		-		-		(106,711)
Proceeds from sale of bonds		-		-		-		791,980
Payment for defeasance of revenue bonds		-		-		-		(863,029)
Payments for swap termination fee		-		-		-		(9,644)
Transfer of funds from (to) Mine Reclamation Trust Fund		-		-		-		-
Principal payments on debt		-		-		-		(160,265)
Payment for bond issue costs		-		-		-		(3,120)
Net cash used for capital and related financing activities	•					(1)		(391,039)
Cash flows from investing activities								
Interest received on investments		-		1,681		-		8,030
Purchases of investments		-		(137,758)		-		(517,636)
Proceeds from sale/maturity of investments				178,168				733,448
Net cash provided by investing activities				42,091				223,842
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		(4,926)		22,598		(1)		123,009
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year		5,671		23,705		1_		247,855
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$	745	\$	46,303	\$		\$	370,864
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided by operating activities								
Operating income (loss)	\$	-	\$	-	\$	(665)	\$	117,129
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to						` ,	•	,
net cash provided by operating activities								
Depreciation, depletion and amortization		-		-		182		149,862
Decommissioning		-		-		-		1,720
Amortization of nuclear fuel		-		-		-		13,799
Pension and other benefits expense		-		-		269		269
Changes in assets and liabilities								
Accounts receivable		-		-		-		(7,212)
Accounts payable and accruals		-		-		-		9,801
Other				-				30,387
Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities	\$		\$	-	\$	(214)	\$	315,755
Cash and cash equivalents as stated in the Combined Statements of Net Position								
Cash and cash equivalents – restricted	\$	745	\$	46,303	\$	_	\$	231,517
Cash and cash equivalents – unrestricted								139,347
	\$	745	\$	46,303	\$	-	\$	370,864

Southern California Public Power Authority Individual Statements of Cash Flows For the Year Ended June 30, 2019 (Amounts in Thousands)

	MISCELLANEOUS						
	Dev	Project elopment Fund	Sta	rojects' bilization Fund	SCP	PA Fund	 Total combined
Cash flows from operating activities	_						
Receipts from participants	\$	4,662	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 833,169
Receipts from sale of oil and gas		-		-		-	8,165
Payments to operating managers		531		-			(547,641)
Other disbursements and receipts	-					(335)	 18,006
Net cash flows provided by (used for) operating activities		5,193		<u>-</u>		(335)	 311,699
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities							
Advances (withdrawals) by participants, net			-	12,179		335	 9,916
Cash flows from capital financing activities							
Additions to plant and prepaid projects, net		_		-		(36)	(53,953)
Debt interest and swap payments		_		_		-	(111,539)
Proceeds from sale of bonds		_		_		_	53,211
Payment for defeasance of revenue bonds							(53,574)
· ·		_		-		_	(33,374)
Payments for swap termination fee		-		-		-	-
Transfer of funds from (to) escrow		-		-		-	
Transfer of funds from (to) Mine Reclamation Trust Fund		-		-		-	(500)
Principal payments on debt		-		-		-	(163,185)
Payment for bond issue costs	-			<u> </u>			 (529)
Net cash used for capital and related financing activities				-		(36)	(330,069)
Cash flows from investing activities							
Interest received on investments		8		1,942		-	9,863
Purchases of investments		-		(93,644)		-	(475,064)
Proceeds from sale/maturity of investments				72,800		-	 443,865
Net cash provided by (used for) investing activities		8		(18,902)			 (21,336)
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		5,201		(6,723)		(36)	(29,790)
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year		470		30,428		37	277,645
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$	5,671	\$	23,705	\$	1	\$ 247,855
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided							
by operating activities							
Operating income (loss)	\$	(1,052)	\$	-	\$	(651)	\$ 108,582
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to							
net cash provided by operating activities							
Depreciation, depletion, and amortization		-		-		176	151,228
Decommissioning		_		_		_	1,720
Advances for capacity and energy		_		_		_	, -
Amortization of nuclear fuel		_		_		_	13,102
Pension expense		_		_		140	140
·						140	140
Changes in assets and liabilities		(E12)					(150)
Accounts receivable		(513)		-		-	(150)
Accounts payable and accruals		5,716		-		-	10,472
Other	-	1,042	-				 26,605
Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities	\$	5,193	\$		\$	(335)	\$ 311,699
Cash and cash equivalents as stated in the Combined							
Statements of Net Position							
Cash and cash equivalents – restricted	\$	470	\$	23,705	\$	1	\$ 152,245
Cash and cash equivalents – unrestricted		5,201		<u> </u>			 95,610
	_\$	5,671	\$	23,705	\$	1	\$ 247,855

Note 1 - Organization and Purpose

The Southern California Public Power Authority (the Authority or SCPPA), a public entity organized under the laws of the State of California, was formed by a Joint Powers Agreement dated as of November 1, 1980 pursuant to the Joint Exercise of Powers Act of the State of California. The Authority's participants consist of eleven municipal electric utilities, namely Los Angeles, Anaheim, Riverside, Vernon, Azusa, Banning, Colton, Burbank, Glendale, Pasadena, and Cerritos, and one irrigation district--Imperial Irrigation District, in the State of California. The Authority was formed for the purpose of planning, financing, developing, acquiring, constructing, operating and maintaining projects for the generation, transmission, and procurement of electric energy and natural gas for sale to its participants. The Joint Powers Agreement has a term expiring in 2030 or such later date as all bonds and notes of the Authority and the interest thereon have been paid in full or adequate provision for payments have been made.

The Authority has interests in the following projects:

GENERATION PROJECTS

Palo Verde Project – On August 14, 1981, the Authority purchased a 5.91% interest in the Palo Verde Nuclear Generating Station (PVNGS), a 3,810 MW nuclear-fueled generating station near Phoenix, Arizona, a 5.44% ownership interest in the Arizona Nuclear Power Project High Voltage Switchyard (ANPP HVS), and a 6.55% share of the right to use certain portions of the Arizona Nuclear Power Project Valley Transmission System (collectively, the Palo Verde Project). Units 1, 2 and 3 of the Palo Verde Project began commercial operations in January 1986, September 1986, and January 1988, respectively.

Since inception of the ANPP HVS capital additions, new terminations, and other events have successively changed the respective ownership interests in the ANPP HVS. In fiscal year 2011, the PVNGS fourth transformer became the 14th termination in the ANPP HVS, and caused the Authority's proportional ownership percentage to change from 5.56% to 5.44%. This change became effective on April 1, 2011.

Units 1, 2, and 3 each operated under a 40-year Full-Power Operating License from the Nuclear Regulatory Commission (NRC), expiring in 2025, 2026, and 2027, respectively. In April 2011, after a detailed, two-year process, the NRC approved the application to extend the operating licenses for all three units for an additional 20 years, allowing Unit 1 to operate through 2045, Unit 2 through 2046, and Unit 3 through 2047.

San Juan Project – On July 1, 1993, the Authority purchased a 41.80% interest in Unit 3 and related common facilities of the San Juan Generating Station (SJGS) from Century Power Corporation. Unit 3, a 497-MW unit, is one unit of a four-unit coal-fired power generating station in New Mexico.

Note 1 - Organization and Purpose (continued)

On July 31, 2015, the SCPPA Board of Directors (the Board) approved Resolution No. 2015-076 authorizing the San Juan Generating Station Restructuring Agreement (the Restructuring Agreement). The Restructuring Agreement required the SJGS owners to shut down SJGS Units 2 and 3 on December 31, 2017 per an agreement with the Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) and allowed those SJGS owners wishing to divest coal ownership in Units 3 and 4, to transfer their ownership interests to the plant operator and largest SJGS owner, Public Service Company of New Mexico (PNM).

To consummate the necessary transactions to enable the Authority and other SJGS owners to divest or terminate their ownership in the Project and allow other SJGS owners to retain or increase their ownership in the Project, the SJGS owners have negotiated and developed a comprehensive set of binding agreements collectively called SJGS Restructuring Agreements, including:

- Restructuring Agreement, whereby, among other things, the Authority and the SJGS owners divest
 their ownership interests in the Project and the other SJGS owners retain or increase their ownership
 in the Project;
- Amended and Restated Mine Reclamation and Trust Funds Agreement (the Mine Reclamation Agreement), whereby the Authority and the other SJGS owners agree to amend the current Mine Reclamation and Trust Funds Agreement to provide for additional trust funds by means of a trust arrangement wherein such funds shall be held in trust for the purpose of funding the mine reclamation costs:
- San Juan Decommissioning and Trust Funds Agreement (the Decommissioning Agreement), whereby the Authority and other SJGS owners agreed to establish a methodology for planning and approving Decommissioning Work and funding and allocating the cost of Decommissioning Work;
- Restructuring Amendment Amending and Restating the Amended and Restated San Juan Project
 Participation Agreement (the SJPPA Restructuring Amendment) regarding rights and obligations in
 respect of the ownership and operation of the San Juan Project for the period prior to the divestiture
 on or after December 31, 2017; and
- Exit Date Amendment Amending and Restating the Amended and Restated San Juan Project
 Participation Agreement (the SJPPA Exit Date Amendment), whereby the Authority and the other
 SJGS owners will amend certain provisions of the SJPPA regarding rights and obligations in respect
 of the ownership and operation of the San Juan Project for the period after the divestiture on or after
 December 31, 2017.

On July 20, 2017, the Board approved Resolution No. 2017-073 authorizing SCPPA's divestiture of its ownership interest in the SJGS on the exit date, December 31, 2017. To complete the divestiture of SCPPA's SJGS ownership under the Restructuring Agreement, SCPPA executed nine agreements collectively called SJGS Divestiture Agreements, including:

 Assignment Assumption Termination and Release Agreement (AATRA) whereby SCPPA and the other SJGS owners are approving the transfer of PNMR Development and Management Corporation (PNMR-D) shares to PNM;

Note 1 - Organization and Purpose (continued)

- New Exit Date Amendment to the SJPPA, amendment to the document governing all operations of SJGS to reflect the change in ownership from PNMR-D to PNM approved in the AATRA;
- Amended and Restated Designated Representative Agreement (ARDA), to restate the designation to PNM as the representative to report the emissions from the SJGS under the Clean Air Act programs after the Exit Date. The Authority and the other Exiters signed the ARDA for the sole purpose of acknowledging that, while they are parties to the Prior Designated Representative Agreement, they are not parties to the ARDA for operations past the exit date, December 31, 2017;
- Amended and Restated North American Electric Reliability Corporation (NERC) Delegation
 Agreement, to amend the Original Delegation Agreement to reflect the Exiters leaving ownership
 positions in the SJGS, and the Remainers affirming their delegation to PNM to comply with the
 generator operator reliability standards;
- Instrument of Sale and Conveyance, whereby SCPPA transfers all of its interests in SJGS to PNM on the exit date, December 31, 2017;
- SCPPA-Tucson Electric Power Company (TEP)-Tri-State Generation and Transmission Associations, Inc. (Tri-State) Interconnection Agreement Termination (ITA), whereby among other things, the agreement terminates SCPPA's rights in interconnection to the TEP System at the SJGS that had been transferred to SCPPA for the life of Unit 3;
- SCPPA-TEP-TRI-State Assumption Agreement Termination (AAT), whereby, among other things, the AAT terminates SCPPA's use rights in the Unit 3 step-up transformer;
- SCPPA Termination of Easement and License (TEL), whereby, among other things, the TEL terminates SCPPA's rights on the exit date, December 31, 2017, as an owner to the entirety of the SJGS plant site; and
- Template Decommissioning Trust Funds Agreement, whereby all SJGS owners agree that they will
 use this template to establish decommissioning trust funds to prepay their decommissioning liabilities
 per the Restructuring Agreement.

The SJGS Divestiture Agreements facilitated the Authority's divestiture of its ownership interest in the SJGS and did not commit the Authority to a project with potentially significant impact on the environment. SJGS Unit 3 has permanently ceased operations in December 2017. However, the Authority retains certain liabilities for a share of the environmental (mine reclamation) and plant decommissioning costs of SJGS Unit 3.

Magnolia Power Project – Magnolia Power Project (the Project) consists of a combined-cycle natural gas-fired electric generating plant with a nominally rated net capacity of 242 MW and auxiliary facilities located in Burbank, California. The Project is the first that is wholly owned by the Authority and entitlements to 100% of the capacity and energy of the Project have been sold to six of its members.

Note 1 - Organization and Purpose (continued)

The City of Burbank, a Project participant, acted as the Project Manager during construction and is the Operating Agent for the Project. The commercial operation date for the Project was September 22, 2005.

- Gas Supply and Services Agreement SCPPA entered into an agreement with Occidental Energy Marketing, Inc. (OEMI) beginning January 2005. This agreement is renewed each year unless notification is given by either party prior to December 31 of each year. OEMI provides 100% of the natural gas plant requirements on a daily basis, and also includes an option for the participants to bring in their own gas supply. In addition, OEMI provides gas balancing services. However, OEMI provided notice of termination on December 2, 2019 effective June 30, 2020. SCPPA replaced OEMI with Conoco Phillips for the same services.
- Natural Gas Transportation SCPPA has an agreement with Southern California Gas Company (SoCalGas) for intrastate transmission services. The agreement took effect in January 2005 and will renew every year unless a cancellation notice is provided by the Authority. SoCalGas provides transportation, storage, and balancing services of natural gas from the Southern California Border to the Magnolia Plant.
- Parts and Special Services Agreement SCPPA entered into an 18-year agreement with General Electric International (GEI) in September 2005. Initially, the agreement covered only the gas turbine, but the agreement was amended in August 2007 to include coverage for the gas generator, the steam turbine, and the steam generator. In 2015, a second amendment was executed and adjusted the overall term from 96,000 fired factored hours (FFH) to 112,000 FFH due to the installation of longer interval rated components. Due to this, the major maintenance intervals were extended from every three years to every four years which made the existing agreement estimated to conclude in early 2021. On May 17, 2019, a third amendment was executed adding 96,000 FFH of operation beyond the prior agreement. It is now estimated to conclude in 2033 at a total of 208,000 FFH. GEI provides planned and unplanned maintenance, including replacement parts, based on fired factored hours.

Canyon Power Project – The Canyon Power Project (the Project) consists of a simple cycle, natural gasfired power generating plant, comprised of four General Electric LM 6000PC Sprint combustion turbines, with a combined nominally rated net peaking capacity of 200 MW, and auxiliary facilities located on approximately 10 acres of land within an industrial area of the city of Anaheim, California (Anaheim). The Project is owned by the Authority and operated and maintained by Anaheim. Completion of the Project occurred in 2011. The Project commenced commercial operation on September 15, 2011.

Note 1 - Organization and Purpose (continued)

Apex Power Project – On March 26, 2014, the Authority acquired the Apex Power Project (the Project) pursuant to an Asset Purchase Agreement, dated as of October 17, 2013. The Project consists of a combined-cycle natural gas-fired electric generating facility (the Facility), nominally-rated at 531 MW, located in Clark County, Nevada, generator interconnection facilities, related assets and property, and interconnection and transmission contractual rights. The Facility is interconnected through a 3.13-mile 500 kV radial generation tie line owned by Nevada Power Company (NPC) that connects the Facility to the NPC's transmission system at its Harry Allen 500 kV Substation. The Los Angeles Department of Water & Power (LADWP) is the project manager and operating agent.

- Operation and Maintenance (O&M) Agreement The Facility is operated by EthosEnergy Power Operations (West), LLC (EthosEnergy), formerly Wood Group Power Operations (West), Inc., pursuant to an Operations and Maintenance Agreement dated February 12, 2007. Under the O&M Agreement, EthosEnergy provides all operations, routine maintenance, budget control, purchasing, billing, and reporting for the operation of the Facility, other than the maintenance provided by General Electric International (GEI), under a long-term service agreement. EthosEnergy currently employs 26 people at the Facility for operation and maintenance purposes. The O&M Agreement initially between the Seller and EthosEnergy was assumed and amended by the Authority. The O&M Agreement expires in February 2023.
- Large Generator Interconnection Agreement (LGIA) The LGIA between NPC and the Seller, dated July 1, 2001, provides for the interconnection of the Facility, and firm transmission service for the Facility output through a Firm Point-to-Point Transmission Service Agreement by and between NPC and LADWP as Agent for the Authority, dated in November 2015, with a point of delivery at the McCullough 500 kV Substation. The term of the Transmission Service Agreement extends to July 30, 2023. The Authority expects to renegotiate these agreements prior to their expiration date (with a term extension if it is economic) or to provide for alternative transmission service from the facility to the Crystal 500 kV Substation.
- Long-Term Service Agreement Major maintenance, including parts supply, parts repair and labor
 for the Facility's combustion turbine generators and the steam turbine are provided pursuant to a
 Long-Term Service Agreement between the Seller and GEI, dated June 16, 2004. Although the
 contract term is tied to equipment run time, the Authority anticipates the contract to expire in 2023.
 After 2023, these services will either be self-supplied by LADWP or provided through another LongTerm Service Agreement although not necessarily with GEI.
- Operational Balancing Authority Agreement and Letter Agreement The natural gas to fuel the Facility is provided by LADWP and delivered by facilities owned by the Kern River Gas Transmission Company through an Operational Balancing Authority Agreement and Letter Agreement.

Note 1 - Organization and Purpose (continued)

- Water Agreement Water for the facility is provided by Las Vegas Valley Water District pursuant to an agreement, dated June 5, 2001 and assigned to the Authority upon acquisition of the Facility. The Facility's acquisition date was on March 26, 2014. Unless extended, the Water Agreement expires on June 5, 2038.
- Transmission Service Agreements (TSAs) Under the TSAs, NPC currently provides transmission services to deliver the output of the Facility to the McCullough 500 kV Substation. The rates, terms and conditions for such services are regulated by the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission pursuant to NPC's open access transmission tariff. Changes to the rates are not accurately predictable and subject to numerous factors unrelated to the Project.

LADWP, as the operating agent, will administer, supervise, monitor, and enforce all the preceding agreements in accordance with the Agency Agreement.

GREEN POWER PROJECTS

Tieton Hydropower Project – On November 30, 2009, the Authority acquired the Tieton Hydropower Plant (the Project) pursuant to an Asset Purchase Agreement, dated as of October 19, 2009. The Project consists of a 13.6 MW nameplate capacity "run of the reservoir" hydroelectric generation facility, comprised of a powerhouse located near Rimrock Lake in Yakima County, Washington, a 21-mile 115 kV transmission line, and related assets, property, and contractual rights.

- Contractor Service Agreement SCPPA entered into an agreement with Energy Northwest on July 1, 2014 to direct the operations of the Tieton Hydropower facility and to provide certain technical services with respect to the operation and maintenance of the facility. In July 2018, the contract was amended for one additional year from July 1, 2018 to June 30, 2019. The contract was renewed for two additional years of service from July 1, 2019 to June 30, 2020, and from July 1, 2020 to June 30, 2021.
- Facilities Maintenance Agreement SCPPA entered into an agreement with PacifiCorp to provide supervision, labor, materials, and equipment necessary to perform routine non-emergency maintenance of the facilities and routine vegetation management. The agreement started on April 28, 2010 and will continue for as long as the Interconnection Agreement is in effect, unless terminated by mutual agreement.
- Small Generator Interconnection Agreement The Authority entered into an agreement with PacifiCorp to perform certain interconnection requests submitted under the Small Generator Interconnection Procedures. This agreement governs the terms and conditions under which SCPPA's Small Generating Facility will interconnect with PacifiCorp's Transmission System. The agreement became effective on November 30, 2009 and will remain in effect for a period of 10 years after which it will automatically renew for successive one-year periods, unless terminated by a 20-day written notice in accordance with this agreement.

Note 1 - Organization and Purpose (continued)

Milford I Wind Project – On February 9, 2010, the Authority financed the prepayment of a specified quantity of energy from a wind farm located near Milford, Utah (the "Milford I Facility") for a term of 20 years (unless earlier terminated). The Milford I Facility is a 203.5 MW nameplate capacity wind powered electric generating facility comprised of 97 wind turbines, together with an ownership interest in an 88-mile, 345 kV, transmission line, and other related facilities. Under the related power purchase agreements by and between the Authority and Milford Wind Corridor Phase I, LLC (the Seller), the Authority will receive 6.7 million MW hours over a 20-year delivery term. The Authority has also agreed to make monthly payments to the Seller for any energy delivered in each year that exceeds the guaranteed annual quantity of 338,215 MW hours. Commercial operation began on November 16, 2009.

Milford II Wind Energy Project – On August 25, 2011, the Authority financed the prepayment of a specified quantity of energy from the Milford Wind Corridor Phase II Project (the "Milford II Facility"), for a term of 20 years (unless earlier terminated) pursuant to a Power Purchase Agreement dated as of March 1, 2010. The Authority also entered into power sales agreements with LADWP and the City of Glendale (Glendale) to sell 100% of its entitlement to capacity and energy in the Milford II Facility on a "take-or-pay basis." Through a separate layoff agreement, the City of Glendale has sold 100% of its entitlement to capacity and energy to LADWP, but remains responsible for all payments associated with its participation in the power sales agreement if LADWP fails to buy the energy pursuant to the layoff agreement. The Milford II Facility is a 102 MW nameplate capacity wind powered electric generating facility comprised of 68 wind turbines, together with an ownership interest in a 90-mile 345 kV, transmission line, and other related facilities located near Milford, Utah. Commercial operation began on May 2, 2011.

Linden Wind Energy Project – On September 15, 2010, the Authority acquired the Linden Wind Energy Project (the Project), pursuant to the terms of the Asset Purchase Agreement, dated as of June 23, 2009. The Project is a 50 MW nameplate capacity wind farm comprised of 25 wind turbines and related facilities, located near the town of Goldendale in Klickitat County, Washington. The Project was developed and constructed by Northwest Wind Partners, LLC. Energy from the Project is delivered to SCPPA through an Energy Exchange Agreement that redelivers production from the Project to the Pacific DC Intertie. The Authority also entered into power sales agreements with LADWP and Glendale to sell 100% of its entitlement to capacity and energy in the Project on a "take-or-pay" basis. Through a separate layoff agreement, the City of Glendale has sold 100% of its entitlement to capacity and energy to LADWP, but remains responsible for all payments associated with its participation in the power sales agreement if LADWP fails to buy the energy pursuant to the layoff agreement.

• Operation and Maintenance Service Agreement – SCPPA entered into a three-year agreement with Senvion Wind Energy Solutions (Senvion) (formerly, REpower Systems AG) in February 2012. This agreement automatically renews for an additional two years unless either party provides written notice to the other party to cancel the contract. Senvion performs fixed fee services such as scheduled maintenance, periodic operational checks and tests, and regular preventive maintenance required on the wind turbine generators (WEC) in accordance with the maintenance manual. Senvion also performs remote monitoring services, repair services, and services related to the availability of the WEC. On February 10, 2020, Senvion informed the Authority and LADWP that it would cease

Note 1 - Organization and Purpose (continued)

performing service under the O&M contract on February 29, 2020. Senvion had previously filed for insolvency under German law and cited that German Insolvency Act, Section 103, as the basis for declaring non-performance under the contract. The Authority and LADWP have put in place short-term agreements to continue operations of the facility without interruption. A request for proposals for a replacement O&M contractor was issued on February 24, 2020. On March 27, 2020, the Authority and LADWP selected the proposal from Vestas-American Wind Technology, Inc., for the long-term O&M replacement contract. The parties are currently negotiating the terms of the agreement.

 Balance of Plant Agreement – Cannon Power Services Company, LLC assumed responsibility for Balance of Plant (BOP) services at the Linden Wind Energy Project through an agreement with SCPPA that was executed on July 9, 2013 and was effective on September 3, 2013. This agreement provides maintenance and oversight services for the facility as a whole excluding specific maintenance for the wind turbines referenced above in "Operation and Maintenance Service Agreement". The agreement with Cannon Power Services Company, LLC remains in effect until August 1, 2021 with an option to extend to August 1, 2023.

Windy Point/Windy Flats Project – On September 9, 2010, the Authority financed the purchase of a supply of energy from the Windy Point/Windy Flats Project (the Project) for an initial delivery term of 20 years, pursuant to the terms of a power purchase agreement, dated June 24, 2009. The Authority also entered into power sales agreements with LADWP and the City of Glendale to sell 100% of its entitlement to capacity and energy in the Project on a "take-or-pay" basis.

Through a separate layoff agreement, the City of Glendale sold 100% of its entitlement to capacity and energy to LADWP, but remains responsible for all payments associated with its participation in the power sales agreement if LADWP fails to buy the energy pursuant to the layoff agreement.

The Project is a wind farm facility with a 262.2 MW nameplate capacity comprised of 114 wind turbines located in the Columbia Hills area of Klickitat County, Washington near the city of Goldendale. The Project is owned and operated by Windy Flats Partners, LLC, a Delaware limited liability company. The initial delivery term began on the commercial operation date of the first of two phases of the facility. The first phase commenced operations on January 25, 2010 and the second phase on March 1, 2010.

TRANSMISSION PROJECTS

Southern Transmission System Project – On May 1, 1983, the Authority entered into an agreement with the Intermountain Power Agency (IPA), to defray all the costs of acquisition and construction of the Southern Transmission System Project (STS). IPA provides for the transmission of energy between the Southern California and the Rocky Mountain regional markets, including long-term renewable resources such as Milford I Wind and Milford II Wind, from the Intermountain Generating Station located in Utah to Southern California. STS commenced commercial operations in July 1986. Construction to upgrade two AC/DC converter stations and increase their combined rating from 1,920 MW to 2,400 MW was completed in May 2011. The LADWP, a member of the Authority, is the project manager and operating agent of the Intermountain Power Project (IPP).

Note 1 - Organization and Purpose (continued)

Mead-Phoenix and Mead-Adelanto Projects – Authority Interest (Members) – As of August 4, 1992, the Authority entered into an agreement to acquire an interest in the Mead-Phoenix Project (Mead-Phoenix), a transmission line extending between the Westwing substation in Arizona and the Marketplace substation in Nevada. The agreement provides the Authority with an 18.31% interest in the Westwing-Mead project component, a 17.76% interest in the Mead Substation project component, and a 22.41% interest in the Mead-Marketplace project component.

As of August 4, 1992, the Authority also entered into an agreement to acquire a 67.92% interest in the Mead-Adelanto Project (Mead-Adelanto), a transmission line extending between the Adelanto substation in Southern California and the Marketplace substation in Nevada. Funding for these projects was provided by a transfer of funds from the Multiple Project Fund, and commercial operations commenced in April 1996. LADWP is the project manager and operating agent of Mead-Adelanto.

Mead-Phoenix and Mead-Adelanto Projects – Authority Interest (LADWP) – On May 25, 2016 the Authority acquired all of M-S-R Public Power Agency's (MSR PPA) ownership interests and associated participation share and related rights and interests in the Mead-Adelanto (MA) and the Mead-Phoenix (MP) Projects on behalf of LADWP.

The Authority Interest (LADWP) in Mead-Adelanto and Mead-Phoenix, collectively the "Authority Interests" (LADWP), is separate and distinct from the Authority Interest (Members) and the Authority Interest (Western) in the existing MA and MP Projects. The acquisition represents an additional 17.5% ownership share in the MA Project, an additional 11.54% ownership share in the Westwing-Mead Component and an additional 8.10% ownership share in the Mead-Marketplace Component of the MP Project, pursuant to a Purchase and Sale Agreement dated August 31, 2015 between MSR PPA and the Authority. Pursuant to separate Transmission Service Contracts (LADWP), each dated as of March 17, 2016, LADWP is entitled to transmission services using 100% of the available capability of the Authority Interests (LADWP) in the MA and MP Projects.

NATURAL GAS PROJECTS

Pinedale Project – On July 1, 2005, the Authority, together with LADWP and Turlock Irrigation District (TID), acquired 42.5% of an undivided working interest in three natural gas leases located in the Pinedale Anticline region of the State of Wyoming. The Authority's individual share in these interests equals 14.9%. The purchase includes 38 operating oil and gas wells, and associated lateral pipelines, equipment, permits, rights of way, and easements used in production. The natural gas field production is expected to increase for several more years as additional capital is invested on drilling new wells and then decline over a life expectancy greater than 30 years.

Joint Operating Agreement (JOA) – In July 2005, SCPPA's purchase of the natural gas reserve
interests at Pinedale, Wyoming (Pinedale) included an underlying long-term JOA with the operator,
Ultra Resources, Inc. (Ultra). SCPPA pays the operator for SCPPA's share of both operating and
drilling/capital expenses on a monthly basis.

Note 1 - Organization and Purpose (continued)

Ultra filed for Chapter 11 on April 29, 2016 after failing to reach a debt-restructuring agreement with its lenders and bondholders. Ultra continues as the Project Operator and has made no significant changes to the operation of the project. Currently, there is no effect on the participants of the Pinedale Project.

 Gathering and processing agreements – SCPPA's purchase of Pinedale included underlying agreements with Jonah Gas Gathering Company, Tesoro Logistics, formerly Questar Gas Management Company, and Western Gas Resources, Inc. for gathering and processing of the natural gas.

Barnett Project – Natural gas resources in the Barnett shale geological formation in Texas were acquired from Collins and Young Holding, LLP (C&Y) for a total of \$84 million. The acquisition settled on October 26, 2006 and was completed on December 7, 2006 when the participants, together with TID, exercised their option to purchase additional resources from C&Y.

• **Joint Operating Agreement (JOA)** – In October 2006, SCPPA's purchase of the natural gas reserve interests in Barnett, TX (Barnett) included an underlying long-term JOA with the operator, Devon Energy Production Company, LP. SCPPA pays the operator for SCPPA's share of both operating and drilling/capital expenses on a monthly basis.

Prepaid Natural Gas Project – On October 11, 2007, the Authority made a one-time prepayment of \$481 million to acquire the right to receive approximately 135 billion cubic feet of natural gas from J. Aron & Company (J. Aron) to be delivered over a 30-year term, beginning July 1, 2008. On October 3, 2007, prior to the acquisition of the prepaid gas supply, the Authority entered into five separate Prepaid Natural Gas Sales Agreements (the Gas Sales Agreements) with J. Aron and simultaneously, five Prepaid Natural Gas Supply Agreements (the Gas Supply Contracts) in which the Authority sold its interest in the natural gas, on a "take-and-pay" basis, to the cities of Anaheim, Burbank, Colton, Glendale, and Pasadena (the Project Participants). Through the Gas Supply Contracts, SCPPA has provided for the sale to the Project Participants, on a "pay-as-you-go" basis, of all of the natural gas to be delivered to SCPPA pursuant to the Gas Sales Agreements.

On October 22, 2009, the Prepaid Natural Gas Sales Agreements between the Authority and J. Aron and certain other agreements were restructured to reduce risk, provide an acceleration of a portion of the long-term savings, reduce the remaining volumes of gas to be delivered from 135 billion to 90 billion cubic feet, and shorten the overall duration of the agreements from 30 years to 27 years. As a result of the restructuring, the Natural Gas contracts will now expire in 2035 and \$165.5 million principal amount of the 2007 Natural Gas Project Bonds was discharged. On September 19, 2013, the transaction was further restructured to, among other things, (a) provide additional credit support for payments by three of the project participants by amending and restating the associated receivables purchase agreement and The Goldman Sachs Group, Inc. guaranty, (b) replace AIG-FP Broadgate Limited with Mitsubishi UFJ Securities International plc as the party to the Authority commodity swaps, and (c) create a custodial arrangement with respect to payments owed by J. Aron and guaranteed by The Goldman Sachs Group, Inc. or to J. Aron under corresponding J. Aron commodity swaps in order to mitigate the Authority's credit

Note 1 - Organization and Purpose (continued)

exposure to Mitsubishi UFJ Securities International plc as the counterparty.

Under the Gas Supply Contracts, the approximate average Daily Quantity of gas to be purchased by each Project Participant is as follows:

	Average Dail		
	Revised	Original	 Participant
Project Participant	Volumes	Volumes	Percentage (%)
City of Anaheim	1,467	2,000	16.5%
City of Burbank	2,924	4,000	33.0%
City of Colton	1,007	1,375	11.0%
City of Glendale	2,015	2,750	23.0%
City of Pasadena	1,464	2,000	16.5%
Total	8,877	12,125	100.0%

⁽¹⁾ The Average Daily Quantity is in one million British Thermal Units (MMBtu) and is calculated over the term of the applicable Gas Supply Contracts. The contracts were restructured and volumes revised in October 2009.

Participant ownership interests – As of June 30, 2020, the members have the following participation percentages in the Authority's operating projects:

			GENERATION			TRANSMISSION				
Participants	Palo Verde	San Juan	Magnolia Power	Canyon Power	Apex Power	Southern Transmission System	Mead- Phoenix (1992)	Mead- Adelanto (1992)	Mead- Phoenix (2016)	Mead- Adelanto (2016)
City of Los Angeles	67.0%	_	-	-	100.0%	59.5%	24.8%	35.7%	100.0%	100.0%
City of Anaheim	-	-	38.0%	100.0%	-	17.6%	24.2%	13.5%	-	-
City of Riverside	5.4%	-	-	-	-	10.2%	4.0%	13.5%	-	-
Imperial Irrigation District	6.5%	51.0%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
City of Vernon	4.9%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
City of Azusa	1.0%	14.7%	-	-	-	-	1.0%	2.2%	-	-
City of Banning	1.0%	9.8%	-	-	-	-	1.0%	1.3%	-	-
City of Colton	1.0%	14.7%	4.2%	-	-	-	1.0%	2.6%	-	-
City of Burbank	4.4%	-	31.0%	-	-	4.5%	15.4%	11.5%	-	-
City of Glendale	4.4%	9.8%	16.5%	-	-	2.3%	14.8%	11.1%	-	-
City of Cerritos	-	-	4.2%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
City of Pasadena	4.4%		6.1%	<u> </u>		5.9%	13.8%	8.6%	-	
	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%

Note 1 - Organization and Purpose (continued)

		GF	REEN POWE	NATURAL GAS				
Participants	Tieton Hydro- power	Milford I Wind	Milford II Wind	Linden Wind Energy	Windy Point	Pinedale	Barnett	Prepaid Natural Gas
City of Los Angeles	-	92.5%	95.1%	90.0%	92.4%	-	-	-
City of Anaheim	-	-	-	-	-	35.7%	45.4%	16.5%
City of Riverside	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Imperial Irrigation District	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
City of Vernon	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
City of Azusa	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
City of Banning	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
City of Colton	-	-	-	-	-	7.1%	9.1%	11.0%
City of Burbank	50.0%	5.0%	-	-	-	14.3%	27.3%	33.0%
City of Glendale	50.0%	-	4.9%	10.0%	7.6%	28.6%	-	23.0%
City of Cerritos	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
City of Pasadena	-	2.5%	-	-	-	14.3%	18.2%	16.5%
	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%

The Authority has entered into power sales, natural gas sales, and transmission service agreements with the above project participants. Under the terms of the contracts, the participants are entitled to power output, natural gas, or transmission service, as applicable. The participants are obligated to make payments on a "take-or-pay" basis for their proportionate share of operating and maintenance expenses and debt service. The contracts cannot be terminated or amended in any manner that will impair or adversely affect the rights of the bondholders as long as any bonds issued by the specific project remain outstanding.

The contracts expire as follows:

Palo Verde Project	various*
San Juan Project	2018**
Magnolia Power Project	2036
Canyon Power Project	2040
Apex Power Project	2038
Tieton Hydropower Project	2040
Milford I Wind Project	2030
Milford II Wind Project	2031
Linden Wind Energy Project	2035
Windy Point Project	2030
Southern Transmission System Project	2027
Mead-Phoenix Project	2030
Mead-Adelanto Project	2030
Natural Gas Pinedale Project	2032
Natural Gas Barnett Project	2032
Prepaid Natural Gas Project	2038

^{*2045, 2046} and 2047 for Units 1, 2 and 3, respectively.

^{**}Decommissioning and Reclamation commenced in 2018.

Note 1 - Organization and Purpose (continued)

The Authority's interests or entitlements in natural gas, generation, and transmission projects are jointly owned with other utilities, except for the Magnolia Power Project, Canyon Power Project, Apex Power Project, Tieton Hydropower Project, and the Linden Wind Energy Project, which are wholly owned by the Authority. Under these arrangements, a participating member has an undivided interest in a utility plant and is responsible for its proportionate share of the costs of construction and operation as well as entitled to its proportionate share of the energy, available transmission capacity, or natural gas produced. Each joint plant participant, including the Authority, is responsible for financing its share of construction and operating costs. The financial statements reflect the Authority's interest in each jointly owned project as well as the projects that it owns. Additionally, the Authority's share of expenses for each project is included in the statements of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position as part of operations and maintenance expenses.

POWER PURCHASE AGREEMENTS

Ormat Geothermal Energy Project – The Authority, on behalf of Anaheim, Banning, Glendale, and Pasadena, entered into a power purchase agreement in December 2005 with divisions of Ormat Technologies, Inc. for 14 MW of net generating capacity. The project started delivery of approximately 5 MW in January 2006 from geothermal energy facilities located in Heber, California, and the agreements were amended to allow for excess capacity in May 2008. The City of Anaheim is the scheduling coordinator on behalf of the project participants. The commercial operation date was declared on June 18, 2006. The agreement expires on December 31, 2031.

MWD Small Hydro Project – The Authority, on behalf of Anaheim, Azusa, and Colton, entered into a power purchase agreement for the output from four small hydroelectric plants in the Metropolitan Water District system in Southern California, for approximately 17 MW of generating capacity. Transmission is accomplished through the California Independent System Operator, with the City of Anaheim as the scheduling coordinator. The delivery commencement date for the project to the Authority was on November 1, 2008. The agreement expires on December 31, 2023.

Pebble Springs Wind Project – In December 2007, the Authority, on behalf of LADWP, Burbank, and Glendale, entered into a power purchase agreement for the facility output of a wind project with 99 MW, located in Gilliam County, Oregon. The Authority is now scheduling the energy through transmission agreements which bring the renewable energy from the project substation to the project participants. The term of the project is 18 years with a right of first offer to potentially purchase the entire project after the 10th contract year. The commercial operation date for the project was declared on January 31, 2009.

Ameresco Chiquita Landfill Gas Project – In March 2004, the Authority, on behalf of Burbank and Pasadena, entered into a power purchase agreement with Ameresco Chiquita Energy LLC, subsequently amended in September 2006, for 100% of the electric generation from a landfill gas to an energy facility located at the landfill site in Valencia, California (Ameresco Landfill Gas to Energy Project This project will initially be for 10 MW with the right of first refusal on any increase in output. The commercial operation date for the project was declared on November 23, 2010. The agreement expires on November 22, 2030.

Note 1 - Organization and Purpose (continued)

Don A. Campbell/Wild Rose Geothermal Energy Project – On December 31, 2012, the Authority, on behalf of LADWP and Burbank, entered into a power purchase agreement with Ormat Nevada, Inc. to purchase renewable geothermal energy from the Don A. Campbell/Wild Rose Facility (the Facility). The Facility is a geothermal power generating facility with a 16 MW net generating capacity and a 95 percent capacity factor located in Mineral County, Nevada. LADWP is the project manager and has balancing authority at the point of delivery of energy at the Mead 230kV Substation in Southern Nevada. Electricity from the project will be transmitted through Nevada Energy's transmission system that includes the new 500 kV One Nevada Transmission Line. The commercial operation date was declared on January 1, 2014. The agreement expires on January 1, 2034.

Copper Mountain Solar 3 Project – On August 31, 2012, the Authority, on behalf of LADWP and Burbank, entered into a power purchase agreement with Sempra U.S. Gas and Power (Sempra) to purchase certain renewable energy and associated environmental attributes from the Copper Mountain Solar 3 Facility. The Facility is a fixed tilt photovoltaic system with a capacity of 250 MW located near Boulder City, Nevada. On December 13, 2018, Consolidated Edison purchased the facility from Sempra. LADWP is the scheduling coordinator. The commercial operation date for the project was declared on April 8, 2015. The agreement expires on April 8, 2035.

Columbia 2 Solar Project – On September 19, 2013, the Authority, on behalf of Riverside, Azusa, and Pasadena, entered into a power purchase agreement with RE Columbia Two, LLC to purchase all of the output of the Columbia 2 Solar Project and acquire other rights and resources, including but not limited to the purchase option and the rights under other ancillary agreements associated with the project. The project is a photovoltaic solar power generating facility located in Kern County, California with an expected nameplate capacity of 15 MW. The City of Riverside is the scheduling coordinator. The commercial operation date for the project was declared on December 19, 2014. The agreement expires on December 18, 2034.

Don A. Campbell II Geothermal Energy Project – On December 18, 2014, the Authority, on behalf of LADWP, entered into a power purchase agreement with ORNI 37 LLC to purchase renewable geothermal energy from the Don A. Campbell 2 Facility (DAC2) beginning December 31, 2016, for a 20-year term. The Facility is a geothermal power generating facility with a 16 MW nameplate capacity and a 95% capacity factor located in Mineral County, Nevada. LADWP is the project manager and has balancing authority at the point of delivery of energy at the Mead 230 kV Substation in Southern Nevada. Electricity from the Project will be transmitted through Nevada Energy's Transmission System that includes the new 500 kV One Nevada Transmission Line. Consequently, the Don A. Campbell/Wild Rose Facility is now called Don A. Campbell 1 to distinguish from the expansion, DAC2. The commercial operation date for the project was declared on September 17, 2015. The agreement expires on September 17, 2035.

Heber-1 Geothermal Energy Project – On May 31, 2013, the Authority, on behalf of LADWP and IID, entered into a power purchase agreement with Heber Geothermal Company for 46 MW of generating capacity. The facility is a geothermal power generating facility with a 62.5 MW gross nameplate capacity located in Imperial County, California. Global is the third-party scheduling coordinator. The commercial operation date for the project was declared on February 2, 2016.

Note 1 - Organization and Purpose (continued)

The agreement expires on February 2, 2026.

Kingbird Solar B Project – On September 19, 2013, the Authority, on behalf of Riverside, Azusa, and Colton, entered into a power purchase agreement with Kingbird Solar B, LLC for 20 MW of generating capacity. The project is a solar photovoltaic power generating facility located near Rosamond, California. The City of Riverside is the scheduling coordinator. The commercial operation date for the project was declared on April 30, 2016. The agreement expires on December 31, 2036, unless a one-time five-year extension is exercised.

Springbok I Solar Farm Project – On August 21, 2014, the Authority, on behalf of LADWP, entered into a power purchase agreement with 62 SK 8me, LLC for 105 MW of solar energy with all associated environmental attributes and photovoltaic generating capacity from the Springbok I Solar Farm located in western Kern County, California. The project is expected to have a measured initial generation capacity factor up to 34% with a 0.7% annual degradation. LADWP is the project manager. The commercial operation date for the project was declared on July 11, 2016. The agreement expires on July 10, 2041.

Astoria 2 Solar Project – On July 23, 2014, the Authority, on behalf of Azusa, Banning, Colton and Vernon, entered into a power purchase agreement with Recurrent Energy for solar energy from the Astoria 2 Solar Project. The Authority is entitled to 35 MW of photovoltaic generating capacity from December 9, 2016 to December 31, 2021 and 45 MW of generating capacity from January 1, 2022 until the expiration of the agreement on December 31, 2036. Power and Water Resources Pooling Authority, Lodi, Corona, Moreno Valley, and Rancho Cucamonga are each buying the output of a separate portion of the facility, which is located in Kern County, California. The Authority has purchased options on the 10th, 15th, and 20th Contract Years. Commercial operation began in December 2016.

The project is forecasted to start at a capacity factor of 31% with a 0.5% annual degradation. ACES Power Marketing is the third-party scheduling coordinator for the project.

Summer Solar Project – On November 15, 2012, the Authority, on behalf of Azusa, Pasadena and Riverside, entered into a power purchase agreement with Sustainable Power Group ("sPower") for 20 MW of solar photovoltaic generating capacity from the Summer Solar Facility. The facility is located in Lancaster, California. The project is forecasted to start at a capacity factor of 28% with a 0.5% annual degradation. SCPPA does not have purchase options on this project. The City of Riverside is the scheduling coordinator. The commercial operation date for the project was declared on July 25, 2016. The agreement expires on December 31, 2041.

Springbok II Solar Farm Project – On August 28, 2015, the Authority, on behalf of LADWP, entered into a power purchase agreement with 63SU 8me, LLC for 155 MW of solar photovoltaic generating capacity from the Springbok II Solar Farm located 70 miles north of Los Angeles in Kern County, California. The commercial operation date for the project was declared on September 6, 2016. The agreement expires on September 5, 2043, unless a one-time three-year extension is exercised. SCPPA has an Early Buy Out option at the end of the 15th, 20th, 27th, and 30th Contract Years. The project is expected to start at a capacity factor of 33% with a 0.7% annual degradation. LADWP is the project manager.

Note 1 - Organization and Purpose (continued)

Antelope Big Sky Ranch Solar Project – On November 15, 2012, the Authority, on behalf of Azusa, Pasadena, and Riverside, entered into a power purchase agreement with sPower for 20 MW of solar photovoltaic generating capacity from the Antelope Big Sky Ranch Facility. The facility is located near Lancaster, California. The project is expected to start at a capacity factor of 28% with a 0.5% annual degradation. SCPPA has purchase options in the 10th, 15th, and 20th Contract Years. The City of Pasadena is the scheduling coordinator. The commercial operation date for the project was declared on August 19, 2016. The agreement expires on December 31, 2041.

Antelope DSR I Solar Project – On July 16, 2015, the Authority, on behalf of Riverside and Vernon, entered into a power purchase agreement with Antelope DSR 1, LLC for 50 MW solar photovoltaic generating capacity from the Antelope DSR 1 Solar Facility. The facility is located near Lancaster, California. The City of Riverside is the scheduling coordinator. The commercial operation date for the project was declared on December 20, 2015. The agreement expires on December 19, 2035.

Antelope DSR II Solar Project – On July 16, 2015, the Authority, on behalf of Azusa and Colton, entered into a power purchase agreement with Antelope DSR 2, LLC for 5 MW solar photovoltaic generating capacity from the Antelope DSR 2 Solar Facility. The facility is located near Lancaster, California. The City of Riverside is the scheduling coordinator. The commercial operation date for the project was declared on December 6, 2016. The agreement expires on December 5, 2036.

Puente Hills Landfill Gas-to-Energy Project – On June 25, 2014, the Authority, on behalf of Vernon, Banning, Colton, and Pasadena, entered into a power purchase agreement with County Sanitation District No. 2 of Los Angeles County for 46 MW of the electric generation from a landfill gas to energy facility, located at Whittier, California. The delivery commencement date for the project to the Authority was on January 1, 2017. The agreement expires on December 31, 2030.

Ormat Northern Nevada Geothermal Project – On October 20, 2016, the Authority, on behalf of LADWP, entered into a power purchase agreement for up to 185 MW of generating capacity, with ONGP, LLC, a subsidiary company of Ormat Technologies, Inc., based in Reno, Nevada. This project is comprised of a portfolio of generating stations to be phased in over time. The first facility began delivering energy to the Authority on December 1, 2017. The last facility of the portfolio is expected to be in commercial operation by the end of 2022. The first facility provided 24 MW on December 31, 2017. LADWP provides project management services. The agreement expires on December 31, 2043.

Ormesa Geothermal Complex Energy Project – On March 1, 2016, the Authority, on behalf of LADWP and IID, entered into a power purchase agreement with Ormesa, LLC, for 35 MW of net generating capacity. The project has a generating facility located in Imperial Valley, California. The delivery commencement date for the project to the Authority was on January 1, 2018. The agreement expires on December 31, 2042.

Note 1 - Organization and Purpose (continued)

ARP-Loyalton Biomass Project – On April 2, 2018, the Authority, on behalf of LADWP, Anaheim, IID, and Riverside, entered into a power purchase agreement for approximately 12 MW of generating capacity with ARP-Loyalton Cogen LLC, seller and developer of the existing biomass power generation facility in California. The commercial operation date for the project was declared on April 20, 2018. The agreement expires on April 19, 2023. In February 2020, the operator of the project, ARP-Loyalton Cogen LLC, and its parent company American Renewable Power LLC, filed petitions for relief under Chapter 11 of the Bankruptcy Code, but both cases have since been converted to Chapter 7 liquidation proceedings. On April 23, 2020, the Bankruptcy Trustee approved the sale of the Loyalton Biomass Project to Sierra Valley Enterprises LLC, a California limited liability company, which included substantially all assets, real property and personal property used in the operation of the project. The current deadline for the Bankruptcy Trustee to assume or reject the power purchase agreement between ARP-Loyalton Cogen LLC (Seller), and the Authority, the Sacramento Municipal Utility District, the Modesto Irrigation District, and the Turlock Irrigation District (Buyers) is October 30, 2020.

Springbok III Solar Farm Project – The Authority, on behalf of LADWP, entered into a power purchase agreement for 90 MW of generating capacity on December 17, 2015. The commercial operation date for the project was declared on July 19, 2019. The agreement expires on July 18, 2046, unless a one-time three-year extension is exercised.

Whitegrass Geothermal Project -- The Authority, on behalf of Glendale, entered into a power purchase agreement, for 3.0 MW of generating capacity on February 20, 2020. The Whitegrass No. 1 facility is located in Lyon County, Nevada. The delivery commencement date for the project to the Authority was on April 1, 2020. The agreement expires on December 31, 2045.

The Authority has entered into power purchase agreements with project participants as follows. These agreements are substantially "take-and-pay" contracts where there may be other obligations not associated with the delivery of energy.

Note 1 - Organization and Purpose (continued)

Participants' ownership interests are as follows:

	Participants											
Power Purchase Agreements	City of Los Angeles	City of Anaheim		Total								
Ormat Geothermal Energy	_	60.0%	_	_	_	_	10.0%	_	_	15.0%	15.0%	100.0%
Pebble Springs Wind (1)	69.6%	-	_	_	_	-	-	_	10.1%	20.3%	-	100.0%
MWD Small Hydro	-	56.4%	-	-	-	21.8%	-	21.8%	-	-	-	100.0%
Ameresco Chiquita Landfill Gas	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	16.7%	-	83.3%	100.0%
Don A Campbell/Wild Rose Geothermal	84.6%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	15.4%	-	-	100.0%
Copper Mountain Solar 3	84.0%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	16.0%	-	-	100.0%
Columbia Two Solar	-	-	-	-	74.3%	8.6%	-	-	-	-	17.1%	100.0%
Don A. Campbell II Geothermal	100.0%	-	-	_	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	100.0%
Heber-1 Geothermal (4)	78.0%	-	22.0%	_	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	100.0%
Kingbird Solar	-	-	-	_	70.0%	15.0%	-	15.0%	-	-	-	100.0%
Summer Solar	-	-	-	_	50.0%	17.5%	-	-	-	-	32.5%	100.0%
Springbok I Solar	100.0%	-	-	_	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	100.0%
Springbok II Solar	100.0%	-	-	_	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	100.0%
Astoria 2 Solar (3)	-	-	-	57.1%	-	-	22.9%	20.0%	-	-	-	100.0%
Antelope Big Sky Ranch Solar	-	-	-	_	50.0%	17.5%	-	-	-	-	32.5%	100.0%
Antelope DSR I Solar	-	-	-	50.0%	50.0%	-	-	-	-	-	-	100.0%
Antelope DSR II Solar (3)	-	-	-	_	-	100.0%	-	-	-	-	-	100.0%
Puente Hills Landfill Gas (2)	-	-	-	23.3%	-	-	23.2%	23.3%	-	-	30.2%	100.0%
Ormat Northern Nevada Geothermal	100.0%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	100.0%
Ormesa Geothermal Complex	85.7%	-	14.3%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	100.0%
ARP-Loyalton Biomass Project	74.1%	6.7%	12.5%	-	6.7%	-	-	-	-	-	-	100.0%
Springbok III Solar	100.0%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	100.0%
Whitegrass Geothermal	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	100.0%	-	100.0%

(1) In accordance to the project's respective "Contract for Sale and Purchase" agreement between the City of Glendale, LADWP, and SCPPA, LADWP agrees to pay from and after the Commencement Date, the Contract Monthly Costs and other obligations of Glendale associated with the Contract Output Entitlement Shares of the project until Glendale exercises its option to repurchase its Entitlement Share by providing LADWP with a 60 day prior written notice of its intent.

(2) In accordance with Board Resolution No. 2017-097, the City of Azusa assigned its interest of energy and capacity to the City of Banning and terminated the Power Sales Agreement with the Authority in the Puente Hills Landfill Gas Project effective January 1, 2018.

(3) In accordance with Board Resolution No. 2017-105, the City of Azusa and the City of Colton have mutually negotiated and agreed to transfer their respective rights and obligations among themselves in the Antelope DSR II Solar and Astoria 2 Solar projects. The resolution authorized the transfer of rights and obligation in the Antelope DSR II Solar Project from the City of Colton to the City of Azusa and the transfer of rights and obligation in the Astoria 2 Solar Project from the City of Azusa to the City of Colton.

(4) Pursuant to Power Purchase Agreement (PPA) dated May 31, 2013, beginning at the commencement of the fourth Contract Year, the PPA will enter the Second Period. Per Appendix K of the PPA, on February 2, 2019 the facility energy delivery share (Project Cost Shares) will change from the original share of 33.33% to IID and 66.67% to LADWP. The new Share going forward thorugh the remaining term of the PPA will be 22% to IID and 78% to LADWP.

Note 1 - Organization and Purpose (continued)

As of June 30, 2020, the Authority's power purchase agreements are summarized as follows:

Project Name	Location	Capacity	Agreement Date	Commercial Operations Date	Project Manager	Contract Expiration
Ormat Geothermal Energy Project	Heber, California	14 MW	December 2005	June 2006	SCPPA	2031
Pebble Springs Wind Project	Gilliam County, Oregon	99 MW	December 2007	January 2009	LADWP	2027
MWD Small Hydro Project	Southern California	17 MW	November 2008	November 2008	SCPPA	2023
Ameresco Chiquita Landfill Gas Project	Valencia, California	10 MW	March 2006	November 2010	SCPPA	2030
Don A. Campbell I Project	Mineral County, Nevada	16 MW	December 2012	January 2014	LADWP	2034
Copper Mountain Solar 3 Project	Clark County, Nevada	250 MW	August 2012	April 2015	LADWP	2035
Columbia Two Solar Project	Kern County, California	15 MW	September 2013	December 2014	SCPPA	2034
Don A. Campbell II Project	Mineral County, Nevada	16 MW	December 2014	September 2015	LADWP	2035
Heber-1 Geothermal Project	Imperial Valley, California	46 MW	May 2013	February 2016	LADWP	2026
Kingbird Solar Project	Kern County, California	20 MW	July 2013	April 2016	SCPPA	2036
Summer Solar Project	Los Angeles County	20 MW	November 2012	July 2016	SCPPA	2041
Springbok I Solar Project	Kern County, California	105 MW	April 2015	July 2016	LADWP	2041
Springbok II Solar Project	Kern County, California	155 MW	August 2015	September 2016	LADWP	2043
Astoria 2 Solar Project	Kern County, California	45 MW	July 2014	December 2016	SCPPA	2036
Antelope Big Sky Ranch Solar Project	Los Angeles County	20 MW	January 2017	August 2016	SCPPA	2041
Antelope DSR I Solar Project	Los Angeles County	50 MW	September 2015	December 2015	SCPPA	2035
Antelope DSR II Solar Project	Los Angeles County	5 MW	September 2015	December 2016	SCPPA	2036
Puente Hills Landfill Gas-to-Energy Project	Whittier, California	46 MW	June 2014	January 2017	SCPPA	2030
Ormat Northern Nevada Geothermal	Nevada Counties	185 MW	October 2016	December 2017	LADWP	2043
Ormesa Geothermal Complex	Imperial County, California	35 MW	March 2016	January 2018	LADWP	2042
ARP-Loyalton Biomass Project	Loyalton, California	12 MW	October 2017	April 2018	SCPPA	2023
Springbok III Solar Project	Kern County, California	90 MW	December 2015	July 2019	LADWP	2046
Whitegrass Geothermal	Lyon, Nevada	3 MW	February 2020	April 2020	SCPPA	2045

Note 1 - Organization and Purpose (continued)

MISCELLANEOUS FUNDS

Project Development Fund – Holds funds related to projects in the development phase.

Projects' Stabilization Fund – In fiscal year 1997, the Authority authorized the creation of a Projects' Stabilization Fund. Deposits may be made to the fund from budget under-runs, after authorization of individual participants, or by direct contributions from the participants. Participants have discretion over the use of their deposits within SCPPA project purposes. This fund is not a project-related fund; therefore, it is not governed by any project Indenture of Trust. The members participate in the Projects' Stabilization Fund by making deposits to the fund at their discretion.

SCPPA Fund – In June 2011, the Authority acquired an 11,500 sq. ft. building located in the city of Glendora to be used as SCPPA office facilities. In January 2018, the Authority acquired the building adjacent to the SCPPA office facilities, as a training facility. Acquisition and construction costs were financed by contributions from SCPPA members. All costs associated with the management, administration, and ongoing operations of the buildings are deemed to be the Authority's overhead costs, which are budgeted and paid in accordance with the SCPPA projects' annual budgets.

The Authority's net pension and OPEB liabilities, pension expense, overhead costs and depreciation expense relating to the SCPPA buildings, are reported in the SCPPA Fund.

Note 2 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Basis of accounting and presentation – The combined and individual financial statements of the Authority are prepared under the accrual basis of accounting in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America issued by the GASB applicable to governmental entities that use proprietary fund accounting. Revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recognized when incurred. The format of the Statement of Net Position follows the inverted approach which is consistent with the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission (FERC).

Net position – The Authority's net position is classified as follows:

Net investment in capital assets – This component of net position consists of capital assets, net of
accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, other borrowings, and
advances from participants that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of
those assets. If there are significant unspent related debt proceeds at year-end, the portion of the
debt attributable to the unspent proceeds is not included in the calculation of net investment in capital
assets. Rather, that portion of the debt is included in the same net position component as the unspent
proceeds.

Note 2 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

- Restricted This component of net position consists of items on which constraints are placed as to
 their use. Constraints include those imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants),
 contributors, or laws and regulations of other governments or constraints imposed by law through
 constitutional provisions or through enabling legislation.
- **Unrestricted** This component of net position consists of items that does not meet the definition of "restricted" or "net investment in capital assets."

Use of estimates – The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the combined financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Utility plant – The Authority's share of construction and betterment costs, natural gas reserves, intangibles, and nuclear fuel associated with PVNGS, STS, Mead-Phoenix, Mead-Adelanto, SJGS, Magnolia Power Project, the Natural Gas Pinedale Project and the Natural Gas Barnett Project (together the Natural Gas Projects), Canyon Power, Tieton Hydropower, Linden Wind Energy, and the Apex Power Projects are included as utility plant and recorded at cost. Utility plant also includes the SCPPA Building. Costs include labor, materials, capitalized interest costs on funds used in construction, as well as allocated indirect charges such as engineering, supervision, transportation and construction equipment, retirement plan contributions, health care costs, and certain administrative and general expenses. The costs of routine maintenance, repairs, and minor replacements to maintain the plant in operating condition are charged to the appropriate operations and maintenance expense accounts in the period they are incurred. The original cost of property retired, net of removal and salvage costs, is charged to accumulated depreciation.

Depreciation expense is computed using the straight-line method based on the estimated service lives, principally 35 years for PVNGS, STS, Mead-Phoenix and Mead-Adelanto; 30 years for Magnolia and Canyon Power Project; 50 years for the Tieton Hydropower Project; 25 years for Linden Wind Energy Project; 24 Years for the Apex Power Project; and 35 years for the SCPPA Building Fund. In June 2018, due to the Authority's divestiture from the SJ Project, the Authority decided to write down the utility plant (see Note 1).

Natural gas reserve depletion – Depletion expense for the Natural Gas Projects is computed using the unit of production method based on the future production of the proven producing wells, estimated at 50 years for the Natural Gas Pinedale Project and 50 years for the Natural Gas Barnett Project. The estimate is based on site specific studies prepared by independent consultants as of December 2018 for both projects. The depletion rate for the Natural Gas Pinedale Project was \$5.27/MMBtu for fiscal years 2020 and 2019; and the estimated total net revenue volume was 5,669,714 MMBtu and 6,354,798 MMBtu for fiscal years 2020 and 2019, respectively. The depletion rate for the Natural Gas Barnett Project was \$6.08/MMBtu for fiscal years 2020 and 2019; and the estimated total net revenue volume was 6,389,673 MMBtu and 14,887,980 MMBtu for fiscal years ended June 30, 2020 and 2019, respectively.

Note 2 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Nuclear fuel – Nuclear fuel is amortized and charged to expense on the basis of actual thermal energy produced relative to total thermal energy expected to be produced over the life of the fuel. Under the provisions of the Nuclear Waste Policy Act of 1982, the federal government assesses each entity with nuclear operations, including the participants in PVNGS, \$1 per MW hour of nuclear generation. The Authority records this charge as a current year expense. See Note 12 for information about spent nuclear fuel disposal.

Asset Retirement Obligations (ARO) – SCPPA records asset retirement obligations where there is a legally enforceable liability associated with the retirement of tangible capital assets. An ARO is measured based on the best estimate of the current value of outlays expected to be incurred. The current value is adjusted annually for the effects of general inflation or deflation. All relevant factors should be evaluated annually to determine if those factors significantly increase or decrease the estimated outlays associated with the ARO.

The related ARO balances included on the statement of net positions are as follows:

- Asset Retirement Obligation Liability An ARO is measured based on the best estimate of the current value of outlays expected to be incurred, including probability weighting of potential outcomes. The statement requires the current value of an entity's AROs be adjusted for the effects of general inflation or deflation at least annually. It also requires entities to evaluate all relevant factors, including internal events and external laws, regulations, or contracts, at least annually to determine whether the effects of one or more of the factors are expected to significantly change the estimated liability. An entity should remeasure an ARO only when the result of the evaluation indicates there is a significant change in the estimated outlays.
- **Deferred outflows of resources asset retirement obligation** GASB 83 requires recognition of deferred outflows of resources associated with an ARO based on the useful life of the asset and estimated liability at the time of recognition. The deferred outflows of resources should be reported in a systematic and rational manner over the estimated useful life of the tangible capital assets.

Investments – Investments include United States government and governmental agency securities, guaranteed investment contracts, medium term notes, and money market accounts. These investments are reported at fair value and changes in unrealized gains and losses are recorded in the statement of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position with the exception of the guaranteed investment contracts which are recorded at amortized cost. Gains and losses realized on the sale of investments are generally determined using the specific identification method.

The Bond Indentures for the projects require the use of trust funds to account for the Authority's receipts and disbursements. Cash and investments held in these funds are restricted to specific purposes as stipulated in the Bond Indentures.

Accounts receivable – Accounts receivable consists primarily of participant receivables. As such no allowance is deemed necessary.

Note 2 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Prepaid and other assets – SCPPA entered into a prepaid gas contract with a supplier for a 30-year gas supply at a fixed discount and simultaneously entered into a contract with each of the project participants for the delivery of natural gas. The prepaid contracts were subsequently restructured and the term of the agreements were shortened to 27 years. SCPPA has also entered into 20-year term prepaid contracts for all of the energy generated by the Milford I Wind, Milford II Wind, and the Windy Point/Windy Flats Facilities, with corresponding power sales contracts with each project participant (see Note 1).

Advance to IPA – Advance to IPA consists of cash transferred to IPA for reserve, contingency, and self-insurance funding and relates to the STS Project.

Unamortized premiums and discounts – Unamortized premiums and discounts are recorded as part of long-term debt and amortized over the life of the related debt issue.

Cash and cash equivalents – Cash and cash equivalents include cash and investments with original maturities of 90 days or less.

Restricted cash and investments – Restricted cash and investments are set aside to meet externally imposed legal and contractual obligations. Restricted cash and investments are used in accordance with their requirements and include certain proceeds of the Authority's revenue bonds, as well as resources set aside for their repayment, and participant advances restricted for costs of certain capital projects.

Deferred outflow and inflow of resources – Losses and gains on refunding related to bonds redeemed by refunding bonds are reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources in the statement of net position. The losses and gains are amortized over the life of the refunding bonds or the remaining term of refunded bonds, whichever is shorter.

In addition, the accumulated decrease in the fair value of effective hedging derivative instruments are reported as deferred outflow of resources. Under hedge accounting, the changes in the fair value of an effective hedging derivative instrument, in asset or liability positions, are reported as a deferred inflow of resources or deferred outflow of resources, respectively, on the statements of net position.

See Note 11 for a description of the deferred outflows of resources and the deferred inflows of resources related to pension and OPEB.

Deferred outflows of resources related to asset retirement obligation are recognized and amortized in a systematic and rational manner over the remaining estimated useful life of the tangible capital asset.

Materials and supplies – Materials and supplies consist primarily of items for construction and maintenance of plant assets and are stated at the lower of cost or market.

Note 2 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Arbitrage rebate and yield restrictions – The unused proceeds from the issuance of tax-exempt debt have been invested in taxable financial instruments. The excess of earnings on investments, if any, over the amount that would have been earned if the investments had a yield equal to the bond yield or yield restricted rate, is payable to the IRS within five years of the date of the bond offering and each consecutive five years thereafter until final maturity of the related bonds.

Pensions – For purposes of measuring the net pension liability and deferred outflows/inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of SCPPA's California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS), Miscellaneous plans (Plans), and additions to/deductions from the Plans' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported to CalPERS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Postemployment benefits other than pensions – For purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability and deferred outflows/inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the OPEB's plan and additions to/deductions from the OPEB plans' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the plan. For this purpose, the OPEB plan recognizes benefit payments when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms.

Revenues – Revenues consist of billings to participants for the sales of electric energy, natural gas, and transmission service in accordance with the participation agreements. Generally, revenues are fixed at a level to recover all operating and any debt service costs over the commercial life of the property.

Transportation costs – As a result of the sales and purchases agreements for natural gas entered into by SCPPA, the participants receive less volume than processed incurring embedded transportation costs. These costs are recorded as participants' revenue and expense to the Natural Gas Pinedale Project. At June 30, 2020 and 2019, transportation costs were approximately \$118,700 and \$231,600, respectively, for the Natural Gas Pinedale Project.

Non-exchange contribution – Each participant of the Magnolia Power Plant is responsible for its own share of natural gas. They may elect to bring fuel to the plant or purchase fuel from Occidental Energy Marketing, Inc. (OEMI). OEMI computes the daily imbalances of fuel volume per participant using the daily consumption data that the operating manager provides. Monthly, actual fuel burnt is reported together with the daily imbalances, participants' in-kind contribution, and fuel purchases from OEMI.

Non-exchange contributions are valued at fair market value and recorded as participant revenue and fuel expense to the Magnolia Power Project. SCPPA values the participants' fuel contribution using monthly average pricing from the Project's OEMI fuel purchases. During the fiscal years ended June 30, 2020 and 2019, the participants' contribution in kind was approximately 9.7 million MMBtu and 10.7 million MMBtu and was valued at approximately \$31.2 million and \$62.4 million, respectively.

Note 2 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Build America Bonds (BABs) – These are taxable municipal bonds that were created under the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act of 2009, and carry special tax credits and federal subsidies for either the bond issuer or the bondholder. BABs provide for a subsidy payment from the Department of the Treasury to be paid directly to the issuer (Direct Payment) or the bondholder (Tax Credit BABs) in an amount equal to 35% of the bond's interest. On September 28, 2010, SCPPA issued \$41.5 million of the Linden Wind 2010 Series B, Direct Payment BABs.

The budget sequestration or automatic spending cuts of the United States Government that went into effect in 2013 resulted in a 7.2% decrease of the BABs subsidies received by the Authority for the related bonds. During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020, BABs subsidy received was reduced by 6.2% and 5.9% for debt service payments made on July 1, 2019 and January 1, 2020, respectively.

Note 3 – Utility Plant

At June 30, 2020, Net utility plant consisted of the following (amounts in thousands):

				June 30, 2020		
			GENERATION		GREEN	POWER
	Palo Verde	San Juan	Magnolia Power	Canyon Power Apex Power	Tieton Hydro-power	Linden Wind Energy
Utility plant Production Transmission General Natural gas reserves	\$ 766,732 19,388 5,102	\$ - - -	\$ 289,553 15,247 16,752	\$ 257,315 \$ 352,939 31,853 - 606 496	\$ 36,032 13,371 11	\$ 123,082 23,431 -
Less accumulated depreciation	791,222 603,582	. <u>-</u>	321,552 164,252	289,774 353,435 84,172 84,787	49,414 15,512	146,513 56,925
Construction work in progress Nuclear fuel, at amortized cost	187,640 38,825 47,599	- - -	157,300 680	205,602 268,648 - 2,482 	33,902 - -	89,588 - -
Net utility plant	\$ 274,064	\$ -	\$ 157,980	\$ 205,602 \$ 271,130	\$ 33,902	\$ 89,588
	Southern	TRANSMISSION	l .	NATURAL GAS	OTHERS	
	Transmission System	Mead- Phoenix	Mead- Adelanto	Pinedale Barnett	SCPPA Fund	Total
Utility plant Production Transmission General Natural gas reserves	\$ - 770,497 44,400	\$ - 82,070 3,160	\$ - 206,748 509	\$ - \$ - 4,092 - 73,241 85,277	\$ - 7,266	\$ 1,825,653 1,162,605 82,394 158,518
Less accumulated depreciation	814,897 689,654	85,230 41,287	207,257 116,583	77,333 85,277 49,265 50,196	7,266 1,050	3,229,170 1,957,265
Construction work in progress Nuclear fuel, at amortized cost	125,243 - -	43,943 196	90,674	28,068 35,081 7 24 -	6,216 - -	1,271,905 42,214 47,599
Net utility plant	\$ 125,243	\$ 44,139	\$ 90,674	\$ 28,075 \$ 35,105	\$ 6,216	\$ 1,361,718

Note 3 - Utility Plant (continued)

At June 30, 2019, Net utility plant consisted of the following (amounts in thousands):

							Jur	ne 30, 2019						
					GEN	IERATION						GREEN	PΟ\	WER
					Λ	/lagnolia		Canyon				Tieton	Li	nden Wind
	Pa	alo Verde	San Jua	ın		Power		Power	Ар	ex Power	Hyd	dro-power		Energy
Utility plant Production Transmission General Natural gas reserves	\$	755,779 18,575 4,508	\$	- - - -	\$	289,348 15,247 16,752	\$	256,964 31,853 595	\$	345,826 - 493 -	\$	35,601 13,371 11	\$	123,083 23,431 - -
Less accumulated depreciation		778,862 584,960		<u>-</u>		321,347 153,185		289,412 74,468		346,319 68,937		48,983 13,949		146,514 51,112
Construction work in progress Nuclear fuel, at amortized cost		193,902 40,889 46,382		- - -		168,162 557 -		214,944 - -		277,382 1,380 -		35,034 - -		95,402 - -
Net utility plant	\$	281,173	\$		\$	168,719	\$	214,944	\$	278,762	\$	35,034	\$	95,402
	-	- Southern Insmission	TRANSMISS Mead-			Mead-		NATUR	AL G	GAS		OTHERS SCPPA		
		System	Phoenix	х		delanto	F	Pinedale		Barnett		Fund	_	Total
Utility plant Production Transmission General Natural gas reserves	\$	770,498 44,399	\$ 82,0 3,1		\$	- 206,521 509 -	\$	- - 4,092 73,202	\$	- - - 85,182	\$	- - 7,266 -	\$	1,806,601 1,161,567 81,784 158,384
Less accumulated depreciation		814,897 666,900	85,2 38,5			207,030 110,344		77,294 46,336		85,182 46,456		7,266 868		3,208,336 1,856,019
Construction work in progress Nuclear fuel, at amortized cost		147,997 - -	46,7	726 82 -		96,686 - -		30,958 39 -		38,726 95 -		6,398 - -		1,352,317 43,042 46,382
Net utility plant	\$	147,997	\$ 46,8	808	\$	96,686	\$	30,997	\$	38,821	\$	6,398	\$	1,441,741

Note 3 – Utility Plant (continued)

A summary of changes in Utility Plant follows (amounts in thousands):

	Balance July 1, 2019	Additions	Disposals	Transfers	Balance June 30, 2020
Nondepreciable utility plant					
Land	\$ 56,102	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 56,102
Construction work in progress	42,917	15,142	Ψ <u>-</u>	(15,907)	42,152
Construction work in progress – gas	125	32	_	(95)	62
Nuclear fuel*	46,384	14,855	(13,640)	(00)	47,599
Tradical raci	10,001	11,000	(10,010)		11,000
Total nondepreciable utility plant	145,528	30,029	(13,640)	(16,002)	145,915
Depreciable utility plant					
Production					
Nuclear generation (Palo Verde Project)	754,865	-	(4,953)	15,907	765,819
Gas-fired plant	887,495	7,546	(57)	-	894,984
Green power	161,188	340	-	-	161,528
Transmission	1,112,847	1,041	-	-	1,113,888
General	74,619	1,009	(92)	-	75,536
Natural gas reserves	161,218			95	161,313
Total depreciable utility plant	3,152,232	9,936	(5,102)	16,002	3,173,068
Less accumulated depreciation	(1,856,019)	(105,106)	3,860		(1,957,265)
Total utility plant, net	\$ 1,441,741	\$ (65,141)	\$ (14,882)	\$ -	\$ 1,361,718
	Balance July 1, 2018	Additions	Disposals	Transfers	Balance June 30, 2019
Nondepreciable utility plant					
Land	\$ 56,102	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 56,102
Construction work in progress	56,784	15,714	· -	(29,576)	42,922
Construction work in progress – gas	74	134	-	(83)	125
Nuclear fuel*	45,578	13,664	(40.050)	()	
		13,004	(12,858)		46,384
Total nondepreciable utility plant	158,538	29,512	(12,858)	(29,659)	145,533
	158,538			(29,659)	
Total nondepreciable utility plant Depreciable utility plant Production	158,538			(29,659)	
Depreciable utility plant Production	158,538 747,387			(29,659)	
Depreciable utility plant		29,512	(12,858)	· · ·	145,533
Depreciable utility plant Production Nuclear generation (Palo Verde Project)	747,387	29,512	(12,858)	· · ·	145,533 754,865
Depreciable utility plant Production Nuclear generation (Palo Verde Project) Coal-fired plant (San Juan Unit 3 Project)	747,387 6,490	29,512	(12,858)	10,410	145,533 754,865 6,490
Depreciable utility plant Production Nuclear generation (Palo Verde Project) Coal-fired plant (San Juan Unit 3 Project) Gas-fired plant	747,387 6,490 841,528	29,512 (234) - 20,909	(12,858)	10,410	754,865 6,490 881,028
Depreciable utility plant Production Nuclear generation (Palo Verde Project) Coal-fired plant (San Juan Unit 3 Project) Gas-fired plant Green power	747,387 6,490 841,528 160,834	29,512 (234) - 20,909 354	(12,858) (2,698) - (55)	10,410 - 18,646	754,865 6,490 881,028 161,188
Depreciable utility plant Production Nuclear generation (Palo Verde Project) Coal-fired plant (San Juan Unit 3 Project) Gas-fired plant Green power Transmission	747,387 6,490 841,528 160,834 1,112,771	29,512 (234) - 20,909 354 229	(12,858) (2,698) - (55) - (153)	10,410 - 18,646 -	754,865 6,490 881,028 161,188 1,112,847
Depreciable utility plant Production Nuclear generation (Palo Verde Project) Coal-fired plant (San Juan Unit 3 Project) Gas-fired plant Green power Transmission General	747,387 6,490 841,528 160,834 1,112,771 77,582	29,512 (234) - 20,909 354 229	(12,858) (2,698) - (55) - (153)	10,410 - 18,646 - - 520	754,865 6,490 881,028 161,188 1,112,847 74,619
Depreciable utility plant Production Nuclear generation (Palo Verde Project) Coal-fired plant (San Juan Unit 3 Project) Gas-fired plant Green power Transmission General Natural gas reserves	747,387 6,490 841,528 160,834 1,112,771 77,582 161,135	29,512 (234) - 20,909 354 229 440	(12,858) (2,698) - (55) - (153) (3,923)	10,410 - 18,646 - - 520 83	754,865 6,490 881,028 161,188 1,112,847 74,619 161,218

Note 4 - Investments

The Authority's investment function operates within a legal framework established by Sections 6509.5 and 53600 et. seq. of the California Government Code, Indentures of Trust, and instruments governing financial arrangements entered into by the Authority to finance and operate Projects and the Authority's Investment Policy.

Guaranteed investment contracts (GICs) are contracts that guarantee the owner principal repayment and a specified interest rate for a predetermined period of time. GICs are typically issued by insurance companies and marketed to institutions that qualify for favorable tax status under federal laws. These types of securities provide institutions with guaranteed returns. GICs are negotiated on a case-by-case basis.

Based on SCPPA's Investment Policy, certain vehicles such as GICs, flexible repurchase agreements or forward debt service agreements, may be entered into only upon approval of the SCPPA Board. In addition, eligible securities and general limitations are derived from each Project's Indenture of Trust, the Government Code and SCPPA's evolving investment practices.

The operative Indentures of Trust in which securities are authorized for investment purposes relate to the Southern Transmission System Project Bonds, the Mead-Phoenix Project Bonds, the Mead-Adelanto Project Bonds, the Magnolia Power Project Bonds, the Pinedale Project Bonds, the Barnett Project Bonds, Prepaid Natural Gas Project Bonds, the Canyon Power Project Bonds, the Milford Wind Phase I Project Bonds, the Milford Wind Phase II Project Bonds, the Linden Wind Project Bonds, the Tieton Hydropower Project Bonds, the Windy Point/Windy Flats Project Bonds, and the Apex Power Project Bonds. Authorized investments for the Projects' Stabilization Fund are set forth in a resolution approved by the Board in 1996 and amended and approved in 2016.

Eligible securities include:

- United States Treasury Securities, which are bonds or other obligations secured by the full faith and credit of the United States of America;
- Federal Agency Obligations, which have the full financial backing of the U.S. Government;
- Government Sponsored Enterprise Obligations, which are created by acts of Congress to provide liquidity for selected lending programs targeted by Congress;
- Repurchase Agreements, which are collateralized loan contracts where the seller includes a written agreement to repurchase the securities at a later date for a specified amount;
- Negotiable Certificates of Deposit, which are deposit liabilities issued by a nationally or statechartered bank, a savings or a federal association or by a state-licensed branch of a foreign bank, which has short-term ratings of at least "A-1" by S&P and at least "P-1" by Moody's;
- Bankers' Acceptances, a short-term draft or bill of exchange guaranteed for payment at face value to the holder of the instrument on its maturity date, which has a short-term rating of at least "A-1" by S&P and at least "P-1" by Moody's;
- Commercial Paper, a short-term unsecured promissory note issued by non-financial or financial firms with a rating of at least "A-1" by S&P and at least "P-1" by Moody's;

Note 4 - Investments (continued)

- Medium Term Notes rated "A" or better and only those issued by corporations organized and
 operating within the United States, or by depository institutions licensed by the United States or any
 state and operating within the United States;
- Mortgage-Backed and Asset-Backed Obligations, which are secured by a mortgage or collection of
 mortgages, credit card receivables, student and auto loans, which are rated "AA" or its equivalent or
 better by NRSRO and whose issuer have a rating of "A" or higher for the issuer's debt as provided by
 NRSRO:
- State of California Obligations such as warrants, treasury notes, or bonds, including bonds payable solely out of the revenues from a revenue producing property owned, controlled, or operated by the State of California or by a department, board, agency, or authority of the State of California with a rating of "A" or better;
- California Local Agency Obligations such as notes, warrants, or bonds including bonds payable solely
 out of the revenues from a revenue producing property owned, controlled, or operated by the local
 agency or by a department, board, agency, or authority of the local agency with a rating of "A" or
 better:
- State (Other than California) Obligations such as notes or bonds of any of the other 49 states in addition to California was a rating of "A" or better;
- Supranationals, which are United States dollar denominated senior unsecured unsubordinated obligations issued or unconditionally guaranteed by the International Bank of Reconstruction and Development, International Finance Corporation, or Inter-American Development Bank with the rating of "AA" or better;
- Placement Service Deposits placed through a deposit placement service that meet the requirements of Code Section 53601.8, with a maximum term of one year or less; and
- Equity-Linked Notes, which are categorized as medium-term corporate notes and are subject to the constraints set forth in the Government Code and the Authority's Investment Policy.

As of June 30, 2020, the Authority held the following as cash and cash equivalents and investments:

Investment Type	-	air Value thousands)	Weighted Average Maturity (Years)	Percent of Portfolio
LLC Agency Securities	¢	247.450	0.40	20.00/
U.S. Agency Securities	\$	247,150	0.49	28.9%
Guaranteed Investment Contracts		21,090	11.41	2.5%
Money Market Funds		98,972	0.08	11.6%
Supranational Securities		41,876	0.17	4.9%
Commercial Paper		24,346	0.01	2.8%
U.S. Treasury Securities		98,730	0.17	11.5%
Medium Term Corporate Notes		4,266	3.03	0.5%
Negotiable CDs		2,600	0.01	0.3%
Municipal Bonds		18,238	0.42	2.1%
U.S. Agency Discount Notes		298,439	0.04	34.9%
Total	\$	855,707	0.50	100.0%

Note 4 - Investments (continued)

As of June 30, 2019, the Authority held the following as cash and cash equivalents and investments:

Investment Type	=	air Value thousands)	Weighted Average Maturity (Years)	Percent of Portfolio
U.S. Agency Securities	\$	367,792	0.32	39.1%
Guaranteed Investment Contracts	Ψ	20,467	12.30	2.2%
Money Market Funds		86,250	0.08	9.2%
Supranational Securities		29,546	0.30	3.1%
Commercial Paper		13,269	0.10	1.4%
U.S. Treasury Securities		41,143	0.44	4.4%
Medium Term Corporate Notes		15,631	0.97	1.7%
Negotiable CDs		6,800	2.00	0.7%
Municipal Bonds		4,125	1.37	0.4%
U.S. Agency Discount Notes		356,286	0.07	37.9%
Total	\$	941,309	0.49	100.0%

The "weighted average maturity in years" calculation assumes that all investments are held until maturity.

Note 4 – Investments (continued)

Investments at June 30, 2020 are as follows (amounts in thousands):

		GENERATION							GREEN POWER											
	Pa	alo Verde		an Juan		Magnolia Power		Canyon Power	Ар	ex Power		Tieton dropower		Milford I Wind	N	Milford II Wind		Windy Point		en Wind nergy
U.S. agencies	\$	172,395	\$	26,878	\$	6,504	\$	4,765	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Agency discount notes		6,300		1,300		54,354		16,249		11,019		2,200		14,439		9,060		7,899		3,429
Supranational securities		3,011		1,000		850		1,600		5,500		800		2,438		1,500		-		1,000
Negotiable CDs		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
Commercial paper		-		-		-		450		3,000		800		-		4,300		-		1,200
GICs		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
U.S. Treasury securities		22,793		-		8,497		-		17,998		-		4,999		-		3,000		1,500
Medium term corporate notes		3,219		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
Municipal bonds		11,665		-		4,561		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
Money market funds		7,430		495		9,070		1,300		5,074		858		945		1,743		1,131		743
Total	\$	226,813	\$	29,673	\$	83,836	\$	24,364	\$	42,591	\$	4,658	\$	22,821	\$	16,603	\$	12,030	\$	7,872
Restricted investments	\$	198,488	\$	29,540	\$	14,800	\$	16,364	\$	17,817	\$	650	\$	3,838	\$	6,400	\$	-	\$	500
Unrestricted investments		9,579		-		6,498		-		-		-		3,999		500		3,000		1,000
Cash and cash equivalents		18,746		133		62,538		8,000		24,774		4,008		14,984		9,703		9,030		6,372
Total	\$	226,813	\$	29,673	\$	83,836	\$	24,364	\$	42,591	\$	4,658	\$	22,821	\$	16,603	\$	12,030	\$	7,872

Note 4 - Investments (continued)

Investments at June 30, 2020 are as follows (amounts in thousands):

POWER PURCHASE

		Т	RANSI	MISSION				NAT	URAL GAS		PURCHASE GREEMENTS		N	ИISC	ELLANEOUS	S			
	Tra	Southern nsmission System		lead- noenix	lead- elanto	Р	inedale		Barnett	epaid ral Gas	Combined	De	Project evelopment Fund		Projects' abilization Fund	,	SCPPA Fund		Total
U.S. agencies	\$	1,087	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-	\$	2,401	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-	\$	33,120	\$		-	\$ 247,150
Agency discount notes		49,650		5,250	16,650		1,850		25,095	1,900	38,996		-		32,799			-	298,439
Supranational securities		7,649		-	1,800		900		6,150	-	1,000		-		6,678			-	41,876
Negotiable CDs		2,600		-	-		-		-	-	-		-		-			-	2,600
Commercial paper		5,800		400	400		-		2,000	-	-		-		5,996			-	24,346
GICs		7,789		-	-		-		-	13,301	-		-		-			-	21,090
U.S. Treasury securities		4,000		-	-		-		2,020	-	10,700		-		23,223			-	98,730
Medium term corporate notes		-		-	-		-		-	-	-		-		1,047			-	4,266
Municipal bonds		-		-	-		-		-	-	-		-		2,012			-	18,238
Money market funds		9,143		2,030	 6,459		3,962		5,174	3,370	26,196		745		13,104			<u>-</u> -	98,972
Total	\$	87,718	\$	7,680	\$ 25,309	\$	6,712	\$	42,840	\$ 18,571	\$ 76,892	\$	745	\$	117,979	\$		<u>.</u>	\$ 855,707
Restricted investments	\$	46,425	\$	3,850	\$ 13,050	\$	550	\$	22,018	\$ 13,301	\$ -	\$	-	\$	71,676	\$		-	\$ 459,267
Unrestricted investments		-		-	-		-		-	-	1,000		-		-			-	25,576
Cash and cash equivalents		41,293		3,830	 12,259		6,162		20,822	 5,270	 75,892		745		46,303			<u>-</u> -	370,864
Total	\$	87,718	\$	7,680	\$ 25,309	\$	6,712	\$	42,840	\$ 18,571	\$ 76,892	\$	745	\$	117,979	\$			\$ 855,707

Note 4 – Investments (continued)

Investments at June 30, 2019 are as follows (amounts in thousands):

			GENERATION					GREEN POWER												
	Pa	alo Verde	S	an Juan		lagnolia Power		Canyon Power	Ap	oex Power		Tieton Iro-power		Milford I Wind		Milford II Wind	Wir	ndy Point		den Wind Energy
U.S. agencies Agency discount notes Supranational securities	\$	191,141 13,150 8,606	\$	28,363 699	\$	22,283 36,478	\$	4,519 15,040	\$	8,460 19,279 1,800	\$	1,763 2,020	\$	13,200 20,508 2,515	\$	3,207 13,291	\$	7,744 30,349 3,400	\$	- 10,627
Negotiable CDs Commercial paper				-		- 1,980		-		1,800		-		· -		- -		3,500		- - -
GICs U.S. Treasury securities Medium term corporate notes		1,196 4,132		-		6,974 9,867		- - -		2,974		1,591 1,632		- - -		-		2,482 -		- - -
Municipal bonds Money market funds		7,632		1,038		4,125 8,237		2,550		2,858		- 1,219		510		528		961		1,375
Total	\$	225,857	\$	30,100	\$	89,944	\$	22,109	\$	37,171	\$	8,225	\$	36,733	\$	17,026	\$	48,436	\$	12,002
Restricted investments Unrestricted investments Cash and cash equivalents	\$	196,363 15,225 14,269	\$	29,883 - 217	\$	64,362 12,745 12,837	\$	7,259 - 14,850	\$	21,834 - 15,337	\$	5,686 - 2,539	\$	27,023 - 9,710	\$	8,907 - 8,119	\$	32,176 - 16,260	\$	4,387 1,700 5,915
Total	\$	225,857	\$	30,100	\$	89,944	\$	22,109	\$	37,171	\$	8,225	\$	36,733	\$	17,026	\$	48,436	\$	12,002

Note 4 - Investments (continued)

Investments at June 30, 2019 are as follows (amounts in thousands):

POWER PURCHASE

TRANSMISSION NATURAL GAS AGREEMENTS MISCELLANEOUS			
Southern Project Projects' Transmission Mead- Mead- Prepaid Development Stabilization SCPP/ System Phoenix Adelanto Pinedale Barnett Natural Gas Combined Fund Fund Fund	\	Т	otal
U.S. agencies \$ 5,259 \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ 22,858 \$ - \$ - \$ 58,995 \$	-	\$	367,792
Agency discount notes 46,250 8,450 28,692 3,350 12,137 2,196 45,202 2,098 46,470	-		356,286
Supranational securities 6,100 - - - - - - - - 7,125	-		29,546
Negotiable CDs 6,800	-		6,800
Commercial paper 5,989	-		13,269
GICs 7,789 12,678	-		20,467
U.S. Treasury securities 2,991 - 11,987 - 10,948	-		41,143
Medium term corporate notes	-		15,631
Municipal bonds	-		4,125
Money market funds 2,847 903 1,138 5,485 5,651 2,878 25,638 3,573 11,228	1		86,250
Total <u>\$ 81,034</u> \$ 9,353 <u>\$ 29,830</u> \$ 8,835 <u>\$ 43,637</u> \$ 17,752 <u>\$ 82,827</u> \$ 5,671 <u>\$ 134,766</u> \$	1	\$	941,309
Restricted investments \$ 45,051 \$ 3,700 \$ 17,400 \$ - \$ 32,118 \$ 12,679 \$ - \$ - \$ 111,061 \$		\$	610.000
	-	Ф	619,889
	-		73,565
Cash and cash equivalents 26,497 5,653 12,430 8,835 11,519 5,073 48,418 5,671 23,705	1		247,855
Total \$ 81,034 \$ 9,353 \$ 29,830 \$ 8,835 \$ 43,637 \$ 17,752 \$ 82,827 \$ 5,671 \$ 134,766 \$	1	\$	941,309

Note 4 - Investments (continued)

Interest rate risk – The Authority's investment policy limits the maturity of its investments to a maximum of five years for investments in the United States Treasury, Federal Agency, and Government Sponsored Enterprise securities, excluding: investments held in Project Debt Service Reserve; long-term commitments or agreements approved by the Authority's Board; five years for medium term corporate notes; 270 days for commercial paper; 180 days for bankers' acceptances; and one year for negotiable certificates of deposits.

Credit risk – Under its investment policy and the State of California Government Code, the Authority is subject to the prudent investor standard of care in managing all aspects of its portfolios. As an investment standard, each investment shall be made with "judgment and care under circumstances then prevailing, which a person of prudence, discretion and intelligence would exercise in the management of his/her affairs, not in regard for speculation, but in regard to the permanent disposition of funds, considering the probable income as well as the probable safety of the capital to be invested." The Authority's investment policy does not preclude active management of the portfolio to address market opportunities. All transactions shall be undertaken in the best interest of the Authority and its participants.

The Authority's investment policy specifies that all project funds may be invested in shares of beneficial interest for temporary periods, pending disbursement or reinvestment as allowed under the state of California Government Code (Code). The Code requires that the fund must have either 1) attained the highest ranking or highest letter and numerical rating provided by no less than two or more nationally recognized statistical rating organizations (NRSRO) or 2) retained an investment advisor registered or exempt from registration with the Securities and Exchange Commission with no less than five years' experience managing money market mutual funds with assets under management in excess of \$500 million. As of June 30, 2020, money market funds in the portfolios with Bank of New York Mellon have attained the following ratings: AAAm by Standard and Poor's, and AAA-mf by Moody's Investors Service; while money market funds in the portfolios with US Bank have attained ratings of AAAm by Standard and Poor's, Aaa-mf by Moody's Investors Service, and AAAmmf by Fitch Ratings.

The U.S. government agency securities in the portfolio consist of securities issued by government-sponsored enterprises, which are not explicitly guaranteed by the U.S. government. As of June 30, 2020, and 2019, the U.S. government agency securities in the portfolio carried the highest possible credit ratings by the NRSRO that rated them.

The Guaranteed Investment Contracts in the portfolio with American International Group (AIG) consist of securities issued by corporations and carry a rating of Baa1 by Moody's Investors Service, BBB+ by Standard and Poor's, and BBB+ by Fitch Rating.

The Investment Agreement Contract with American General Life consists of securities issued by corporations and carries a rating of A+ by Standard and Poor's, A2 by Moody's and A+ by Fitch Ratings.

Note 4 - Investments (continued)

The Investment Agreement Contract in the portfolio with Assured Guaranty (formerly Financial Security Assurance) consists of securities issued by corporations and carries a rating of A by Standard and Poor's, and Baa2 by Moody's Investors Service.

Concentration of credit risk – The Authority's investment policy specifies a 100% percentage limitation on the amount that can be invested in U.S. government agency securities, except in certain issues of other Authority projects, such as the STS project, specifically relating to the 1992 Subordinate Refunding Bond.

Of the Authority's total investments as of June 30, 2020, \$297.1 million (34.7%) was invested in securities issued by the Federal Home Loan Bank; \$108.0 million (12.6%) was invested with Farm Credit Bank; \$4.3 million (0.5%) was invested in securities issued by the Federal National Mortgage Association; \$130.0 million (15.2%) was invested with Federal Home Loan Mortgage; \$6.1 million (0.7%) was invested with Tennessee Valley Authority; \$98.7 million (11.5%) was invested in US Treasuries; \$2.6 million (0.3%) was invested in Certificates of Deposit; \$24.3 million (2.8%) was invested in Commercial Paper; \$21.1 million (2.5%) was invested in GICs; \$41.9 million (4.9%) was invested in Supranational Securities; \$4.3 million (0.5%) was invested in Medium Term Corporate Notes; and \$18.2 million (2.1%) was invested in Municipal Bonds.

Of the Authority's total investments as of June 30, 2019, \$384.6 million (40.9%) was invested in securities issued by the Federal Home Loan Bank; \$39.5 million (4.2%) was invested with Farm Credit Bank; \$62.5 million (6.6%) was invested in securities issued by the Federal National Mortgage Association; \$237.4 million (25.2%) was invested with Federal Home Loan Mortgage; \$41.1 million (4.4%) was invested in US Treasuries; \$6.8 million (0.7%) was invested in Certificates of Deposit; \$13.3 million (1.4%) was invested in Commercial Paper; \$20.5 million (2.2%) was invested in GICs; \$29.5 million (3.1%) was invested in Supranational Securities; \$15.6 million (1.7%) was invested in Medium Term Corporate Notes; and \$4.1 million (0.4%) was invested in Municipal Bonds.

Note 5 - Derivative Instruments

Objective of the swaps – SCPPA uses derivative instruments to hedge its exposure to changing interest rates through the use of interest rate swaps and also to manage its exposure to fluctuating natural gas prices through the use of natural gas hedge contracts. An interest rate swap is the exchange of payments between SCPPA and a counterparty in order to potentially obtain a lower cost of funding than traditional fixed rate bonds, or to hedge interest rate exposure on SCPPA's assets or liabilities. The Authority has entered into separate pay-fixed, receive-variable interest rate swaps and three basis swaps to produce savings or to result in lower costs over the life of each transaction rather than what the Authority would have paid using fixed-rate debt.

Note 5 - Derivative Instruments (continued)

The Authority has adopted GASB Statement No. 53, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Derivative Instruments*. This Statement addresses the recognition, measurement, and disclosure of information regarding derivative instruments. In accordance with GASB 53, the Authority recognizes the changes in fair values of effective hedging derivative instruments as either deferred inflows or outflows of resources on the Authority's Statements of Net Position and recognizes the changes in fair values of an ineffective derivative instrument in earnings.

For fiscal year ended June 30, 2020, the balance for the swaps deemed to qualify for effective hedge accounting under GASB 53 was a net liability and corresponding deferred outflows of resources of \$34.8 million. It is an increase of \$6.1 million from the liability balance of \$28.7 million at June 30, 2019.

For the swaps that were deemed ineffective derivative instruments under GASB 53, the changes were reported in the statements of revenues, expenses and changes in net position. The net liability balance for the ineffective derivative instruments at June 30, 2020 was \$15.5 million, an increase of \$6.5 million from the liability balance of \$9.0 million at June 30, 2019.

For fiscal year ended June 30, 2019, the balance for the swaps deemed to qualify for effective hedge accounting under GASB 53 was a net liability and corresponding deferred outflows of resources of \$28.7 million. It is an increase of \$11.5 million from the liability balance of \$17.2 million at June 30, 2018.

For the swaps that were deemed ineffective derivative instruments under GASB 53, the changes were reported in the statements of revenues, expenses and changes in net position. The net liability balance for the ineffective derivative instruments at June 30, 2019 was \$9.0 million, an increase of \$3.5 million from the liability balance of \$5.5 million at June 30, 2018.

Terms, fair values, and credit risk – The terms, including the fair values and credit ratings of the counterparties under the outstanding swaps as of June 30, 2020, are included in following table (in thousands). In most cases, and with the exclusion of basis swaps, the notional amount of any swap matches the principal amount of the associated debt. Except as discussed under the rollover risk, and when associated with basis swaps, the Authority's swap agreements contain scheduled reductions to outstanding notional amounts that are expected to approximately follow scheduled or anticipated reductions in the associated "bonds payable" category.

	Notional Amount	Effective Date	Fixed Rate Paid	Variable Rate Received	Fair Values	Swap Termination Date	Counterparty Credit Rating*
MAG 2010-1 Swap (Barclays)	\$ -	7/1/2023	SIFMA	80.4% of 3-month LIBOR	\$ (504)	7/1/2036	A/A1/A+
MAG 2010-2 Swap (RBC)	-	7/1/2023	SIFMA	81% of 3-month LIBOR	(464)	7/1/2036	AA-/Aa2/AA
MAG 2020-3 Swap (BNYMellon)	83,290	5/1/2020	3.125%	SIFMA	(19,684)	7/1/2036	AA-/Aa2/AA
MAG 2017-1 Swap (JPMorgan)	-	9/22/2017	3.139%	SIFMA	(16,886)	7/1/2036	A+/Aa2/AA
MA 2007 Swap (JPMorgan)	100,000	6/1/2018	1-month LIBOR	100% of 10-yr LIBOR CMS rate less .414%	2,391	9/15/2030	A+/Aa2/AA
PNG 2007 Swap (J. Aron)	36,000	5/1/2009	5.0475%	67% of 3-Month LIBOR plus 1.47%	(15,139)	11/1/2035	BBB+/A3/A
	\$219,290				\$(50,286)		

^{*} S&P/Moody's/Fitch ratings

Note 5 - Derivative Instruments (continued)

The terms, including the fair values and credit ratings of the counterparties under the outstanding swaps as of June 30, 2019, are included in following table (in thousands):

	Notional Amount	Effective Date	Fixed Rate Paid	Variable Rate Received	Fair Values	Swap Termination Date	Counterparty Credit Rating*
MAG 2010-1 Swap (Barclays)	\$ -	7/1/2023	SIFMA	80.4% of 3-month LIBOR	\$ 395	7/1/2036	A/A2/A+
MAG 2010-2 Swap (RBC)	-	7/1/2023	SIFMA	81% of 3-month LIBOR	482	7/1/2036	AA-/Aa2/AA
MAG 2009-1 Swap (BNYMellon)	108,686	5/1/2012	3.125%	SIFMA	(18,152)	7/1/2036	AA-/Aa2/AA
MAG 2017-1 Swap (JPMorgan)	-	9/22/2017	3.139%	SIFMA	(10,968)	7/1/2036	A+/Aa2/AA
MA 2007 Swap (JPMorgan)	100,000	6/1/2018	1-month LIBOR	100% of 10-yr LIBOR CMS rate less .414%	1,094	9/15/2030	A+/Aa2/AA
PNG 2007 Swap (J. Aron)	36,000	5/1/2009	5.0475%	67% of 3-Month LIBOR plus 1.47%	(10,500)	11/1/2035	BBB+/A3/A
	\$244,686				\$(37,649)	:	

^{*} S&P/Moody's/Fitch ratings

- MAG 2020-3 Swap (amended/restated) On April 28, 2020 the MAG 2020-3 swap amended and
 partially terminated the MAG 2009-1 swap. SCPPA paid the counterparty a partial termination fee of
 \$9.6 million.
- MAG 2017-1 Swap (amended/restated) This swap transaction amends and restates the MAG 2009-2 Swap which amended the MAG 2007-1 Swap. The original transaction was novated from Bear Stearns to JP Morgan on November 6, 2008 and was amended and restated on April 21, 2009. Under the MAG 2009-2 Swap, the Authority was paying its counterparty a fixed rate of 3.139% in exchange for receiving 100% of the SIFMA Index on a notional amount of \$109.9 million. In order to provide more favorable terms to the participants, SCPPA made a payment of \$15.7 million to the counterparty which has been deferred and is being amortized as an interest yield adjustment over the life of the swap. The amendment allowed the parties to re-coupon the swaps, change the collateral posting requirements, and to move to uninsured swaps. In August 2012, the swap documents were amended to raise the collateral threshold.

On September 22, 2017 the MAG 2017-1 Swap restructured the MAG 2009-2 Swap. Under the MAG 2017-1 Swap, SCPPA makes scheduled monthly payments to the counterparty commencing on October 1, 2017 through July 1, 2020. Beginning July 1, 2020, SCPPA will recommence making fixed rate payments at 3.139% and receive floating rate payments at 100% of the SIFMA Index on an initial notional amount of \$63,840,000. Additionally, a portion of the MAG 2009-2 swap was terminated and SCPPA paid the counterparty a partial termination fee of \$7.3 million.

• MAG 2010-1 Swap (amended/restated) – In May 2010, SCPPA executed \$100 million Securities Industry and Financial Markets Association Swap Index (SIFMA)/LIBOR floating-to-floating basis swap related to Magnolia Power Project A Refunding Bonds 2009-1. SCPPA pays the 6-month average of the weekly reset SIFMA Municipal Swap Index semi-annually on an Actual/Actual basis in exchange for receiving 80.4% of average 3-Month LIBOR, reset quarterly and paid semi-annually on

Note 5 - Derivative Instruments (continued)

an Actual/360-day basis. The swap expires on July 1, 2036. On November 16, 2018, the SCPPA suspended the swap for a period of five years. SCPPA received \$1.2 million from Barclays Bank PLC, the swap counterparty, as full consideration of the suspension.

No cash flows will occur from January 1, 2019 through July 1, 2023. Payment on the MAG 2010-1 Swap will recommence on January 1, 2024.

 MAG 2010-2 Swap (amended/restated) – In May 2010, SCPPA executed \$100 million SIFMA/LIBOR floating-to-floating basis swap related to Magnolia Power Project A Refunding Bonds 2009-2. SCPPA pays the 6-month average of the weekly reset SIFMA Municipal Swap Index semiannually on an Actual/Actual basis in exchange for receiving 81.0% of average 3-Month LIBOR, reset quarterly and paid semi-annually on an Actual/360-day basis. The swap expires on July 1, 2036.

On November 13, 2018, the SCPPA suspended the swap for a period of five years. SCPPA received \$1.4 million from the Royal Bank of Canada, the swap counterparty, as full consideration of the suspension. No cash flows will occur from January 1, 2019 through July 1, 2023. Payment on the MAG 2010-2 Swap will recommence on January 1, 2024.

- MAG 2009-1 Swap (restated/novated) This swap transaction amends the MAG 2007-1 Swap, which had an original trade date of April 30, 2007. The transaction was amended and restated as of April 21, 2009. The Authority pays its counterparty a fixed rate of 3.125% in exchange for receiving 100% of the SIFMA on a notional amount of \$109.0 million. In order to provide more favorable terms to the participants, SCPPA made a payment of \$15.7 million to the counterparty which has been deferred and is being amortized as an interest yield adjustment over the life of the swap. The amendment allowed the parties to re-coupon the swaps, change the collateral posting requirements, and to move to uninsured swaps. In May 2012, the swap was novated to a new counterparty and the swap documents were amended to raise the collateral threshold.
- MA 2007 Swap (amended) In January 2007, the Authority entered into a Constant Maturity Swap (CMS) in connection with its outstanding Mead-Adelanto Project bonds. The transaction consisted of a \$100 million basis swap and does not relate to any single series of the Mead-Adelanto bonds. The amended swap terms became effective on February 1, 2008 and the Authority pays the swap counterparty 100% of the one-month LIBOR in exchange for receiving 100% of the 10-year LIBOR minus 41.4 basis points. The swap expires on September 15, 2030.

On November 5, 2008, the MA 2007 Swap was novated from Bear Stearns to JP Morgan. In addition, the swap was suspended until November 1, 2011. As part of the novation, the credit terms of the existing swap agreements were maintained and SCPPA received \$4.1 million from JP Morgan as compensation for the suspension of the cash flows of the MA 2007 CMS. The \$4.1 million was deferred to be amortized over the suspension term.

In June 2010, the MA 2007 CMS Agreement was amended to extend the suspension period from November 1, 2011 to June 1, 2018. SCPPA received \$5 million as compensation for the suspension

Note 5 - Derivative Instruments (continued)

of the cash flows of the swap, which was deferred and is being amortized over the suspension term. The credit terms of the existing swap agreements remain unchanged. Payment on the MA 2007 CMS Agreement resumed on July 1, 2018.

- PNG 2007 Swap In October 2007, SCPPA entered into an interest rate swap agreement in connection with the issuance of the Prepaid Natural Gas Project No. 1 Series 2007B Bonds. The swap hedges the interest-rate risk on the LIBOR Floating-rate bonds, where SCPPA pays a fixed rate of 5.0475% in exchange for receiving 67% of three-month LIBOR plus 1.47%. The floating index on the swap exactly matches the coupon on the Bonds and therefore provides a hedge with no tax or basis risk. The swap expires on November 1, 2035.
- PNG 2007 Commodity Swap At the same time, SCPPA also entered into five commodity price
 swap agreements, on behalf of each of the Prepaid Natural Gas Project No. 1 Participants, in order to
 hedge against reductions to its gas sale revenues resulting from changes in monthly market index
 prices. SCPPA pays a floating natural gas price over a 30-year period and receives specified fixed
 natural gas prices at an agreed pricing point as determined in the Prepaid Natural Gas No. 1
 Agreements. The swaps became effective on July 1, 2008 and will all expire on September 30, 2035.

Fair value – The Authority reports its derivative instruments in accordance with GASB 53 and records its fair values in accordance with GASB 72 (see Note 6).

While some of SCPPA's current mark-to-market values are negative, this valuation would be realized only if the swaps were terminated at the valuation date, and only SCPPA retains the right to optionally terminate most of the transactions.

Interest rate risk – Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair values of SCPPA's financial instruments or cash flows. SCPPA is exposed to interest-rate risk on its pay-fixed, receive variable interest rate swaps. As the LIBOR or the SIFMA swap index decreases, SCPPA's net payment on swaps increases. In addition, SCPPA is exposed to interest rate risk if the counterparty to the swap defaults or if the swap is terminated.

Market access risk – Market access risk is the risk that SCPPA will not be able to enter credit markets or that credit will become more costly. SCPPA's financial rating is tied to the credit strength of the major participants of the specific project for which each financial instrument is issued. SCPPA is also exposed to market access risks caused by disruptions in the municipal bond market.

Credit risk – As of June 30, 2020, the net fair values of the Authority's applicable swaps for which payments were made were negative for each counterparty except for the Mead-Adelanto 2007 swap. However, should interest rates change and the fair values of the swaps become positive, the Authority may be exposed to credit risk in the amount of the derivatives' fair value.

The swap agreements contain varying collateral agreements with the counterparties. The swaps require full collateralization of the swap's fair value should the counterparty's (or if applicable, the guarantors of

Note 5 - Derivative Instruments (continued)

the counterparty's) credit rating fall below AA- as issued by Standard & Poor's or Aa3 as issued by Moody's Investors Service for the MA 2007 Swaps; A/A2 for the PNG 2007 Commodity Swap; and A-/A3 for the MAG 2010-1, MAG 2010-2, and MAG 2009-1. Collateral on all swaps is to be in the form of U.S. government securities held by a third-party custodian.

The swap agreements provide that when the Authority has more than one derivative transaction with a given counterparty involving the same Authority project (and having the same swap/bond insurer), should one party become insolvent or otherwise default on its obligations, close-out netting provisions permit the non-defaulting party to accelerate and terminate all such related transactions and net the transactions' fair values so that a single sum will be owed by, or owed to, the non-defaulting party.

Basis risk – Basis risk is the risk that the interest rate paid by the Authority on underlying variable rate bonds to bondholders exceeds the variable swap rate received from the counterparty, and the risk that both legs of a basis swap are not exactly equal. With the exception of the PNG 2007 Swap, the Authority bears basis risk on each of its swaps. The PNG 2007 Swap is perfectly hedged since the counterparty pays the Authority its actual variable bond rate on the related bonds.

All the other swaps have a basis risk since under each of those swaps the Authority received a percentage of LIBOR or a percentage of, or spread to, SIFMA to offset the actual variable bond rate or variable swap rate the Authority pays on any related bonds or on any basis swap. The Authority is exposed to basis risk should the floating rate that it receives on a swap be less than the actual variable rate the Authority pays on any related bonds; or in the case of the floating-to-floating fixed-spread basis swap, less than the variable rate paid to the swap counterparty.

Depending on the magnitude and duration of any basis risk shortfall, the expected cost savings from a swap may not be fully realized.

The following is a summary of interest rates paid to and received from the counterparties as of June 30, 2020:

	MAG 2009-1 Swap	MAG 2010-1 Swap*	MAG 2010-2 Swap*	MA 2007 Swap	PNG 2007 Swap
Payments to counterparty Less, variable payments from counterparty	3.125% 0.119%	0.000% 0.000%	0.000% 0.000%	0.370% 0.187%	5.048% 0.687%
Net interest-rate swap payments	3.006%	0.000%	0.000%	0.183%	4.361%
Add, variable-rate bond coupon payments	0.090%	N/A	N/A	N/A	0.687%
Synthetic interest rate on bonds	3.096%	0.000%	0.000%	0.183%	5.048%

^{*} MAG 2010-1 and MAG 2010-2 were suspended starting November 2018

Termination risk – The Authority or the counterparty may terminate any of the swaps if the other party fails to perform under the terms of the contract. If any of the swaps were terminated, any associated 87

Note 5 - Derivative Instruments (continued)

variable rate bonds would no longer be hedged to a fixed rate. If, at the time of termination, the swap has a negative fair value, the Authority would be liable to the counterparty for a payment equal to the swap's fair value.

Rollover risk – Rollover risk is the risk that the swap contract is not co-terminus with the related bonds. In the event that this type of swap terminates, the Authority would be exposed to variable interest rates on the underlying bonds.

Swap payments and associated debt – Using rates as of June 30, 2020, debt service requirements of the Authority's outstanding variable rate debt and net swap payments are as follows. As rates vary, variable rate bond interest payments and net swap payments will vary.

		Variable-R	Rate B	onds	Inte	rest-Rate		
Fiscal Year Ending June 30,		Principal	lr	nterest	Sw	aps, Net		Total
2021	\$	635	\$	150	\$	4,511	\$	4,661
2022	Ψ	660	Ψ	149	Ψ	4,381	Ψ	4,530
2023		7,560		142		4,153		4,295
2024		7,865		134		3,916		4,050
2025		8,185		126		3,670		3,796
2026-2030		146,205		492		14,287		14,779
2031-2035		124,465		352		7,217		7,569
2036-2040		87,175				_		
	\$	382,750	\$	1,545	\$	42,135	\$	43,680

The following table shows the changes in fair value of derivative instruments (amounts in thousands):

Description	June	e 30, 2019		nange in ir Value	June 30, 2020		
Assets Mood Adelante - Devivetive instruments	c	1.004	Φ	4 207	Ф	2 204	
Mead Adelanto – Derivative instruments	\$	1,094	\$	1,297	\$	2,391	
	\$	1,094	\$	1,297	\$	2,391	
Deferred outflows of resources Magnolia – Deferred outflows Prepaid Natural Gas – Deferred outflows	\$	19,028 10,500	\$	656 4,639	\$	19,684 15,139	
	\$	29,528	\$	5,295	\$	34,823	
Liabilities Magnolia – Derivative instruments Mead Adelanto – Derivative instruments Prepaid Natural Gas – Derivative instruments	\$	29,120 - 10,500	\$	8,418 - 4,639		37,538 - 15,139	
	\$	39,620	\$	13,057	\$	52,677	

Note 6 - Fair Value Measurement

In accordance with GASB 72, fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date (an exit price). Fair value is a market-based measurement for a particular asset or liability based on assumptions that market participants would use in pricing the asset or liability. Such assumptions include observable and unobservable inputs of market data, as well as assumptions about risk and the risk inherent in the inputs to the valuation technique.

Valuation inputs are assumptions that market participants use in pricing an asset or liability. The hierarchy of inputs used to generate the valuation is classified into three different Levels:

- Level 1 inputs are quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the government can access at the measurement date.
- Level 2 inputs include quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities in markets that are active; quoted prices for identical or similar assets or liabilities in markets that are not active; and inputs other than quoted prices that are observable for an asset, either directly or indirectly.
- Level 3 inputs are unobservable inputs from the asset or liability where there is very little market activity and they should be used only when relevant Level 1 and Level 2 inputs are unavailable.

The Authority's fair value measurements are performed on a recurring basis. Because investing is not a core part of the Authority's mission, the Authority determines that the disclosures related to these investments only need to be disaggregated by major type. The Authority categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The fair value of SCPPA's swaps reflect the nonperformance risk of their client counterparty relating to that liability, and the nonperformance risk of the bank counterparty relating to that asset. The tables on pages 89 and 90 present fair value balances and their levels within the fair value hierarchy as of June 30, 2020 and 2019. The investment balances presented exclude amounts related to Government Money Market Funds and Guaranteed Investment Contracts.

Fair value of SCPPA's investments – Debt and other securities classified in Level 1 of the fair value hierarchy are valued through the evaluation of information obtained from live data sources, including active market makers and inter-dealer brokers and the use of prices quoted in active markets for those securities. Level 2 Securities are valued using a multi-dimensional relationship model or matrix pricing model utilizing market data including, but not limited to, benchmark yields, reported trades, and broker/dealer quotes.

Note 6 - Fair Value Measurement (continued)

Fair value of SCPPA's swaps – Fair values take into consideration the prevailing interest rate environment and the specific terms and conditions of a given transaction. The expected swap cash flows are calculated using the zero-coupon discounting method which takes into consideration the prevailing interest rate environment, the specific terms and conditions of a given transaction, and the assumption that the current forward rates implied by the yield curve are the market's best estimate of future spot interest rates. The income approach is then used to obtain the fair value of the swaps, where future amounts (the expected swap cash flows) are converted to a single current (discounted) amount using a rate of return that takes into account the relative risk of nonperformance associated with the cash flows and time value of money. Where applicable under the income approach, the option pricing model technique, such as the Black-Derman-Toy model, or other appropriate option pricing models are used. The observability of inputs used to perform the measurement results in the swap fair values are categorized as Level 2.

The Authority has the following fair value measurements at June 30, 2020:

			Fair Val	ue Usii	ng			
	June 30, 2020	ir Ma Ident	nted Prices n Active arkets for cical Assets Level 1)	0	ignificant Other bservable Inputs (Level 2)	Significant Unobservable Inputs (Level 3)		
Investments by fair value level Debt securities								
U.S. government securities	\$ 98,730	\$	98,730	\$	-	\$	-	
U.S. agencies	545,589		-		545,589		-	
Supranational securities Municipal bonds	41,876 18,238		-		41,876 18,238		-	
Municipal bonds	 10,230				10,230			
Total debt securities	 704,433		98,730		605,703			
Other								
Commercial paper	24,346		-		24,346		-	
Certificate of deposit	2,600		=		2,600		-	
Medium term corporate notes	 4,266				4,266		-	
Total other	 31,212				31,212			
Total investments by fair								
value level	\$ 735,645	\$	98,730	\$	636,915	\$		
Derivative instruments by fair value level								
Investment derivative	\$ (15,463)		-	\$	(15,463)		-	
Effective hedge	 (34,823)		-		(34,823)			
Total derivative instruments by								
fair value level	\$ (50,286)	\$		\$	(50,286)	\$		
				_				

Note 6 - Fair Value Measurement (continued)

The Authority has the following fair value measurements at June 30, 2019:

				Fair Val	ue Usii	ng	
				ted Prices	S	ignificant	
				n Active	_	Other	Significant
		June 30,		arkets for tical Assets	O	bservable Inputs	Unobservable Inputs
		2019		Level 1)		Level 2)	(Level 3)
	-	2013		LCVCI I)		LCVCI Z)	(LCVCI 3)
Investments by fair value level							
Debt securities							
U.S. government securities	\$	41,143	\$	41,143	\$	-	\$ -
U.S. agencies		724,078		-		724,078	=
Supranational securities		29,546		-		29,546	=
Municipal bonds		4,125		-		4,125	
Total debt securities		798,892		41,143		757,749	
Other							
Commercial paper		13,269		-		13,269	-
Certificate of deposit		6,800		-		6,800	-
Medium term corporate notes		15,631				15,631	
Total other		35,700		-		35,700	
Total investments by fair							
value level	\$	834,592	\$	41,143	\$	793,449	\$ -
value level	<u> </u>	004,002	Ψ	41,140	Ψ	700,440	<u> </u>
Derivative instruments by fair value level							
Investment derivative	\$	(8,997)	\$	-	\$	(8,998)	\$ -
Effective hedge		(28,652)		-		(28,652)	
Total derivative Instruments by							
fair value level	\$	(37,649)	\$	_	\$	(37,650)	\$ -

Note 7 - Long-Term Debt

Long-term debt outstanding at June 30, 2020, consisted of "new money" bonds, refunding bonds, and subordinate refunding bonds due in varying annual amounts through July 1, 2040. The new money bonds were issued to finance the purchase and construction or acquisition of the Authority's interest in each of the Projects. The refunding and subordinate refunding bonds were issued to refund specified new money bonds.

In accordance with the bond indentures, new money bonds and refunding bonds are special, limited obligations of the Authority. With the exception of the Magnolia Power Project B, Lease Revenue Bonds (City of Cerritos, California) 2003-1 (Project B Bonds), the bonds issued by each project are payable solely from and secured solely by interests in that project as follows:

- Proceeds from the sale of bonds;
- All revenues, incomes, rents, and receipts attributable to that project and interest earned on securities held under the bond indenture or indentures; and
- All funds established by the bond indenture or indentures.

The Authority has agreed to certain covenants with respect to bonded indebtedness, including the requirement to enforce the natural gas, power, and transmission sales agreements with the participants. At the option of the Authority, all outstanding new money bonds and refunding bonds are subject to redemption prior to maturity, except as follows:

- Southern Transmission System 2011 Series A, 2013 Series A, 2015 Series A and B, portions of the 2015 Series C Subordinate Refunding bonds, 2017 Series A Subordinate Refunding bonds, and 2018 Series A Subordinate Refunding bonds;
- Mead-Phoenix and Mead-Adelanto 2012 Series A and portions of 2016 Series A Revenue bonds;
- Prepaid Natural Gas 2007 Series A and B Revenue bonds;
- Canyon Power portions of 2016 Series A Refunding Revenue bonds;
- Milford II Wind portions of the 2011-1 Revenue bonds;
- Milford I Wind 2019-1 Refunding Revenue bonds;
- Magnolia Power portions of the 2020-1 Refunding Revenue bonds;
- Tieton Hydropower portions of the 2020 Series A Refunding Revenue bonds; and
- Windy Point/Windy Flats portions of the 2020-1 Refunding Revenue bonds.

Variable rate debt includes debt with rates based on daily, weekly, and long-term rates as determined by a remarketing or calculation agent.

Note 7 - Long-Term Debt (continued)

A summary of changes in long-term debt follows (amounts in thousands):

			GENERATION					G	REEN POWER				
	Magnolia Power		Canyon Power	Apex Power	Tieton Hydro-power		Milford I Wind		Milford II Wind		Windy Point	Li	nden Wind
Total long-term debt at June 30, 2019 Total debt due within one year at June 30, 2019	\$ 282,29 7,56		316,182 7,835	\$ 282,547 9,710	\$ 45,943 1,000	\$	161,336 10,570	\$	118,470 6,665	\$	358,591 23,040	\$	108,479 4,335
Total debt at June 30, 2019	289,85	7	324,017	292,257	46,943		171,906		125,135		381,631		112,814
Principal payments Bonds refunded/defeased Refunding bonds issued Change in unamortized premiums and discounts	(7,56 (249,66 228,23 20,59	0) 0	(7,835) - - (1,966)	(9,710) - - (748)	(1,000) (36,340) 26,585 6,080		(10,570) (156,930) 111,920 16,537		(6,665) - - (1,125)		(23,040) (341,135) 274,310 18,793		(4,335) (63,985) 54,675 3,434
Total debt at June 30, 2020	281,46	4	314,216	281,799	 42,268		132,863		117,345		310,559		102,603
Total debt due within one year at June 30, 2020	(7,80	0)	(8,185)	(9,920)	 (1,050)		(5,975)		(7,000)		(1,650)		(815)
Total long-term debt at June 30, 2020	\$ 273,66	4 \$	306,031	\$ 271,879	\$ 41,218	\$	126,888	\$	110,345	\$	308,909	\$	101,788
		Т	TRANSMISSION			NA	TURAL GAS						
	Southern Transmission System		Mead- Phoenix	Mead- Adelanto	 Pinedale		Barnett		Prepaid Natural Gas		Total		
Total long-term debt at June 30, 2019 Total debt due within one year at June 30, 2019	\$ 411,62 48,73		26,461 7,365	\$ 42,593 21,565	\$ 14,864 1,627	\$	34,961 3,818	\$	286,712 6,445	\$	2,491,059 160,265		
Total debt at June 30, 2019	460,35	3	33,826	64,158	16,491		38,779		293,157		2,651,324		
Principal payments Bonds refunded/defeased Refunding bonds issued	(48,73	- -	(7,365) - -	(21,565) - -	(1,627) - -		(3,818) - -		(6,445) - -		(160,265) (848,050) 695,720		
Change in unamortized premiums and discounts	(9,65	8)	(588)	(1,001)	 				(219)	_	50,136		
Total debt at June 30, 2020	401,96	5	25,873	41,592	14,864		34,961		286,493		2,388,865		
Total debt due within one year at June 30, 2020	(59,90	0)	(5,990)	(17,110)	 (1,522)		(3,573)		(7,725)		(138,215)		
Total long-term debt at June 30, 2020	\$ 342,06	5 \$	19,883	\$ 24,482	\$ 13,342	\$	31,388	\$	278,768	\$	2,250,650		

Note 7 - Long-Term Debt (continued)

A summary of changes in long-term debt follows (amounts in thousands):

		GENERATION				GREEN POWER		
	Magnolia Power	Canyon Power	Apex Power	Tieton Hydro-power	Milford I Wind	Milford II Wind	Windy Point	Linden Wind
Total long-term debt at June 30, 2018 Total debt due within one year at June 30, 2018	\$ 291,139 7,210	\$ 326,042 7,540	\$ 293,004 9,545	\$ 47,008 950	\$ 172,747 10,085	\$ 126,427 6,370	\$ 385,446 22,020	\$ 113,442 4,170
Total debt at June 30, 2018	298,349	333,582	302,549	47,958	182,832	132,797	407,466	117,612
Principal payments Revenue bonds issued Bonds refunded/defeased	(7,210)	(7,540)	(9,545)	(950)	(10,085)	(6,370)	(22,020)	(4,170)
Refunding bonds issued Change in unamortized premiums and discounts	(1,282)	(2,025)	(747)	(65)	(841)	(1,292)	(3,815)	(628)
Total debt at June 30, 2019	289,857	324,017	292,257	46,943	171,906	125,135	381,631	112,814
Total debt due within one year at June 30, 2019	(7,560)	(7,835)	(9,710)	(1,000)	(10,570)	(6,665)	(23,040)	(4,335)
Total long-term debt at June 30, 2019	\$ 282,297	\$ 316,182	\$ 282,547	\$ 45,943	\$ 161,336	\$ 118,470	\$ 358,591	\$ 108,479
	Southern	TRANSMISSION			NATURAL GAS			
	Transmission System	Mead- Phoenix	Mead- Adelanto	Pinedale	Barnett	Prepaid Natural Gas	Total	
Total long-term debt at June 30, 2018 Total debt due within one year at June 30, 2018	\$ 470,191 56,100	\$ 34,583 7,185	\$ 65,877 20,705	\$ 16,490 1,770	\$ 38,780 4,150	\$ 293,386 5,385	\$ 2,674,562 163,185	
Total debt at June 30, 2018	526,291	41,768	86,582	18,260	42,930	298,771	2,837,747	
Principal payments Revenue bonds issued	(56,100)	(7,185)	(20,705)	(1,770)	(4,150)	(5,385)	(163,185)	
Revenue bonds issued Bonds refunded/defeased Refunding bonds issued Change in unamortized premiums and discounts	(52,795) 48,535 (5,578)	- - - (757)	- - - (1,719)	- - - 1	- - (1)	(229)	(52,795) 48,535 (18,978)	
Total debt at June 30, 2019	460,353	33,826	64,158	16,491	38,779	293,157	2,651,324	
Total debt due within one year at June 30, 2019	(48,730)	(7,365)	(21,565)	(1,627)	(3,818)	(6,445)	(160,265)	
Total long-term debt at June 30, 2019	\$ 411,623	\$ 26,461	\$ 42,593	\$ 14,864	\$ 34,961	\$ 286,712	\$ 2,491,059	

Note 7 - Long-Term Debt (continued)

Magnolia Power Project – Debt consists of revenue and refunding series bonds with variable and fixed interest rates between 2.00% and 5.00% with final maturities occurring in 2036.

Of the outstanding Magnolia Power Project Revenue Bonds, \$10.685 million of "Project B Bonds" are secured by lease rental payments to be made by the City of Cerritos (the City) in connection with the lease of certain facilities and premises owned by the City to the Authority and the leaseback of such facilities and premises to the City. The Base Rental Payments will be equal to the principal and interest on the Project B Bonds. In accordance with the Assignment Agreement between the Authority and the Trustee, the Authority will assign certain of its rights under the lease, including its right to receive the Base Rental Payments, to the Trustee for the benefit of the owners of the Project B Bonds.

The City has covenanted to budget and appropriate sufficient funds to make all payments required to be made under the lease. The lease has a term of 55 years.

Magnolia Power Project Refunding Revenue Bonds – On April 28, 2020, SCPPA issued \$81,100,000 of Magnolia Power Project A 2020-1 Refunding Revenue Bonds (the "2020-1 Bonds") with a premium of \$22,075,988. The 2020-1 Bonds were issued to refund a portion of SCPPA's outstanding Magnolia Power Project A, Refunding Revenue 2009-1 Bonds and a portion of SCPPA's outstanding Magnolia Power Project A, Refunding Revenue 2017-1 Bonds, to fund the costs of partially terminating an interest rate swap, and to pay the costs of issuance relating to the 2020-1 Bonds.

On the same date, SCPPA also issued \$147,130,000 of Magnolia Power Project A 2020-3 Refunding Revenue Bonds (the "2020-3 Bonds"), to fully refund SCPPA's remaining outstanding Magnolia Power Project A, Refunding Revenue 2009-1 Bonds and Magnolia Power Project A, Refunding Revenue Bonds 2017-1 Bonds, to fund the costs of partially terminating an interest rate swap, and to pay costs of issuance relating to the 2020-3 Bonds.

Canyon Power Project – Debt consists of revenue bonds with variable and fixed interest rates ranging from 0.13% to 5.00% and final maturity occurring in 2040.

Canyon Power Project Refunding Revenue Bonds – On May 15, 2018, SCPPA issued \$114.31 million of Canyon Power Project 2018 Series A Refunding Revenue Bonds (the "2018A Bonds") with a premium of \$298,349 and \$114,605,000 of Canyon Power Project 2018 Series B Refunding Revenue Bonds (the "2018B Bonds"). The 2018A and 2018B Bonds were issued to refund all of the outstanding Canyon Power Project, Refunding Revenue Bonds 2017 Series A, and pay the costs of issuance relating to the 2018A & 2018B Bonds. The Series 2018A Bonds were issued as Fixed Rate Tender Bonds, bearing a fixed yield of 2.14% through the initial mandatory tender date of May 1, 2021, at which point the bonds will be remarketed for another fixed rate period or converted into another permissible mode. The Series 2018B Bonds were issued as Index Tender Bonds, bearing a variable rate at a fixed spread of 0.25% to the SIFMA Index through the initial mandatory tender date of May 1, 2021, at which point the bonds will be remarketed for another index rate period or converted into another permissible mode. Based on the assumed rate, the Refunding had a present value savings of \$1.68 million.

Note 7 - Long-Term Debt (continued)

Apex Power Project – Debt consists of revenue bonds with fixed interest rates between 2.638% and 5.00% and final maturity occurring in 2038.

Tieton Hydropower Project – Debt consists of revenue bonds with fixed interest rates between 4.00% and 5.79% and final maturity occurring in 2040.

Tieton Hydropower Project Refunding Revenue Bonds – On May 28, 2020, SCPPA issued \$26,585,000 of Tieton Hydropower Project Revenue Refunding Bonds (the "2020 Series A Bonds") with a premium of \$6,971,757. The 2020 Series A Bonds were issued to refund all of the outstanding \$36,340,000 of Tieton Hydropower Project, Revenue Bonds 2010 Series A Bonds and to pay costs of issuance relating to the 2020 Series A Bonds. The refunding resulted in net present value savings of \$11.7 million.

Milford I Wind Project – Debt consists of refunding revenue bonds with fixed interest rates ranging from 2.00% to 5.00% and final maturity occurring in 2029.

Milford Wind Corridor Phase I Project Refunding Revenue Bonds – On October 23, 2019, SCPPA issued \$111,920,000 of Milford Wind Corridor Phase 1 Project, 2019-1 Refunding Revenue Bonds (the "2019-1 Bonds") with a premium of \$23,812,000. The 2019-1 Bonds were issued to refund all of the outstanding \$156,930,000 of Milford Wind Corridor Phase I Project, Revenue Bonds 2010-1, and pay the costs of issuance relating to the 2019-1 Bonds. The refunding resulted in net present value savings of \$32.3 million.

Milford II Wind Project – Debt consists of revenue bonds with fixed interest rates ranging from 4.00% to 5.25% and final maturity occurring in 2031.

Linden Wind Energy Project – Debt consists of revenue and refunding series bonds with fixed interest rates between 5.00% and 5.92% and final maturity occurring in 2035.

Linden Wind Energy Project Refunding Revenue Bonds – On May 12, 2020, SCPPA issued \$54,675,000 of Linden Wind Energy Project, Refunding Revenue Bonds (the "2020 Series A Bonds") with a premium of \$6,634,730. The 2020 Series A Bonds were issued to refund all of the outstanding \$63,985,000 of Linden Wind Energy Project, Revenue Bonds, 2010 Series A and to pay costs of issuance relating to the 2020 Series A Bonds. The refunding resulted in net present value savings of \$11.8 million.

Southern Transmission System Project – Debt consists of refunding and subordinate refunding series bonds with fixed interest rates ranging from 2.029% to 5.00% and final maturities occurring in 2027.

STS Project Refunding Bonds – On October 10, 2018, SCPPA issued \$48,535,000 of Southern Transmission System Project 2018 Series A Refunding Revenue Bonds (the "2018A Bonds") with a premium of \$4,675,655. The 2018A Bonds were issued to refund all of the outstanding \$43,860,000 of STS Project, Refunding Revenue Bonds 2008 Series A, and \$37,000,000 of STS Project, Refunding Revenue Bonds 2009 Series A, and to pay the costs of issuance relating to the 2018A Bonds. The Refunding has a net present value savings of \$4.65 million.

Note 7 - Long-Term Debt (continued)

Windy Point/Windy Flats Project – Debt consists of refunding revenue bonds with fixed interest rate of 5.00% and final maturity occurring in 2030.

Windy Point/Windy Flats Project Refunding Revenue Bonds – On May 27, 2020, SCPPA issued \$274,310,000 of Windy Point/Windy Flats Project Refunding Revenue Bonds (the "2020-1 Bonds") with a premium of \$37,031,330. The 2020-1 Bonds were issued to refund the Authority's outstanding \$341,135,000 of Windy Point/Windy Flats Project, Revenue Bonds 2010 Series A Bonds and to pay costs of issuance relating to the 2020-1 Bonds. The refunding resulted in net present value savings of \$52.1 million.

Mead Phoenix/Mead Adelanto Projects – Debt consists of revenue and refunding series bonds with fixed interest rates between 2.81% and 5.00% with final maturities occurring in 2030.

Natural Gas Projects – Debt consists of revenue bonds with fixed interest rates ranging from 5.51% to 6.03% and final maturities occurring in 2032.

Prepaid Natural Gas Project – Debt consists of revenue bonds with variable and fixed interest rates ranging from 5.00% to 5.25% and final maturity occurring in 2035.

Note 7 – Long-Term Debt (continued)

Premiums/Discounts – Unamortized premiums and discounts, net, are included in the statements of net position as a component of long-term debt (amounts in thousands):

Unamortized (Premium) Discount, Net	ne 30, 2020 ium) Discount
Magnolia Power Project Canyon Power Project Apex Power Project Tieton Hydropower Project Milford I Wind Project Milford II Wind Project Windy Point Project Linden Wind Energy Project Southern Transmission System Project Mead-Phoenix Project Mead-Adelanto Project Prepaid Natural Gas Project No. 1	\$ (22,224) (6,220) (10,339) (6,923) (20,943) (4,875) (36,249) (6,378) (24,649) (2,483) (3,158) (1,663)
Haramantina d (Dannisum) Dinasaunt Nat	(146,104) ne 30, 2019
Magnolia Power Project Canyon Power Project Apex Power Project Tieton Hydropower Project Milford I Wind Project Milford II Wind Project Windy Point Project Linden Wind Energy Project Southern Transmission System Project Mead-Phoenix Project Prepaid Natural Gas Project No. 1	\$ (1,627) (8,186) (11,087) (843) (4,406) (6,000) (17,456) (2,944) (34,307) (3,071) (4,159) (1,882)
	\$ (95,968)

Note 7 - Long-Term Debt (continued)

Advance refundings – The Authority has established irrevocable escrow trusts with the proceeds from issuance of subordinate refunding bonds. These investments will be used to pay specified revenue bonds called at scheduled redemption dates.

Defeasance of debt – The Authority has defeased specified revenue bonds by placing the proceeds from the issuance of subordinate refunding bonds in irrevocable trusts to provide for all future debt service payments on the refunded bonds. The trust investments and related liability for bonds that are considered legally defeased are not included in the Authority's financial statements. At June 30, 2020 and 2019, \$441.5 million and \$81.7 million, respectively, of revenue bonds outstanding are considered legally defeased.

The refunded bonds constitute a contingent liability of the Authority only to the extent that cash and investments presently in the control of the refunding trustees are not sufficient to meet debt service requirements and are therefore excluded from the combined financial statements because the likelihood of additional funding requirements is considered remote.

Debt service – The scheduled debt service payments for future years ending June 30 are included in the table on the following page. As of June 30, 2020, the variable rate was 0.09% and 0.13% for the MAG 2009-1 and CPP 2018B bonds, respectively.

Note 7 - Long-Term Debt (continued)

In accordance with GAAP requirements, SCPPA presents future principal and interest debt service requirements on a cash basis. Future principal and interest payments are as follows (amounts in thousands):

		GENERATION											GREEN POWER								
FISCAL YEAR	Palo Verde San Ju		Juan	Magnolia an Power		Canyon Power		Apex Power		Tieton Hydropower		Milford I Wind		Milford II Wind		Windy Point			nden Wind Energy		
2021 Principal	\$	_	\$	_	\$	7,800	\$	8,185	\$	9,920	\$	1,050	\$	5,975	\$	7,000	\$	1,650	\$	815	
2021 Interest		-		-		3,935		8,453		11,892		1,212		6,435		5,691		8,112		4,179	
2022 Principal		-		-		8,430		8,595		10,185		1,105		9,625		7,345		11,125		4,295	
2022 Interest		-		-		5,545		8,033		11,609		1,669		5,036		5,335		13,355		5,046	
2023 Principal		-		-		13,245		9,025		10,490		1,165		10,105		7,710		11,680		4,510	
2023 Interest		-		-		9,340		7,593		11,286		1,607		4,554		4,949		12,785		4,826	
2024 Principal		-		-		10,760		9,475		10,830		1,225		10,590		8,115		12,265		4,735	
2024 Interest		-		-		8,571		7,130		10,927		1,540		4,046		4,534		12,186		4,595	
2025 - 2029 Principal		-		-		62,815		54,150		60,415		8,110		61,435		47,435		162,590		40,320	
2025 - 2029 Interest		-		-		36,263		28,036		48,123		6,305		11,527		15,632		22,815		13,309	
2030 - 2034 Principal		-		-		81,030		85,290		74,590		7,900		14,190		34,865		75,000		23,985	
2030 - 2034 Interest		-		-		22,790		18,140		33,349		4,378		355		2,808		5,625		10,206	
2035 - 2039 Principal		-		-		75,160		93,465		95,030		10,085		-		-		-		17,565	
2035 - 2039 Interest		-		-		5,778		8,962		12,343		2,151		-		-		-		1,050	
2040 - 2044 Principal		-		-		-		39,811		-		4,705		-		-		-		-	
2040 - 2044 Interest		-				-		823		-		190		-		-		-			
Principal	\$	-	\$		\$	259,240	\$	307,996	\$	271,460	\$	35,345	\$	111,920	\$	112,470	\$	274,310	\$	96,225	
Interest	\$	_	\$	_	\$	92,222	\$	87,170	\$	139,529	\$	19,052	\$	31,953	\$	38,949	\$	74,878	\$	43,211	

Note 7 – Long-Term Debt (continued)

			TRAN	NSMISSION								
FISCAL YEAR	Tra	Southern Insmission System	Mead- Phoenix		Mead- Adelanto		Pinedale		Barnett		Prepaid atural Gas	 Total
2021 Principal	\$	59,900	\$	5,990	\$	17,110	\$	1,522	\$	3,573	\$ 7,725	138,215
2021 Interest		16,430		949		1,441		819		1,926	14,303	85,777
2022 Principal		78,640		1,415		1,695		1,427		3,353	8,940	156,175
2022 Interest		13,534		798		1,024		736		1,732	13,865	87,317
2023 Principal		59,415		1,475		1,780		1,345		3,160	9,705	144,810
2023 Interest		10,276		740		937		658		1,550	13,376	84,477
2024 Principal		62,825		1,535		1,870		1,270		2,985	11,250	149,730
2024 Interest		7,270		679		846		584		1,378	12,826	77,112
2025 - 2029 Principal		116,536		8,805		10,845		5,516		12,974	81,025	732,971
2025 - 2029 Interest		11,622		2,186		2,691		1,914		4,520	52,944	257,887
2030 - 2034 Principal		-		4,170		5,134		3,784		8,916	130,185	549,039
2030 - 2034 Interest		-		211		260		443		1,044	26,447	126,056
2035 - 2039 Principal		-		-		-		-		-	36,000	327,305
2035 - 2039 Interest		-		-		-		-		-	1,815	32,099
2040 - 2044 Principal		-		-		-		-		-	-	44,516
2040 - 2044 Interest		-		-		-		-		-	 -	 1,013
Principal	\$	377,316	\$	23,390	\$	38,434	\$	14,864	\$	34,961	\$ 284,830	\$ 2,242,761
Interest	\$	59,132	\$	5,563	\$	7,199	\$	5,154	\$	12,150	\$ 135,576	\$ 751,738

Note 8 - Notes Payable and Other Liabilities

Notes payable and other liabilities consist mainly of an allowance for future major maintenance expenses and swap-related transaction fees for Magnolia Power Project (MPP), and the Authority's net pension and OPEB liabilities.

Notes payable and other liabilities rollforward (amounts in thousands):

				June	30, 20	020				
Description	J	une 30, 2019	Ad	dditions		yments/ ortization	J	une 30, 2020		
MPP major maintenance MPP 2010-1 and 2010-2 swap suspension Net pension and OPEB liabilities	\$	21,127 2,219 2,327	\$	1,854 - 229	\$	(3,090) (498) -	\$	19,891 1,721 2,556		
	\$	25,673	\$	2,083	\$	(3,588)	\$	24,168		
			June 30, 2019							
Description	June 30, Payments/ 2018 Additions Amortization					June 30, 2019				
MPP major maintenance MPP 2010-1 and 2010-2 swap suspension Net pension and OPEB liabilities	\$	20,142 - 2,301	\$	8,485 2,492 26	\$	(7,500) (273)	\$	21,127 2,219 2,327		
	\$	22,443	\$	11,003	\$	(7,773)	\$	25,673		

Note 9 - Advances from Participants

Advances from participants under current liabilities in the statements of net position consist mainly of billings to participants related to acquisition, inventory, and working capital reserves wherein the matching operating expenses will be recognized at a future date. Advances from participants under noncurrent liabilities in the statements of net position are advances held by the Pinedale and Barnett Natural Gas Projects mainly from LADWP and TID for their share of operating costs and capital expenditures pursuant to their respective Agency Agreements.

Note 9 – Advances from Participants (continued)

Advances from participants' rollforward (amounts in thousands):

Description	Jun	e 30, 2019		Activity		e 30, 2020
Noncurrent:						
Pinedale Project	\$	12,458	\$	(1,158)	\$	11,300
Barnett Project		6,569	·	(861)		5,708
Total noncurrent advances from participants	\$	19,027	\$	(2,019)	\$	17,008
Current:						
Magnolia Power Project	\$	17,244	\$	(244)	\$	17,000
Canyon Power Project		9,421	·	3,293	·	12,714
Apex Power Project		4,589		6,591		11,180
Tieton Hydropower Project		202		-		202
Milford I Wind Project		250		2,520		2,770
Milford II Wind Project		250		_,		250
Windy Point Project		1,000		_		1,000
Linden Wind Energy Project		2,004		1,548		3,552
Mead-Adelanto Project		_,,		-		-
Pinedale Project		3,549		(993)		2,556
Barnett Project		1,951		69		2,020
Ormat Geothermal Project		857		-		857
MWD Small Hydro Project		500		_		500
Ameresco Chiquita Landfill Gas Project		400		_		400
Project Development Fund		1,970		(1,225)		745
SCPPA Building		1		(1)		-
Don A. Campbell/ Wild Rose Geothermal Project		960		-		960
Columbia 2 Solar Project		405		_		405
Don A. Campbell 2 Geothermal Project		960		_		960
Kingbird Solar Project		171		_		171
Heber-1 Geothermal Project		400		-		400
Springbok 1 Solar Project		2,000		_		2,000
Springbok 2 Solar Project		2,000		-		2,000
Summer Solar Project		600		-		600
Astoria 2 Solar Project		800		-		800
Antelope Big Sky Ranch Solar Project		300		-		300
Antelope DSR 1 Solar Project		900		-		900
Antelope DSR 2 Solar Project		90		-		90
Puente Hills Landfill Gas Project		420		-		420
Ormat Northern Nevada Geothermal Project		400		-		400
Springbok III Solar Project		-		2,000		2,000
Whitegrass Geothermal Project		-		300		300
Total current advances from participants	\$	54,594	\$	13,858	\$	68,452

Note 10 - Net Position

The Authority's billing amounts to the participants are determined by its Board of Directors and are subject to review and approval by the participants. Billings to participants are designed to recover "costs" as defined by the power sales, natural gas sales, and transmission service agreements. The billings are structured to systematically provide for debt service requirements, operating funds, and reserves in accordance with these agreements. The accumulated difference between billings and the Authority's expenses calculated in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America are presented as Net Position. It is intended that this difference will be recovered in the future through billings for repayment of principal on the related bonds.

Net position is comprised of the following (in thousands):

	_Ju	ine 30, 2018	-	iscal Year 19 Activity	Jı	une 30, 2019	F	Fiscal Year 2020 Activity	Ju	ne 30, 2020
GAAP items not included in billings to participants										
Depreciation of plant	\$	(2,046,981)	\$	(103,874)	\$	(2,150,855)	\$	(105,107)	\$	(2,255,962)
Nuclear fuel amortization		(5,860)		-		(5,860)		-		(5,860)
Decommissioning expense		(126,805)		(1,720)		(128,525)		(1,720)		(130,245)
Inflation gain (loss)		(8,555)		(3,004)		(11,559)		(1,197)		(12,756)
Amortization of bond discount, debt issue costs,										
and loss on refundings		(798,181)		1,427		(796,754)		2,062		(794,692)
Interest expense		(54,900)		-		(54,900)		-		(54,900)
Loss on defeasance of bonds		(87,509)		-		(87,509)		-		(87,509)
Derivatives and related charges		(5,185)		(3,486)		(8,671)		(6,465)		(15,136)
Pension expense		(2,177)		(140)		(2,317)		(269)		(2,586)
Bond requirements included in billings to participants										
Operations and maintenance, net of investment										
income		(95,074)		(31,133)		(126,207)		(23,161)		(149,368)
Costs of acquisition of capacity		(167)		-		(167)		-		(167)
Billings to amortize costs recoverable		382,050		-		382,050		-		382,050
Reduction in debt service billings due to transfer										
of excess funds		(94,543)		-		(94,543)		-		(94,543)
Principal repayments		2,667,915		160,186		2,828,101		167,817		2,995,918
Withdrawal of funds		(27,792)		-		(27,792)		-		(27,792)
Other	_	266,702		10,862		277,564		(1,127)		276,437
		(07.000)				(= 0.11)				_
B		(37,062)		29,118		(7,944)		30,833		22,889
Projects' Stabilization Fund net position		119,553		15,549		135,102	_	(16,879)		118,223
	\$	82,491	\$	44,667	\$	127,158	\$	13,954	\$	141,112

Note 11 - Pension and Other Postemployment Retirement Plans

Pension Plan

Plan descriptions – All qualified permanent and probationary employees are eligible to participate in SCPPA's Miscellaneous Employee Pension Plans and cost-sharing multiple employer defined benefit pension plans administered by the California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS). Benefit provisions under the Plans are established by State statute and SCPPA resolution. CalPERS issues publicly available reports that include a full description of the pension plans regarding benefit provisions, assumptions and membership information that can be found on the CalPERS website.

Note 11 - Pension and Other Postemployment Retirement Plans (continued)

Benefits provided – CalPERS provides service retirement and disability benefits, annual cost of living adjustments and death benefits to plan members, who must be public employees and beneficiaries. Benefits are based on years of credited service, equal to one year of full-time employment. Members with five years of total service are eligible to retire at age 50 with statutorily reduced benefits. All members are eligible for non-duty disability benefits after 10 years of service.

The death benefit is one of the following: The Basic Death Benefit, the 1957 Survivor Benefit, or the Optional Settlement 2W Death Benefit. The cost of living adjustments for each plan are applied as specified by the Public Employees' Retirement Law.

The Plans' provisions and benefits in effect at June 30, 2020, are summarized as follows:

	Prior to January 1, 2013	On or after January 1, 2013
Hire date		
Benefit formula	2.5% @ 55	2% @ 62
Benefit vesting schedule	5 years service	5 years service
Benefit payments	monthly for life	monthly for life
Retirement age	50 – 55	52 – 67
Monthly benefits, as a % of eligible compensation	2.0% to 2.5%	1.0% to 2.5%
Required employee contribution rates	8%	7.3%
Required employer contribution rates	12.5%	7.2%

Contributions – Section 20814(c) of the California Public Employees' Retirement Law requires that the employer contribution rates for all public employers be determined on an annual basis by the actuary and shall be effective on the July 1 following notice of a change in the rate. Funding contributions for both Plans are determined annually on an actuarial basis as of June 30 by CalPERS. The actuarially determined rate is the estimated amount necessary to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. SCPPA is required to contribute the difference between the actuarially determined rate and the contribution rate of employees.

For the year ended June 30, 2020 and 2019, contributions to the Plans were \$326,501 and \$263,137, respectively, and were recorded as deferred outflows of resources for contributions made subsequent to the measurement date.

Note 11 – Pension and Other Postemployment Retirement Plans (continued)

Pension liabilities, pension expenses and deferred outflows / inflows of resources related to pensions – As of June 30, 2020 and 2019, SCPPA reported a net pension liability of \$1.5 million and \$1.4 million, respectively, for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. SCPPA's net pension liability for each Plan is measured as the proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability of each of the Plans is measured as of June 30, 2019, and the total pension liability for each Plan used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2018 rolled forward to June 30, 2019 using standard update procedures. SCPPA's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of SCPPA's long-term share of contributions to the pension plans relative to the projected contributions of all participating employers, actuarially determined. SCPPA's proportionate share of the net pension liability for the Plans were 0.0417% and 0.0398% as of the June 30, 2019 and 2018 measurement dates, respectively.

For the year ended June 30, 2020 and 2019, SCPPA recognized pension expense of \$393,855 and \$232,549 respectively. SCPPA reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

		June	e 30,	
Deferred Outflows of Resources	1	2020		2019
Pension contributions subsequent to measurement date Change in employer's proportion and differences between the employer's	\$	326,501	\$	263,137
contributions and the employer's proportionate share of contributions Differences between actual and expected experience		701 116,091		59,895 57,493
Changes in assumptions Net differences between projected and actual earnings on plan investments		79,704		170,827
Net differences between projected and actual earnings on plan investments		<u>-</u>		7,408
Total	\$	522,997	\$	558,760
		June 2020	e 30,	2019
Deferred Inflows of Resources Pension contributions subsequent to measurement date	\$	-	\$	-
Change in employer's proportion and differences between the employer's contributions and the employer's proportionate share of contributions		-		-
Differences between actual and expected experience		(8,995)		-
Changes in assumptions		(28,254)		(41,866)
Net differences between projected and actual earnings on plan investments		(29,223)		(19,564)
Total	\$	(66,472)	\$	(61,430)

Note 11 – Pension and Other Postemployment Retirement Plans (continued)

\$326,501 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2021. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized as pension expense as follows:

2020	\$	122,989
2021		(8,532)
2022		16,747
2023		4,969
Thereafter		(6,149)
		_
	\$	130,024
	2021 2022 2023	2021 2022 2023 Thereafter

Actuarial assumptions – The total pension liabilities in the June 30, 2020 actuarial valuations were determined using the following actuarial assumptions:

Valuation Date	June 30, 2018
Measurement Date	June 30, 2019
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal
Actuarial Assumptions:	
Discount Rate	7.15%
Inflation	2.50%
Payroll Growth	2.75%
Projected Salary Increase	Varies by Entry
	Age and Service
Investment Rate of Return	7.38% (1)
	Derived using
	CalPERS'
Mortality	Membership Data

(1) Net pension plan investment expenses, including inflation

The underlying mortality assumptions and all other actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2019 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period 1997 to 2015. Further details of the Experience Study can be found on the CalPERS website.

Discount rate – The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.15% for the Plans. To determine whether the municipal bond rate should be used in the calculation of a discount rate for the Plans, CalPERS stress tested plans that would most likely result in a discount rate that would be different from the actuarially assumed discount rate. Based on the testing, none of the tested plans run out of assets. Therefore, the current 7.15% discount rate is adequate and the use of the municipal bond rate calculation is not necessary. The long term expected discount rate of 7.15% will be applied to all plans in the Public Employees Retirement Fund (PERF). The stress test results are presented in a detailed report that can be obtained from the CalPERS website.

Note 11 - Pension and Other Postemployment Retirement Plans (continued)

According to GAAP, the long-term discount rate should be determined without reduction for pension plan administrative expense. The 7.15% investment return assumption used in this accounting valuation is net of administrative expenses. Administrative expenses are assumed to be 15 basis points. An investment return excluding administrative expenses would have been 7.15%. Using this lower discount rate has resulted in a slightly higher total pension liability and net pension liability. CalPERS checked the materiality threshold for the difference in calculation and did not find it to be a material difference.

CalPERS reviewed all actuarial assumptions as part of its regular Asset Liability Management (ALM) review cycle. There was no change in the discount rate used for GASB 67 and 68 calculations. Any changes to the discount rate will require Board action and proper stakeholder outreach. CalPERS will continue to check the materiality of the difference in calculation until such time as CalPERS has changed its methodology.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class.

In determining the long-term expected rate of return, CalPERS considered both short-term and long-term market return expectations as well as the expected pension fund cash flows. Using historical returns of all the funds' asset classes, expected compound returns were calculated over the short-term (first 10 years) and the long-term (11-60 years) using a building-block approach. Using the expected nominal returns for both short-term and long-term, the present value of benefits was calculated for each fund.

The expected rate of return was set by calculating the single equivalent expected return that arrived at the same present value of benefits for cash flows as the one calculated using both short-term and long-term returns. The expected rate of return was then set equivalent to the single equivalent rate calculated above and rounded down to the nearest one quarter of one percent.

Note 11 - Pension and Other Postemployment Retirement Plans (continued)

The table below reflects the long-term expected real rate of return by asset class. The rate of return was calculated using the capital market assumptions applied to determine the discount rate and asset allocation. These rates of return are net of administrative expenses.

Asset Class	New Strategic Allocation	Real Return Years 1 - 10(a)	Real Return Years 11+ (b)
Global Equity	50.0%	4.80%	5.98%
Global Debt Securities	28.0%	1.00%	2.62%
Inflation Assets	-	0.77%	1.81%
Private Equity	8.0%	6.30%	7.23%
Real Estate	13.0%	3.75%	4.93%
Infrastructure and Forestland	0.0%	0.00%	0.00%
Liquidity	1.0%	-	-0.92%
Total	100.0%		

⁽a) An expected inflation of 2.00% used for this period

Sensitivity of the proportionate share of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate – The following presents SCPPA's proportionate share of the net pension liability for the Plans, calculated using the discount rate for each Plan, as well as what SCPPA's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage point lower or 1-percentage point higher than the current rate:

	June 30,					
	2020			2019		
1% Decrease		6.15%		6.15%		
Net Pension Liability	\$	2,681,139	\$	2,409,911		
Current Discount Rate		7.15%		7.15%		
Net Pension Liability	\$	1,562,437	\$	1,418,393		
1% Increase		8.15%		8.15%		
Net Pension Liability	\$	838,075	\$	748,513		

Pension plan fiduciary net position – Detailed information about each pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued CalPERS financial reports.

Payable to the pension plan – At June 30, 2020, SCPPA did not have an outstanding amount of contributions payable to the pension plan.

⁽b) An expected inflation of 2.92% used for this period

Note 11 - Pension and Other Postemployment Retirement Plans (continued)

Postemployment benefits other than pension – On July 1, 2017 SCPPA implemented GASB Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions, which replaces the requirements of GASB Statement No. 45, Accounting and Financial Reporting by Employers for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions as amended, and GASB No. 57, OPEB Measurement by Agent Employers and Agent Multiple-employer Plans. Specifically, Statement No. 75 recognizes the long-term obligation for health and life insurance benefits offered to retirees.

SCPPA's defined benefit OPEB plan provides health care benefits for eligible employees. SCPPA's plan is a single employer defined benefit OPEB plan administered by the SCPPA Board. The authority to establish and amend the benefit terms and financing is accomplished through the SCPPA Board of Directors.

SCPPA's plan provides healthcare benefits for retirees. The benefit terms vary depending on the employee's date of hire. Below is a brief summary of employee eligibility and benefits provided.

- 1) Employee must retire within 120 days from date of separation
- The retiree must be receiving benefits from CalPERS (California Public Employees' Retirement System)
- 3) Employee was either hired before December 18, 2014 or has at least 10 years of service and is eligible for a supplemental contribution upon retirement

Net OPEB Liability – At June 30, 2019 and 2018, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Total	22
Retirees electing coverage	5
Active employees waiving coverage	5
Active employees electing coverage	12

SCPPA's net OPEB liability of \$992,316 and \$908,596 was measured on June 30, 2019 and 2018, respectively and was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

Note 11 – Pension and Other Postemployment Retirement Plans (continued)

The total OPEB liability in the June 30, 2019 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions and other inputs, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Inflation 2.50%
Salary Increases Varied on years of experience
Discount Rate 3.13%

Healthcare cost trend rates:

Not Medicare Eligible	Medicare Eligible
6.4% in 2020, trending	5.1% in 2020, trending
down to 4.0% in 2076	down to 4.0% in 2076
thereafter	thereafter

Retirees are required to pay the applicable retiree premiums, less any direct subsidies provided by SCPPA. Retiree premiums can vary from \$327 to \$931 for the retiree and \$654 to \$1,862 for the retiree plus spouse depending on the care the provider selected.

The discount rate was based on the index rate for 20-year, tax exempt municipal bonds.

Mortality rates were based on assumptions for the Public Agency Miscellaneous members used in the June 30, 2018 and 2017 CalPERS actuarial valuation.

	June 30,				
		2019		2018	
Beginning balance	\$	908,596	\$	827,411	
Changes for the year					
Service cost		85,925		80,882	
Interest		35,531		31,913	
Differences between expected and actual experience		(29,666)		-	
Changes of assumptions		17,925		(7,876)	
Benefit payments		(25,995)		(23,734)	
Net changes		83,720		81,185	
Ending balance	\$	992,316	\$	908,596	

Changes in the Net OPEB Liability – There were no changes to benefit terms during the year. Changes of assumptions and other inputs reflect a change in the discount rate from 3.62% percent as of June 30, 2018 to 3.13% as of June 30, 2019. In addition, changes of assumptions were made to update healthcare costs and trends.

Note 11 – Pension and Other Postemployment Retirement Plans (continued)

Benefit payments in the measurement period included \$16,258 in direct subsidy payments to retirees and \$9,737 estimated implicit subsidy costs incurred during measurement period ended June 30, 2019.

The following presents the net OPEB liability of SCPPA, as well as what SCPPA's net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage point higher than the current discount rate:

	June 30,				
	2019			2018	
Discount rate	`				
1% Decrease		2.13%		2.62%	
Net OPEB Liability	\$	1,157,585	\$	1,054,739	
Current Discount Rate		3.13%		3.62%	
Net OPEB Liability	\$	992,316	\$	908,596	
1% Increase		4.13%		4.62%	
Net OPEB Liability	\$	860,089	\$	791,389	

The following presents the net OPEB liability of SCPPA, as well as what SCPPA's net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a healthcare cost trend rates that is 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

		June	e 30,	
		2019		2018
Healthcare cost trend rates 1% Decrease - 4.4% decreasing to 3.4%	\$	846.453	\$	772.942
Net Health Plan Liability 5.4% decreasing to 4.4%	Φ	640,455	Ψ	772,942
Net Health Plan Liability	\$	992,316	\$	908,596
1% Increase - 6.4% decreasing to 5.4% Net Health Plan Liability	\$	1,180,676	\$	1,083,443

There were no deferred inflows or outflows in the current year.

Note 12 - Commitments and Contingencies

Public benefits – The members continue to collect the public benefit charge through existing rate structures and have instituted programs to benefit their customers including conservation and energy efficiency programs, public educational programs, research and development, and low-income rate subsidies, totaling a combined \$2.0 billion since their inception in 1997. The decisions on how these funds are allocated are made by the local governing authority, in most cases this is the city council.

Executive action and state legislation – A number of bills affecting the electric industry have been introduced or enacted by the California Legislature. In general, these bills regulate greenhouse gas emissions and provide for greater investment in energy efficiency and environmentally friendly generation and storage alternatives through more stringent renewable resource portfolio standard requirements. The following is a brief summary of bills that have been enacted:

Greenhouse gas emissions – Executive Orders –Executive Order B-55-18, signed in September 2018, set a new statewide goal to achieve carbon neutrality as soon as possible, and no later than 2045, and to achieve and maintain net negative emissions thereafter.

Greenhouse gas emissions – Global Warming Solutions Act – The Global Warming Solutions Act of 2006 (the GWSA) prescribed a statewide cap on global warming pollution with a goal of reaching 1990 greenhouse gas emission levels by 2020; and the 2017 Scoping Plan Update set a target to reduce greenhouse gas emissions 40% below 1990 levels by 2030, and to substantially advance towards a 2050 goal to reduce emissions by 80% below 1990 levels.

Greenhouse gas emissions – cap-and-trade program – The cap-and-trade program introduced a hard emissions cap that covered emissions transportation fuels, natural gas, propane, and other fossil fuels. In July 2017, the California Legislature passed AB 398, extending the cap-and-trade program until 2030 and the distribution of free carbon allowances is continued for certain industrial sectors from 2021-2030 following a formal rulemaking adopted by the California Air Resources Board in 2018.

Greenhouse gas emissions – emissions performance standard – Senate Bill 1368 (SB 1368) signed on January 1, 2007, provides for an emission performance standard, restricting new investments in baseload fossil fuel electric generating resources that exceed the rate of greenhouse gas emissions for existing combined-cycle natural gas baseload generation.

Energy procurement and efficiency reporting – Senate Bill 1037 requires that each publicly owned utilities (POUs), including the Project Participants, prior to procuring new energy generation resources, first acquire all available energy efficiency, demand reduction, and renewable resources that are cost effective, reliable and feasible, then report annually to its customers and to the CEC its investment in energy efficiency and demand reduction programs. Each Project Participant has complied with such reporting requirements.

Note 12 - Commitments and Contingencies (continued)

Renewable Portfolio Standard (RPS) – Senate Bill X1 2 (SBX1-2), the "California Renewable Energy Resources Act," was signed into law on April 12, 2011. SBX1-2 codifies the RPS target for retail electricity sellers to serve 33% of their loads with eligible renewable energy resources by 2020 as provided in Executive Order S-14-08.

Clean Energy and Pollution Reduction Act of 2015 – Senate Bill 350 increased the RPS requirement for publicly-owned electric utilities to 25% of retail sales by December 31, 2016, 33% by December 31, 2020, 40% by December 31, 2024, 45% by December 31, 2027, and 50% by December 31, 2030.

100 Percent Clean Energy Act of 2018 – Senate Bill 100 (SB 100) was signed into law in September 2018. SB 100 accelerates the State's RPS target as established by SB 350 from 50% by 2030 to 60% by 2030 and sets a goal of 100% "clean energy" by the year 2045. SB 100 requires retail electric sellers and local publicly-owned electric utilities to procure a minimum quantity of electric products from eligible renewable energy resources so that the total kWhs of those products sold to retail end-use customers achieve 44% of retail sales by December 31, 2024, 52% of retail sales by December 31, 2027 and 60% of retail sales by December 31, 2030. SB 100 further establishes a State policy that eligible renewable energy resources and zero-carbon resources supply 100% of retail sales of electricity to California end-use customers by December 31, 2045.

Biomass Legislation – Senate Bill 859, signed in September 2016, requires investor-owned utilities (IOUs) and POUs that serve more than 100,000 customers, including certain of the Project Participants, to procure, through financial commitments of five years, their proportionate shares (based on the ratio of the utility's peak demand to the total statewide peak demand), of 125 MW of cumulative rated capacity from existing bioenergy projects that generate energy from wood harvested from high-fire-hazard zones.

Legislation Relating to Wildfires – SB 901, signed in September 2018, amends certain provisions of SB 1028 requiring POUs and electric cooperatives to prepare wildfire mitigation measures if the utilities' overhead electrical lines and equipment are located in an area that has a significant risk of wildfire resulting from those electrical lines and equipment. Under SB 901, each POU or electric cooperative is required to prepare before January 1, 2020 and annually thereafter, a wildfire mitigation plan. SB 901 requires specified information and elements to be considered as necessary, at minimum, in the wildfire mitigation plan. The POU or electric cooperative is required to present each wildfire mitigation plan in an appropriately noticed public meeting, and to accept comments on its wildfire mitigation plan from the public, other local and state agencies, and interested parties. In addition, SB 901 requires the POU or electric cooperative to contract with a qualified independent evaluator with experience in assessing the safe operation of electrical infrastructure to review and assess the comprehensiveness of its wildfire mitigation plan. The report of the independent evaluator is to be made available to the public and to be presented at a public meeting of the POU's governing board.

Note 12 - Commitments and Contingencies (continued)

Assembly Bill 1054 (AB 1054) was signed into law on July 12, 2019. AB 1054 was enacted as an urgency statute to take effect immediately. SB 1054 establishes a Wildfire Fund of approximately \$21 billion to provide liquidity for IOUs (only) to facilitate payment of eligible, uninsured third-party damage claims resulting from future catastrophic wildfires. AB 1054 revises the cost recovery review of wildfire costs and expenses for IOUs before the California Public Utilities Commission (CPUC), and establishes safety certification protocols that IOUs must meet in order to participate in the Wildfire Fund. AB 1054 provides for a cap on an IOU's obligations to reimburse the Wildfire Fund and a presumption of reasonableness if a utility develops and maintains a valid safety certification from the Wildfire Safety Division, which is established in the CPUC pursuant to companion legislation, Assembly Bill 111, also signed into law on July 12, 2019. To receive the safety certification from the CPUC, the IOU must develop and implement an approved wildfire mitigation plan, implement the findings of its safety culture assessments, establish a safety committee of its board of directors, establish board level reporting to the CPUC on safety issues, and adopt a compensation structure tied to safety performance, among other requirements.

AB 1054 expands on the existing requirements established under SB 901 for POUs to develop and implement wildfire mitigation plans. AB 1054 also establishes the California Wildfire Safety Advisory Board (the Wildfire Advisory Board), a seven-member board to be appointed by the Governor (five members), the Speaker of the State Assembly (one member) and the State Senate Committee on Rules (one member). The Wildfire Advisory Board will provide advice and recommendations related to wildfire safety, including on the content and sufficiency of wildfire mitigation plans. AB 1054 requires that after January 1, 2020, each POU or electrical cooperative submit, by July 1 of each year, its plan to the Wildfire Advisory Board for review and comment. Under AB 1054, the Wildfire Advisory Board is required to provide comments and an advisory opinion to each POU regarding the content and sufficiency of its plan and to make recommendations on how to mitigate wildfire risks. AB 1054 requires each POU to comprehensively revise its plan at least once every three years. Project Participants submitted wildfire mitigation plans in accordance with the requirements of SB 901 and AB 1054 as required.

A number of wildfires occurred in California in 2017, 2018, and 2019. Under the doctrine of inverse condemnation (a legal concept that entitles property owners to just compensation if their property is damaged by a public use), California courts have imposed liability on utilities in legal actions brought by property holders for damages caused by the utility's infrastructure. Thus, if the facilities of a utility, such as its electric distribution and transmission lines, are determined to be the substantial cause of a fire, and the doctrine of inverse condemnation applies, the utility could be liable for damages without having been found negligent. SB 1028, SB 901 or AB 1054 do not address the existing legal doctrine relating to utilities' liability for wildfires. How any future legislation addresses California's inverse condemnation and "strict liability" issues for utilities in the context of wildfires in particular could be significant for the electric utility industry.

Note 12 - Commitments and Contingencies (continued)

Solar power – Senate Bill 1 (also known as the California Solar Initiative), which was signed into law on August 21, 2006, requires POUs, including the Project Participants, to establish a program supporting the stated goal of the legislation to install 3,000 MW of photovoltaic energy in California. POUs are also required to establish eligibility criteria in collaboration with the CEC for the funding of solar energy systems receiving ratepayer-funded incentives. Certain reporting requirements also have to be met by the POUs. Each of the Project Participants has established programs in accordance with the requirements of the California Solar Initiative.

Future regulation – The electric industry is subject to continuing legislative and administrative reforms. States routinely consider changes to the way they regulate the electric industry. Historically, both further deregulation and forms of additional regulation have been proposed for the industry, which has been highly regulated throughout its history. While there is no current proposal to further the industry, there still are additional regulations or legislative mandates being proposed or considered for the industry such as higher reliance on renewable energy and tighter regulations for greenhouse gas emission reductions.

The Authority and the Project Participants are unable to predict at this time the impact any such proposals will have on the operations and finances of the Project Participant's electric utility or the electric utility industry generally.

Impact of developments on the Project Participants – The effect of these developments in the California energy markets on the Project Participants cannot be fully ascertained at this time. Also, volatility in energy price in California may return due to a variety of factors which affect both the supply and demand for electric energy in the western United States.

This price volatility may contribute to greater volatility in the revenues of their respective electric systems from the sale (and purchase) of electric energy and, therefore, could materially affect each Project Participant's financial condition. Each Project Participant undertakes resource planning, risk management activities, and manages its resource portfolio to mitigate such price volatility and spot market rate exposure.

Federal policy on cybersecurity –In September 2018, "National Cyber Strategy" was signed which sought to update the nation's cyber strategy for the first time in 15 years – and identified "energy and power" as one of the seven key areas for protection. The FERC has also sought to expand reporting rules for incidents involving attempts to compromise operation of the electric grid (not just when an incident to compromise or disrupt one or more reliability tasks actually occurs).

Federal energy legislation

Energy Policy Act of 2005 – Under the Federal Energy Policy Act of 2005 (EPAct 2005), FERC was given refund authority over municipal utilities if they sell into short-term markets, like the International Organization for Standardization or ISO markets, and sell eight million MWhs or more of electric energy on an annual basis.

Note 12 - Commitments and Contingencies (continued)

NERC reliability standards – On February 3, 2006, FERC issued Order 672, which certified the NERC as the Electric Reliability Organization or ERO. Many reliability standards have since been approved by FERC. Such standards pertain not only to the planning, operations, and maintenance of Bulk-Power System facilities, but also to the cyber and physical security of certain critical facilities.

Federal regulation of transmission access – EPAct 2005 authorizes FERC to compel "open access" to the transmission systems of certain utilities that are not generally regulated by FERC, including municipal utilities if the utility sells more than four million MWhs of electricity per year. Under open access, a transmission provider must allow all customers to use the system under standardized rates, terms and conditions of service.

Other legislation – Congress has considered and is considering numerous bills addressing domestic energy policies and various environmental matters, including bills relating to energy supplies and development (such as a federal energy efficiency standard and expedited permitting for natural gas drilling projects), global warming, and water quality.

Many of these bills, if enacted into law, could have a material impact on the Authority, the Project Participants, and the electric utility industry as a whole. The Authority and the Project Participants are unable to predict the outcome or potential impacts of any possible legislation at this time.

Environmental issues – Electric utilities are subject to continuing environmental regulation. Federal, state and local standards and procedures which regulate the environmental impact of electric utilities are subject to change. There is no assurance that any Authority or Project Participant facility or project will remain subject to the laws and regulations currently in effect, will always be in compliance with future laws and regulations, or will always be able to obtain all required operating permits. In addition, the election of new administrations, including the President of the United States, could impact substantially the current environmental standards and regulations and other matters described herein. An inability to comply with environmental standards could result in, for example, additional capital expenditures, reduced operating levels or the shutdown of individual units not in compliance. In addition, increased environmental laws and regulations may create certain barriers to new facility development, may require modification of existing facilities and may result in additional costs for affected resources.

Greenhouse gas regulations under the Clean Air Act – On July 8, 2019, the EPA issued the final Affordable Clean Energy rule to: (i) replaces the Clean Power Plan with revised emissions guidelines that inform the development, submittal, and implementation of state plans to reduce greenhouse gas emissions from fossil fuel steam electric generating units, primarily coal-fired plants; and (ii) implements new regulations that provide direction to both the EPA and the states on the implementation of emission guidelines. The final rule identifies heat rate improvements as the best system of emission reduction from coal-fired power plants to be made at the individual facilities. The final rule became effective on September 6, 2019; multiple legal challenges were filed as a result.

Note 12 - Commitments and Contingencies (continued)

National Ambient Air Quality Standards – The Clean Air Act requires that the EPA establish National Ambient Air Quality Standards (NAAQS) for certain air pollutants. Once NAAQS have been established, each state must identify areas that do not meet the EPA standard ("non-attainment areas") and develop regulatory measures in its state implementation plan to reduce or control the emissions of that air pollutant in order to meet the applicable standard and become an "attainment area". In August 2019, the D.C. appellate court upheld thresholds for ground-level ozone (70 ppb), directing EPA to revisit secondary public welfare standards. On July 13, 2020, the Trump Administration recommended retaining the Obama Administration's 2015 70 ppb ozone NAAQS after a required statutory review; a formal proposal will be noticed for 45-day review/comment with the intent of finalizing it by year-end.

Mercury and Air Toxic Standards (MATS) – On December 16, 2011, the EPA signed a rule establishing new standards to reduce air pollution from coal- and oil-fired power plants under sections 111 (new source performance standards) and 112 (toxics program) of the Clean Air Act. While many plants meet some or all of these new standards, some plants will be required to install new equipment to meet the standards. In April 2019, California joined a multi-state comment letter opposing EPA's proposal that they believe would undermine emissions standards for power plants as it "would unlawfully remove justification for Clean Air Act regulation of mercury and air toxics emissions from coal- and oil-fired power plants."

In April 2020, the Trump Administration withdrew the previous Administration's legal justification for enforcing the MATS standard, which may limit future regulation of air pollutants from coal- and oil-fired power plants.

Other proposals – On August 14, 2019, EPA formally noticed a proposed rule to make "targeted" revisions to Coal Combustion Residuals (CCR) rules from electric utilities – intended to enhance public access to information, reconsider beneficial use criteria, make revisions to the annual groundwater monitoring and corrective action report requirements, amongst others; stakeholder comments are due October 15, 2019. In April 2020, the EPA extended a comment period on their proposal to establish a federal CCR permit program to May 20, 2020.

Other factors – The electric utility industry in general has been, or in the future may be, affected by a number of other factors which could impact the financial condition and competitiveness of many electric utilities, and the level of utilization of generating and transmission facilities. Such factors, including those discussed above, could have an adverse effect on the financial condition of any given electric utility and likely will affect individual utilities in different ways.

The Authority is unable to predict what impact such factors will have on the business operations and financial condition of its members but the impact could be significant. Extensive information on the electric utility industry is available from the legislative and regulatory bodies and other sources in the public domain.

Note 12 - Commitments and Contingencies (continued)

Nuclear spent fuel and waste disposal – Under the Nuclear Waste Policy Act, the Department of Energy (DOE) was to develop the facilities necessary for the storage and disposal of spent fuel and to have the first such facility in operation by 1998. DOE collected a fee of 0.1 cents/kWh of electric generation from the nuclear plant operators to fund the development and operation of the disposal facility.

In 2009, under the new administration, the federal government decided to cut off all the appropriated funds for the development of the repository at the Yucca Mountain at the urging of the Congress, except a small budget allocation for the closing of the project.

The Palo Verde operating agent (operating agent), on behalf of the co-owners, has litigated the DOE to recover the costs of storing spent fuel at Palo Verde because the DOE failed to honor the contract to remove and dispose of spent fuel as scheduled. The operating agent has submitted multiple claims pursuant to the terms of the 2014 Settlement Agreement (Settlement Agreement), for the period July 1, 2011 through June 30, 2018. The DOE has approved and paid \$84.3 million for these claims (Authority's share is \$4.98 million). On October 31, 2019, the operating agent filed another claim pursuant to the terms of the Settlement Agreement in the amount of \$16 million (SCPPA's share is \$0.94 million). On February 11, 2020, the DOE approved payment of \$15.4 million, which was received on April 20, 2020 (SCPPA's share is \$0.91 million).

The spent fuel storage in the wet pool at Palo Verde exhausted its capacity in 2003. A Dry Cask Storage Facility (the Facility) was built and completed in 2003. The Facility has the capacity to store all the spent fuel generated by the Palo Verde plant until 2027. To date, over 152 casks, each containing 24 spent fuel assemblies were placed in the Facility. Beginning in 2019, PVNGS began to use the newly designed "Magnastor" casks that contain 36 spent fuel assemblies allowing the dry cask storage facility to accept more spent fuel. Storing spent fuel at Palo Verde is now considered indefinite with undetermined costs until spent fuel is removed from the plant site. Four Magnastor systems have been placed in the facility. One Magnastor is currently being loaded, two Magnastors will be loaded by the end of 2020, and two will be loaded in 2021. Procurement for Batch two, 12 Magnastor systems, has begun and loading of Batch two will need to begin in 2029 to maintain adequate facility capacity.

The Department of Energy indicated to nuclear operators that it intends to restart collection of the spent fuel disposal fee in the year 2020. The plant still intends to continue petitioning for reimbursement for the indefinite future.

Note 12 - Commitments and Contingencies (continued)

Nuclear insurance – The Price-Anderson Act (the Act) requires that all utilities with nuclear generating facilities share in the payment for liability claims resulting from a nuclear incident. The Act limits liability from third-party claims to approximately \$13.9 billion per incident. Participants in the Palo Verde Nuclear Generating Station (PVNGS) currently insure potential claims and liability through commercial insurance with a \$450 million limit; the remainder of the potential liability is covered by the industry-wide retrospective assessment program provided under the Act. This program limits assessments to \$137.6 million per operating reactor for each licensee (there are about 98 operating reactors in the U.S.) for each nuclear incident occurring at any nuclear reactor in the United States; payments under the program are limited to \$28.4 million per reactor, per incident, per year to be indexed for inflation every five years. Based on the Authority's 5.91% interest in Palo Verde, the Authority would be responsible for a maximum assessment of \$24.4 million per incident for all three units, limited to payments of \$4.9 million per incident, per year.

In addition to the above, the Authority may be subject to retroactive insurance assessments for its participation in the Neil Property Insurance Program in the amount of \$2.75 million.

Coronavirus – In March of 2020, an outbreak of a novel coronavirus (COVID-19) occurred in the United States, along with various other countries globally. The World Health Organization assessed the novel coronavirus outbreak and characterized it as a pandemic. Subsequent to the declaration of a pandemic, a variety of federal, state, and local governments have taken actions in response to the pandemic, which have ranged by jurisdiction, but are generally expected to result in a continued variety of negative economic consequences, the scope of which are not currently known or quantifiable. The duration and intensity of the impact of the coronavirus and resulting impact to the Authority is unknown.

Other legal matters – The Authority is also involved in various other legal actions. In the opinion of management, the outcome of such litigation or claims will not have a material effect on the financial position or the results of operations of the Authority or the respective separate Projects.

Note 13 - Certain Asset Retirement Obligations

The Authority has asset retirement obligations (ARO) in the following projects:

GENERATION PROJECTS

Palo Verde Project – PVNGS is located approximately 50 miles west of Phoenix, Arizona. PVNGS consists of three nuclear electric generating units (numbered 1, 2 and 3). PVNGS's combined design capacity is 4,003 MWs and its combined dependable capacity is 3,937 MWs. Each PVNGS generating unit has been operating under 40-year Full-Power Operating Licenses granted by the Nuclear Regulatory Commission (NRC) expiring in 2025, 2026, and 2027, respectively. In April 2011, NRC extended the operation for an additional 20 years until 2045, 2046 and 2047, respectively.

Note 13 - Certain Asset Retirement Obligations (continued)

Nuclear Regulatory Commission – The NRC has broad authority under federal law to impose licensing and safety-related requirements for the operation of nuclear generation facilities. In 1988, NRC issued the General Requirements for Decommissioning Nuclear Facilities. The regulation addressed decommissioning planning needs, timing, funding methods, and environmental review requirements. The intent of the rule was to ensure that decommissioning would be accomplished in a safe and timely manner and that adequate funds would be available for this purpose.

Decommissioning Study – In April 2017, APS, the operating agent for PVNGS has availed of the services of an independent consultant to prepare the 2016 Decommissioning Cost Study. This study is conducted every three years and the next study is scheduled in April 2020. The objective of this study is to prepare an estimate of the cost, schedule and waste volume generated to decommission Palo Verde, including all common and supporting facilities. The study considered the integration of the three-unit dismantling, and the dismantling of the Water Facilities and Reservoirs, Evaporation Ponds, Independent Spent Fuel Storage Installation, Steam Generators, Reactor and Storage Facilities. However, the site's Transmission and Distribution System will remain in place and is not considered part of the decommissioning estimate.

The methodology used to develop the estimates are based on numerous fundamental assumptions such as the estimating basis, labor costs, design conditions, including regulatory requirements, project contingencies, low level radioactive waste disposal practices, high-level radioactive waste management options, and site restoration requirements. The decommissioning scenarios assume continued operation of the plant's spent fuel pool for a minimum of six years following the cessation of operations for continued cooling of the assemblies. The primary cost contributors are either labor-related or associated with the management and disposition of the radioactive waste. Program management is the largest single contributor to the overall cost. Removal costs reflect the labor-intensive nature of the decommissioning process, as well as the management controls required to ensure a safe and successful program. Decontamination and packaging costs also have a large labor component that is based upon prevailing union wages. License termination survey costs are associated with the labor intensive and complex activity of verifying that contamination has been removed from the site to the levels specified by the regulating agency.

The cost projected to promptly decommission Palo Verde is estimated to be \$2.74 billion (2016 dollars), of which the Authority's interest which is at 5.91% is estimated to be \$161.9 million (2016 dollars). The Authority is providing for its share of the estimated future decommissioning costs over the remaining life of the nuclear power plant through annual charges to expense, which amounted to \$1.3 million at June 30, 2020 and 2019. The estimated remaining useful life for Unit 1, Unit 2 and Unit 3 are 25 years, 26 years and 27 years, respectively. The effects of general inflation amounted to \$1.1 million and \$2.8 million as of June 30, 2020 and 2019, respectively. The decommissioning liability reported under noncurrent liabilities in the statements of net position was \$173.2 million and \$172.0 million at June 30, 2020 and 2019, respectively.

The owners of PVNGS have created external trusts in accordance with the PVNGS participation agreement and NRC requirements to fund the costs of decommissioning PVNGS. As of June 30, 2020,

Note 13 - Certain Asset Retirement Obligations (continued)

the Authority's decommissioning funds totaled approximately \$185.4 million, including approximately \$0.9 million of interest receivable.

San Juan Project – On July 1, 1993, the Authority purchased a 41.80% interest in Unit 3 and related common facilities of the SJGS from Century Power Corporation. Unit 3, a 497-MW unit, is one unit of a four-unit coal-fired power generating station in New Mexico.

Environmental Protection Agency – SJGS was subject to the statutory obligations of the Federal Clean Air Act to reduce visibility impacts. On October 9, 2014, the United States Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) issued a final rule approving a plan to provide a Best Available Retrofit Technology path to comply with federal visibility rules at SJGS, which among other things resulted in the shutdown of Units 2 and 3 in December 2017. The EPA rule became effective on November 10, 2014.

To meet the 2017 closure deadline, the Authority and other owners who participated in Unit 3 entered into various negotiations and agreements that ultimately entitled the Authority and the other owners to exit the Project at the end of 2017. Unit 3 closed on December 18, 2017 and the Authority exited the SGJS Project on December 31, 2017.

Decommissioning Study – In 2013, the operating agent of SJGS availed the services of an independent engineering firm to conduct a decommissioning study for the Project. The study included three retirement, decommissioning and demolition scenarios, and the impact of the different assumptions on these scenarios. The cost estimates were based on direct and indirect cost assumptions and material estimations using a contracting approach by the operating agent and other SJGS owners. Direct cost assumptions include wage rates based on the prevalent rates in the labor sector, costs associated with equipment rental, demolition and all contractor services, and contingency costs included as an allowance for site unknowns, among others. Indirect costs assumptions include utilities used during demolition, liability insurance and performance bond. Material quantity estimation was based on major demolition activities including complete dismantling of all four units and restoring the site to the original condition.

The reclamation and decommissioning of SJGS Unit 3 commenced in January 2018 and July 2018, respectively. The decommissioning liability reported under noncurrent liabilities in the statements of net position was \$3.6 million at June 30, 2020 and 2019. For fiscal year ended June 30, 2020 and 2019, actual decommissioning expenses totaled \$0.11 million and \$0.19 million, respectively.

The Authority recognized \$25.3 million and \$26.0 million reclamation liability as of June 30, 2020 and 2019, respectively; and reported it under noncurrent liabilities in the statements of net position. For fiscal year ended June 30, 2020 and 2019, actual reclamation expenses totaled \$1.18 million and \$0.69 million, respectively.

The Decommissioning and Reclamation Trust Funds were fully funded based on the requirements set forth by the Trust Fund Agreements in December 2017. As of June 30, 2020, decommissioning and reclamation trust funds totaled \$3.6 million and \$25.8 million, respectively.

Note 13 - Certain Asset Retirement Obligations (continued)

Apex Power Project – On March 26, 2014, the Authority acquired the Apex Power Project pursuant to an Asset Purchase Agreement, dated as of October 17, 2013. The Apex Generating Station, located in North Las Vegas, Nevada, is owned by SCPPA with all power generated sold to LADWP. The station is natural gas combined cycle consisting of combustion turbine generators and a steam turbine generator. The facility is interconnected through a 3.13-mile 500 kV radial generation tie line owned by Nevada Power Company that connects the Facility to the Nevada Power Company's transmission system at its Harry Allen 500 kV Substation. LADWP is the project manager and operating agent of the Project.

Contractual Obligation – In accordance with the Asset Purchase Agreement, Schedule 2.07, the Authority assumed liabilities arising after the closing of the facility. The liabilities include among others, those related to environmental conditions on the real property and remediation obligations.

Decommissioning Study – In 2019, the Authority and LADWP contracted an independent consultant to perform a study of decommissioning costs and to begin allocating the funds necessary for station decommissioning. The study presented demolition of all equipment and structures as well as removal of all paved roads and foundations to a depth of two feet below grade. The study may ultimately be required by local or state authorities in the future and was used by the Authority to recognize its asset retirement obligation. The study developed a labor-hour estimate for disassembling the station using standard techniques for wholesale demolition and associated unit cost factors applicable for installed equipment and structures. Costs were calculated for removal and demolition of existing station structures, equipment and associated site restoration costs, scrap value of valuable metals, indirect contingency, escalation and owner's costs.

Total decommissioning cost recognized amounted to \$9.9 million (2019 dollars). The estimated remaining useful life for the tangible capital assets is approximately 18 years.

The deferred outflows recognized at the beginning of the Project amounted to \$9.2 million and is amortized over the remaining useful life of the plant for \$0.37 million as of June 30, 2020 and 2019. The effects of general inflation amounted to \$0.064 million and \$0.16 million as of June 30, 2020 and 2019, respectively. The decommissioning liability reported under noncurrent liabilities in the statements of net position was \$9.9 million at June 30, 2020 and 2019.

GREEN POWER PROJECTS

Tieton Hydropower Project – The Tieton Hydropower Project is a "run of the reservoir" hydroelectric facility, comprised of a powerhouse constructed at the base of the USBR Tieton Dam on the Tieton River, and a 21-mile 115 kV transmission line from the power plant substation to the point of interconnection with the electrical grid. The powerhouse comprised of two Francis turbines and accompanying generators and has a nameplate capacity of 13.6 MW with a maximum capacity of approximately 20 MW.

Note 13 - Certain Asset Retirement Obligations (continued)

Federal Energy Regulatory Commission – In accordance with Article 30 of the FERC, if the Authority shall abandon or discontinue the operation of the Project, it may require the Authority to remove any or all structures, equipment and power lines within the boundary and to take any such other action necessary to restore the waters, lands and facilities remaining within the boundary to a condition satisfactory to the United States agency having jurisdiction over its lands or the FERC's authorized representative as appropriate or to provide for the continued operation and maintenance of non-power facilities and fulfill such other obligations under the license as the FERC may prescribe.

Asset Retirement Obligation – The operating manager for the Project availed the services of an independent consultant to perform an estimate for decommissioning and restoration. The preliminary cost estimate presented a list of the work that will be performed on the site such as concrete and foundation work, mechanical and electrical work. The estimate assumed that the powerhouse will be removed up to the top of the caisson. It also assumed that the concrete trust block and the two inlet pipes will remain along with the existing valve house. Cost estimates include both labor and materials.

Total cost recognized amounted to \$0.85 million (2019 dollars). The estimated useful life for the tangible capital assets from the date of purchase is 30 years. The deferred outflows recognized at the beginning of the Project amounted to \$0.72 million and is amortized over the remaining useful life of the plant for \$0.02 million as of June 30, 2020 and 2019. The effects of general inflation amounted to \$0.01 million as of June 30, 2020 and 2019. The decommissioning liability reported under noncurrent liabilities in the statements of net position was \$0.86 million and \$0.85 million at June 30, 2020 and 2019, respectively.

Linden Wind Energy Project – Linden Wind is a wind farm facility that is located near the town of Goldendale in Klickitat County, Washington. It has an approximately 50 MW nameplate capacity comprised of: (i) 25 Repower MM 92, 60 HZ, three-bladed, 92.5 meter rotor diameter wind energy converters (WECs); (ii) one 50 meter tall meteorological tower; (iii) a 34.5-kV power underground collection system linking the WECs to the collector substation; (iv) 25 pad-mount 2.25 MVA transformers; (v) a substation and transmission line intertie; (vi) fiber optic underground communication cables from the WEC's to the substation control building; (vii) a supervisory control and data acquisition system; (viii) operation, maintenance and storage buildings, structures and facilities; and (ix) all equipment and other personal property related to the operation and support of the facility. The facility achieved commercial operation on June 30, 2010. On September 15, 2010, the Authority completed its acquisition pursuant to the terms of the Asset Purchase Agreement. LADWP is the operating manager of the Project.

Note 13 - Certain Asset Retirement Obligations (continued)

Environmental Matters – The lead agency for environmental review and land use permitting is Klickitat County. The facility is located within the Klickitat County Energy Overlay Zone (EOZ) for wind energy development and EOZ requires compliance with numerous other laws and regulations, including the Clean Air Act, the Clean Water Act, the Endangered Species Act, hazardous materials and waste management requirements, fire and building codes, health and safety regulations, Federal Aviation Administration limitations, and historical, cultural and archeological requirements. The EOZ Permit authority will continue so long as the facility remains in compliance with all permit requirements, including habitat mitigation and financial assurance requirements for final decommissioning of facility structures. The decommissioning of turbines on federal lands is regulated by the Bureau of Land Management.

Wind Turbine Decommissioning Costs – The Authority has used a market survey from an independent consultant considering key cost components on decommissioning, restoration of project site, and salvage value. The survey used a case-by-case approach to analyze and estimate costs given numerous variables relating to equipment, geography, commodity market, etc. An internal cost assessment was made to identify the wind farm that is closest to the Linden Wind Energy Project and the cost was used to recognize ARO liability.

Total cost recognized amounted to \$0.70 million (2019 dollars). The estimated useful life for the tangible capital assets from the date of purchase is 26 years. The deferred outflows recognized at the beginning of the Project amounted to \$0.60 million and is amortized over the remaining useful life of the plant for \$0.02 million as of June 30, 2020 and 2019. The effects of general inflation amounted to \$0.005 million and \$0.019 million as of June 30, 2020 and 2019, respectively. The decommissioning liability reported under noncurrent liabilities in the statements of net position was \$0.70 million at June 30, 2020 and 2019.

NATURAL GAS

Natural Gas Project – The Natural Gas Project includes the Authority's leasehold interests in (i) certain natural gas resources, reserves, fields, wells and related facilities located near Pinedale, Wyoming and (ii) certain natural gas resources, reserves, fields, wells and related facilities in (or near) the Barnett Shale geological formation in Texas. There are currently 130 proved, developed, and producing wells on the Pinedale Leases. In addition to the producing wells, the Pinedale Leases include 19 proved undeveloped well locations with well spacing down to the 10-acre level. The Barnett Leases has currently 151 proved, developed and producing wells, including condensing equipment to remove water and oil from the gas. In addition to the producing wells, there are 3 proved undeveloped well locations and 3 probable undeveloped well locations, with well spacing down to 1,000 feet between 2,500-foot lateral wells.

Wyoming Oil and Gas Conservation Commission (Supervisor) – Pinedale Field is controlled by the Supervisor which administers the Wyoming Conservation Act. The Supervisor sets the manner for supervising the field in conjunction with the federal government which also issued leases for federal land within the outline of the field.

Note 13 - Certain Asset Retirement Obligations (continued)

Abandonment Work – The Authority has availed of the services of an independent engineering firm to estimate the costs of abandonment on idle wells. Abandonment costs include detailed statement of proposed work such as kind, location, length of plugs, plans for mudding, cementing, shooting, testing and removing casing, as well as other pertinent information. The final abandonment consists of restoring the land to its natural state. The operator will contour the land to fit its natural environment and the area will be seeded to restore the native vegetation. Abandonment costs used in the study are the operator's cost estimates to abandon the wells and production facilities, net of any salvage value. The costs are held constant, and then escalated 1 percent on January 1 of each year to the date of expenditure.

For Pinedale, Wyoming total cost recognized amounted to \$1.38 million (2018 dollars). The estimated useful life for the tangible capital assets from the date of acquisition is 28 years. The deferred outflows recognized at the beginning of the Project amounted to \$1.07 million and is amortized over the remaining useful life of the plant for \$0.04 million as of June 30, 2020 and 2019. The effects of general inflation amounted to \$0.009 million and \$0.02 million as of June 30, 2020 and 2019, respectively. The decommissioning liability reported under noncurrent liabilities in the statements of net position was \$1.40 million at June 30, 2020 and 2019.

For Barnett, Texas, total cost recognized amounted to \$0.29 million (2018 dollars). The estimated useful life for the tangible capital assets from the date of acquisition is 28 years. The deferred outflows recognized at the beginning of the Project amounted to \$0.23 million and is amortized over the remaining useful life of the plant for \$0.009 million as of June 30, 2020 and 2019. The effects of general inflation amounted to \$0.002 million and \$0.005 million as of June 30, 2020 and 2019, respectively. The decommissioning liability reported under noncurrent liabilities in the statements of net position was \$0.30 million at June 30, 2020 and 2019.

TRANSMISSION PROJECTS

Southern Transmission System, Mead-Phoenix, and Mead-Adelanto Projects – These projects are generally located upon land that is leased from federal and certain state governments. Upon termination of the leases, the structures, improvements, and equipment are to be removed and the land is to be restored. Because these leases are expected to be renewed indefinitely and because the inherent value of the transmission corridors, the leases have no foreseeable termination date, and therefore, ARO related to the transmission facilities cannot be reasonably estimated.

Note 13 - Certain Asset Retirement Obligations (continued)

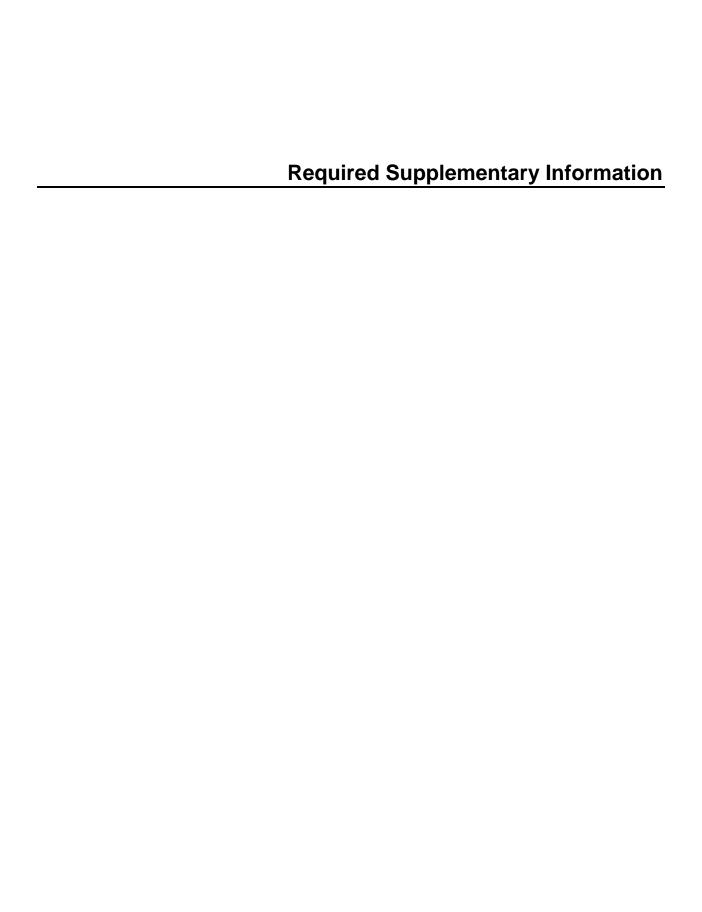
A summary of ARO information as of June 30, 2020 follows (amounts in thousands):

Project Name	Asset Types	Remaining Useful Life (yrs)		ed Outflows Resources		mmissioning and mation Obligation
Palo Verde	Nuclear power plant	25/26/27	\$	32,880	\$	173,151
San Juan*	Coal power plant	-	·	, <u>-</u>	·	28,953
Apex Power	Natural Gas turbine generators	18		6,872		9,997
Tieton Hydropower	Hydro Powerhouse	20		456		859
Linden Wind Energy	Wind turbines	15		350		703
Natural Gas - Pinedale	Oil Wells	12		459		1,413
Natural Gas - Barnett	Oil Wells	12		107		299
			\$	41,124	\$	215,375

^{*}Decommissioning and reclamation commenced in 2018.

Note 14 - Subsequent Events

Canyon Power Project Bonds – On September 24, 2020, SCPPA issued \$112,995,000 of Canyon Power Project Refunding Revenue Bonds, 2020 Series A, \$70,075,000 of Canyon Power Project Refunding Revenue Bonds, 2020 Series B, and \$88,245,000 of Canyon Power Project Refunding Revenue Bonds, 2020 Series C Bonds (the "2020 Bonds"). The 2020 Bonds were issued to refund and redeem a portion of the Authority's outstanding Canyon Power Project, Refunding Revenue Bonds, 2016 Series A in the aggregate principal amount of \$67,030,000 and all of the Authority's outstanding \$114,310,000 Canyon Power Project Refunding Revenue Bonds, 2018 Series A and outstanding \$114,605,000 Canyon Power Project, Refunding Revenues Bonds, 2018 Series B, and to pay costs of issuance relating to the 2020 Bonds. The refunding resulted in net present value savings of \$13.8 million.



Southern California Public Power Authority Schedule of Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability As of June 30, 2020 Last Ten Years*

	2020			2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
Proportion of the net pension liability		0.04174%		0.03976%	0.03880%	0.03779%	0.03604%	0.01404%
Proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$	1,562,437	\$	1,418,393	\$ 1,472,764	\$ 1,263,624	\$ 1,010,974	\$ 873,857
Covered - employee payroll	\$	2,414,315	\$	2,270,923	\$ 2,455,761	\$ 2,373,992	\$ 2,258,941	\$ 1,091,557
Proportionate Share of the net pension liability as percentage of covered-employee payroll		64.72%		62.46%	59.97%	53.23%	44.75%	80.06%
Plan's fiduciary net position	\$	31,179,414	\$	29,308,590	\$ 27,244,095	\$ 24,705,532	\$ 24,907,306	\$ 24,940,528
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		75.26%		75.26%	73.31%	74.06%	78.32%	81.00%

Notes to Schedule

Changes in assumptions – In 2016, GASB 68 was modified to state that the long-term expected rate of return should be determined net of pension plan investment expense but without reduction for pension plan administrative expense. The discount rate was changed from 7.65 percent (net of administrative expense in 2014) to 7.15 percent as of June 30, 2016 measurement date to correct the adjustment which previously reduced the discount rate for administrative expense.

^{*}Fiscal year 2015 was the first year of implementation, therefore only six years are shown.

Southern California Public Power Authority Schedule of Contributions As of June 30, 2020 Last Ten Years*

		2020	 2019	 2018	 2017	 2016	 2015
Contractually required contribution (actuarially determined) Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution	\$	241,784 (326,501)	\$ 198,739 (263,137)	\$ 177,260 (269,886)	\$ 251,133 (229,160)	\$ 265,844 (278,896)	\$ 699,279 (699,279)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ (84,717)		\$ (64,398)	\$ (92,626)	\$ 21,973	\$ (13,052)	\$
Covered-employee payroll	\$	2,414,315	\$ 2,270,923	\$ 2,455,761	\$ 2,373,992	\$ 2,258,941	\$ 1,091,557
Contributions as a percentage of covered- employee payroll		10.01%	8.75%	7.22%	10.58%	11.77%	64.06%
Notes to Schedule							
Valuation date:		6/30/2018	6/30/2017	6/30/2016	6/30/2015	6/30/2014	6/30/2013

Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates:

Actuarial cost method Entry age

Amortization method Level percentage of payroll

Remaining amortization period Differ by employer
Asset valuation method Market Value
Inflation 2.50%

Salary increases Varies by entry age and service

Investment rate of return 7.15%

Retirement age 57 yrs.

Mortality

Derived using CalPERs

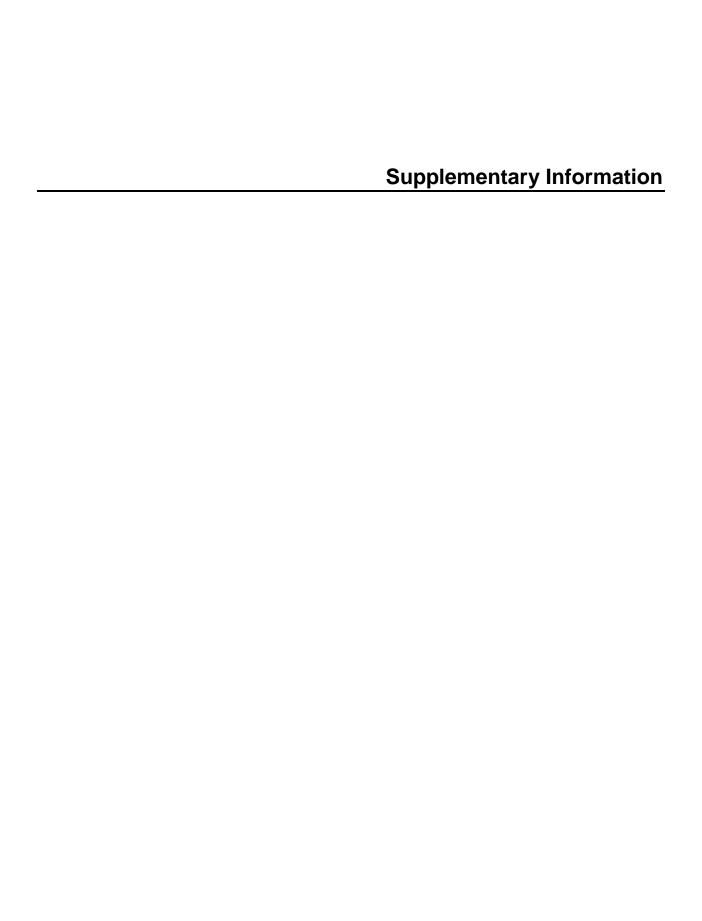
membership data for all funds

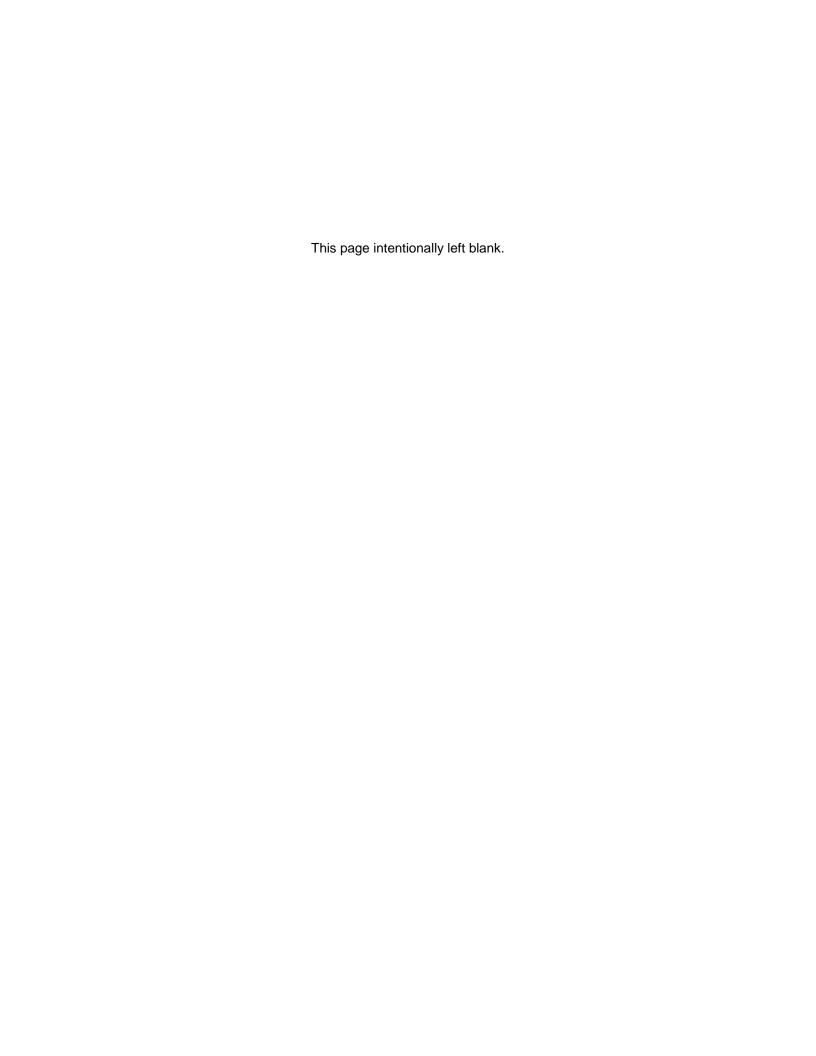
^{*}Fiscal year 2015 was the first year of implementation, therefore only six years are shown.

Southern California Public Power Authority Schedule of Changes in Net OPEB Liability and Related Ratios As of June 30, 2020 Last Ten Years*

		2020		2019	2018
Total OPEB Liability					
Service cost Interest cost Differences between expected	\$	85,925 35,531	\$	80,882 31,913	\$ 86,517 26,114
and actual experience Change in assumptions Benefit payments		(29,666) 17,925 (25,995)		- (7,876) (23,734)	- (82,085) (21,879)
Net change in total OPEB liability	\$	83,720	\$	81,185	\$ 8,667
Total OPEB liability, beginning Total OPEB liability, ending	\$	908,596 992,316	\$	827,411 908,596	\$ 818,744 827,411
Plan fiduciary net position					
Contributions Employer contributions Benefit payments	\$	25,995 (25,995)	\$	23,734 (23,734)	\$ 21,879 (21,879)
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -
Plan fiduciary net position, beginning Plan fiduciary net position, ending	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	<u>-</u>	\$ <u>-</u>
Net OPEB liability, ending	\$	992,316	\$	908,596	\$ 827,411
Plan fiduciary net position as a percent of the total OPEB liability		0.00%		0.00%	0.00%
Covered-employee payroll	\$	2,270,923	\$	2,491,466	\$ 2,217,802
Measurement date:	6	/30/2019	6	6/30/2018	6/30/2017
Net OPEB liability as a parent of covered payroll		43.70%		36.50%	37.30%

^{*}Fiscal year 2018 was the first year of implementation, therefore only three years are shown.





Southern California Public Power Authority Power Purchase Agreements Combining Statements of Net Position June 30, 2020 (Amounts in Thousands)

							PC	WER	PURCHA	SE AG	REEMEN	TS								
	Geo	Ormat othermal nergy	D Small lydro	Pebble Springs Wind	Amero Chiq Landfil	uita	pbell/ Rose	Mo	opper ountain olar 3		umbia 2 Solar		ber-1 thermal	ngbird Solar	Cai	Oon A. mpbell 2 othermal	·S	ngbok 1 olar oject	·S	ngbok 2 olar oject
ASSETS Noncurrent assets Investments – restricted Investments – unrestricted	\$	-	\$ - -	\$ - -	\$	<u>-</u>	\$ - -	\$	- -	\$	- -	\$	- -	\$ - -	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	- -	\$	- -
Total noncurrent assets		-	 -			-	_		-		-		-	-		-		-		_
Current assets Cash and cash equivalents – restricted Cash and cash equivalents – unrestricted Interest receivable Accounts receivable Prepaid and other assets		- 1,891 - - 6	 1,623 - - 1	933 - 2,097 6		- 912 - - 2	5,215 - - 3		4,624 - 1,474 11		- 753 - 48 3		- 4,019 - - 13	- 944 - 76 5		5,106 - - 2		- 4,337 - - 3		5,047 - - 4
Total current assets		1,897	1,624	3,036		914	5,218		6,109		804		4,032	1,025		5,108		4,340		5,051
Total assets	\$	1,897	\$ 1,624	\$ 3,036	\$	914	\$ 5,218	\$	6,109	\$	804	\$	4,032	\$ 1,025	\$	5,108	\$	4,340	\$	5,051
LIABILITIES Current liabilities Advances from participants due within one year Accounts payable and accruals	\$	857 1,040	\$ 500 1,124	\$ - 3,036	\$	400 514	\$ 960 4,257	\$	- 6,109	\$	405 399	\$	400 3,631	\$ 171 854	\$	960 4,146	\$	2,000 2,340	\$	2,000 3,051
Total current liabilities		1,897	 1,624	3,036		914	5,217		6,109		804		4,031	1,025		5,106		4,340		5,051
Total liabilities		1,897	1,624	3,036		914	5,217		6,109		804		4,031	1,025		5,106		4,340		5,051
NET POSITION Unrestricted		-	 -			-	1		-				1	-		2		-		
Total net position		-	 	 		-	1_						1_			2				
Total liabilities and net position	\$	1,897	\$ 1,624	\$ 3,036	\$	914	\$ 5,218	\$	6,109	\$	804	\$	4,032	\$ 1,025	\$	5,108	\$	4,340	\$	5,051

Southern California Public Power Authority Power Purchase Agreements Combining Statements of Net Position June 30, 2020 (Amounts in Thousands)

									PC	WER	PURCHAS	SE AG	GREEMEN	ITS							
	5	ummer Solar roject	Astor Sol Proj	ar	Antelop Sky Ra Solar P	anch	Antelope DSR 1 Solar Project	DS	elope SR 2 Project	Land	nte Hills dfill Gas roject	No	RMAT orthern evada	Geo	MESA thermal roject	Bi	Loyalton omass roject	ingbok 3 ir Project	Th	itegrass nermal roject	Totals
ASSETS Noncurrent assets Investments – restricted Investments – unrestricted	\$	- -	\$	-	\$	- -	\$ -	\$	- -	\$	- -	\$	-	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	1,000	\$ -	\$	<u>-</u>	\$ - 1,000
Total noncurrent assets				-									-				1,000	-			1,000
Current assets Cash and cash equivalents – restricted Cash and cash equivalents – unrestricted Interest receivable		- 1,146 -		- 2,027 -		- 1,715 -	2,298		233		- 3,941 -		2,531		- 10,425 -		13 9,206 -	- 5,747 -		- 1,206 -	13 75,879 -
Accounts receivable Prepaid and other assets		43 5		87 11		57 5	42 7		3		- 24		3,059 11		6		22 1	2		2	7,005 136
Total current assets		1,194		2,125		1,777	2,347		236		3,965		5,601		10,431		9,242	5,749		1,208	83,033
Total assets	\$	1,194	\$	2,125	\$	1,777	\$ 2,347	\$	236	\$	3,965	\$	5,601	\$	10,431	\$	10,242	\$ 5,749	\$	1,208	\$ 84,033
LIABILITIES Current liabilities Advances from participants due within one year Accounts payable and accruals	\$	600 594	\$	800 1,325		300 1,477	\$ 900 1,447	\$	90 146	\$	420 3,545	\$	400 5,201	\$	- 10,428	\$	- 10,241	\$ 2,000 3,749	\$	300 908	\$ 14,463 69,562
Total current liabilities		1,194		2,125		1,777	2,347		236		3,965		5,601		10,428		10,241	5,749		1,208	84,025
Total liabilities		1,194		2,125		1,777	2,347		236		3,965		5,601		10,428		10,241	5,749		1,208	84,025
NET POSITION Unrestricted				-							<u>-</u>		-		3_		1	-			8
Total net position				-									-		3		1	-			8
Total liabilities and net position	\$	1,194	\$	2,125	\$	1,777	\$ 2,347	\$	236	\$	3,965	\$	5,601	\$	10,431	\$	10,242	\$ 5,749	\$	1,208	\$ 84,033

Southern California Public Power Authority Power Purchase Agreements Combining Statements of Net Position June 30, 2019 (Amounts in Thousands)

									POWER P	URC	HASE AGR	EEMEN	ITS					
	Geo	RMAT thermal nergy	/D Small Hydro	Peb Spri Wi	ngs	Ch	eresco niquita dfill Gas	Ca W	Don A. ampbell/ ild Rose othermal	Ν	Copper Mountain Solar 3		mbia 2 blar	eber-1 othermal	ingbird Solar	Ca	Oon A. mpbell 2 othermal	ingbok 1 Solar roject
ASSETS Noncurrent assets Investments – restricted Investments – unrestricted	\$	-	\$ - -	\$	3,993	\$	- -	\$	- 1,996	\$	- 2,978	\$	- -	\$ - -	\$ -	\$	- 1,997	\$ - 2,283
Total noncurrent assets		-	 <u>-</u>		3,993				1,996		2,978			 -	 -		1,997	 2,283
Current assets Cash and cash equivalents – restricted Cash and cash equivalents – unrestricted Interest receivable Accounts receivable Prepaid and other assets		- 2,245 - - 5	 1,268 - - 2		2,007 20 - 6		- 880 - - 1		1,816 11 - 3		4,477 9 - 12		1,014 - 34 2	2,273 5 410 12	- 944 - 43 4		2,402 17 - 2	3,122 4 - 3
Total current assets		2,250	 1,270		2,033		881		1,830		4,498		1,050	2,700	991		2,421	3,129
Total assets	\$	2,250	\$ 1,270	\$	6,026	\$	881	\$	3,826	\$	7,476	\$	1,050	\$ 2,700	\$ 991	\$	4,418	\$ 5,412
LIABILITIES Current liabilities Advances from participants due within one year Accounts payable and accruals	\$	857 1,393	\$ 500 770	\$	- 6,012	\$	400 481	\$	960 2,857	\$	- 7,454	\$	405 645	\$ 400 2,295	\$ 171 820	\$	960 3,442	\$ 2,000 3,400
Total current liabilities		2,250	1,270		6,012		881		3,817		7,454		1,050	2,695	991		4,402	5,400
Total liabilities		2,250	 1,270		6,012		881		3,817		7,454		1,050	2,695	991		4,402	5,400
NET POSITION Unrestricted			 		14				9		22			5	-		16	12
Total net position		-	 _		14		_		9		22		_	5	-		16	12
Total liabilities and net position	\$	2,250	\$ 1,270	\$	6,026	\$	881	\$	3,826	\$	7,476	\$	1,050	\$ 2,700	\$ 991	\$	4,418	\$ 5,412

Southern California Public Power Authority Power Purchase Agreements Combining Statements of Net Position June 30, 2019 (Amounts in Thousands)

					POWER F	PURCHASE AGE	REEMENTS				
	Springbok 2 Solar Project	Summer Solar Project	Astoria 2 Solar Project	Antelope Big Sky Ranch Solar Project	Antelope DSR 1 Solar Project	Antelope DSR 2 Solar Project	Puente Hills Landfill Gas Project	ORMAT Northern Nevada	ORMAT Geothermal Project	ARP Loyalton Biomass Project	Totals
ASSETS Noncurrent assets Investments – restricted Investments – unrestricted	\$ - 2,481	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ - 4,971	8,448	\$ - 5,262	\$ - 34,409
Total noncurrent assets	2,481	-	-				-	4,971	8,448	5,262	34,409
Current assets Cash and cash equivalents – restricted Cash and cash equivalents – unrestricted Interest receivable Accounts receivable Prepaid and other assets	3,352 6 - 4	- 1,417 - 25 -	- 1,876 - - 9	- 1,647 - 44 -	- 2,575 - 91 -	- 331 - - 2	6,264 - 414 - 22	- 1,892 6 - 10	3,760 5 - 8	34 2,822 4 25 4	34 48,384 87 1,086 125
Total current assets	3,362	1,446	1,885	1,695	2,672	333	6,700	1,908	3,773	2,889	49,716
Total assets	\$ 5,843	\$ 1,446	\$ 1,885	\$ 1,695	\$ 2,672	\$ 333	\$ 6,700	\$ 6,879	\$ 12,221	\$ 8,151	\$ 84,125
LIABILITIES Current liabilities Advances from participants due within one year Accounts payable and accruals	\$ 2,000 3,830	\$ 600 846	\$ 800 1,085	\$ 300 1,395	\$ 900 1,772	\$ 90 243	\$ 420 6,280	\$ 400 6,453	\$ - 12,182	\$ - 8,132	\$ 12,163 71,787
Total current liabilities	5,830	1,446	1,885	1,695	2,672	333	6,700	6,853	12,182	8,132	83,950
Total liabilities	5,830	1,446	1,885	1,695	2,672	333	6,700	6,853	12,182	8,132	83,950
NET POSITION Unrestricted	13							26	39	19	175
Total net position	13					-		26	39	19	175
Total liabilities and net position	\$ 5,843	\$ 1,446	\$ 1,885	\$ 1,695	\$ 2,672	\$ 333	\$ 6,700	\$ 6,879	\$ 12,221	\$ 8,151	\$ 84,125

Southern California Public Power Authority Power Purchase Agreements Statements of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position For the Year Ended June 30, 2020 (Amounts in Thousands)

								PC	WEF	PURCHA	SE A	AGREEMEN	TS						
	Ormat othermal	O Small ydro	S	Pebble Springs Wind	Cl	eresco niquita dfill Gas	١	Don A. Campbell/ Wild Rose Geothermal	M	Copper ountain Solar 3		Columbia Solar 2		eber-1 othermal	ingbird Solar	Ca	Oon A. mpbell 2 othermal	ringbok 1 Solar Project	ringbok 2 Solar Project
Operating revenues Sales of electric energy	\$ 10,004	\$ 706	\$	23,337	\$	2,895	\$	13,652	\$	60,466	\$	3,837	\$	29,226	\$ 5,217	\$	10,511	\$ 20,346	\$ 24,544
Total operating revenues	 10,004	706		23,337		2,895		13,652		60,466		3,837		29,226	5,217		10,511	20,346	24,544
Operating expenses Operations and maintenance	10,004	706		23,405		2,895		13,721		60,567		3,837		29,279	5,217		10,589	20,420	24,622
Total operating expenses	 10,004	706		23,405		2,895		13,721		60,567		3,837		29,279	5,217		10,589	 20,420	24,622
Operating income (loss)	 -			(68)		-		(69)		(101)		<u> </u>		(53)	_		(78)	 (74)	(78)
Non operating revenues (expenses) Investment and other income	 			54		<u>-</u>		61		79		<u>-</u>		49	<u>-</u>		64	62	65
Net non operating revenues (expenses)	-	 		54				61		79		<u>-</u> ,		49			64	62	65
Change in net position	-	-		(14)		-		(8)		(22)		-		(4)	-		(14)	(12)	(13)
Net position – beginning of year				14		-		9		22		<u> </u>		5			16	12	13
Net position – end of year	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	1_	\$		\$	-	\$	1	\$ -	\$	2	\$ -	\$

Southern California Public Power Authority Power Purchase Agreements Statements of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position For the Year Ended June 30, 2020 (Amounts in Thousands)

							POV	/ER	PURCHASE	AGF	REEMENTS							
	ummer Solar Project		itoria 2 r Project	Antelop Sky Ra Solar P	anch	Antelope DSR 1 Solar Project	Antelope DSR 2 Solar Projec		Puente Hills Landfill Gas Project		ORMAT Northern Nevada	ORMESA Geothermal Project	ARP Loyalton Biomass Project	Springbok 3 Solar Project	White Ther Proj	mal	Tot	als
Operating revenues Sales of electric energy	\$ 5,254	\$	8,589	\$	5,178	\$ 9,276	\$ 793	3	\$ 23,861	\$	61,079	\$ 16,157	\$ 1,463	\$ 12,226	\$	360	\$ 348	3,977
Total operating revenues	 5,254		8,589		5,178	9,276	793	3	23,861		61,079	16,157	1,463	12,226		360	348	8,977
Operating expenses Operations and maintenance	5,254		8,589		5,178	9,367	802	2	23,861	<u> </u>	61,212	16,399	1,604	12,621		360	350	0,509
Total operating expenses	5,254		8,589		5,178	9,367	802	2	23,861		61,212	16,399	1,604	12,621		360	350	0,509
Operating income (loss)	 -					(91)	(9	9)		<u> </u>	(133)	(242)	(141)	(395)			(1	1,532)
Non operating revenues (expenses) Investment and other income	 -	·	-		-	91	9	9		-	107	206	123	395			1	1,365
Net non operating revenues (expenses)	 -					91		9			107	206	123	395			1	1,365
Change in net position	-		-		-	-		-		-	(26)	(36)	(18)	-		-		(167)
Net position – beginning of year	 -									<u> </u>	26	39	19	-				175
Net position – end of year	\$ -	\$	-	\$		\$ -	\$		\$.	- \$	-	\$ 3	\$ 1	\$ -	\$		\$	8

Southern California Public Power Authority Power Purchase Agreements Statements of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position For the Year Ended June 30, 2019 (Amounts in Thousands)

										URCI	HASE AGR	EEME	NTS						
	_	RMAT othermal	D Small lydro	SI	ebble prings Wind	Chie	eresco quita fill Gas	Ca Wi	on A. mpbell/ ld Rose othermal	М	Copper lountain Solar 3		umbia lar 2	eber-1 othermal	Kingb	oird Solar	Ca	Oon A. mpbell 2 othermal	ingbok 1 ar Project
Operating revenues Sales of electric energy	\$	9,772	\$ 1,106	\$	19,455	\$	3,068	\$	15,175	\$	56,249	\$	4,273	\$ 27,062	\$	5,944	\$	11,264	\$ 19,959
Total operating revenues		9,772	 1,106		19,455		3,068		15,175		56,249		4,273	27,062		5,944		11,264	19,959
Operating expenses Operations and maintenance		9,772	 1,106		19,549		3,068		15,248		56,362		4,273	 27,246		5,944		11,337	 20,040
Total operating expenses		9,772	 1,106		19,549		3,068		15,248		56,362		4,273	27,246		5,944		11,337	20,040
Operating income (loss)		-	 -		(94)				(73)		(113)			(184)		-		(73)	(81)
Non operating revenues (expenses) Investment and other income		-	 _		105		-		78		131			163		-		86	90
Net non operating revenues (expenses)		-	-		105		-		78		131		_	163		-		86	90
Change in net position		-	-		11		-		5		18		-	(21)		-		13	9
Net position – beginning of year		-	 -		3				4		4			26		-		3	 3
Net position – end of year	\$	-	\$ -	\$	14	\$	_	\$	9	\$	22	\$	_	\$ 5	\$	-	\$	16	\$ 12

Southern California Public Power Authority Power Purchase Agreements Statements of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position For the Year Ended June 30, 2019 (Amounts in Thousands)

							F	POWER P	URCH	HASE AGR	EEN	IENTS							
	ringbok 2 ar Project	_	ummer ar Project	oria 2 Project	Sky I	ope Big Ranch Project	D	itelope SR 1 r Project	[ntelope DSR 2 ar Project	La	iente Hills indfill Gas Project	1	ORMAT Northern Nevada	Ge	RMESA othermal Project	В	C Loyalton liomass Project	Totals
Operating revenues Sales of electric energy	\$ 23,803	\$	5,846	\$ 9,687	\$	5,998	\$	10,977	\$	646	\$	26,471	\$	41,947	\$	18,409	\$	3,992	\$ 321,103
Total operating revenues	 23,803		5,846	 9,687		5,998		10,977		646		26,471		41,947		18,409		3,992	321,103
Operating expenses Operations and maintenance	 23,915		5,846	9,687		5,998		11,068		655		26,471		42,188		18,615		4,094	322,482
Total operating expenses	 23,915		5,846	9,687		5,998		11,068		655		26,471		42,188		18,615		4,094	322,482
Operating income (loss)	(112)							(91)		(9)				(241)		(206)		(102)	(1,379)
Non operating revenues (expenses) Investment and other income	 119			-		-		91		9				255		229		117	1,473
Net non operating revenues (expenses)	 119							91		9				255		229		117	1,473
Change in net position	7		-	-		-		-		-		-		14		23		15	94
Net position – beginning of year	 6							<u>-</u>						12		16		4	81
Net position – end of year	\$ 13	\$		\$ 	\$		\$	<u>-</u>	\$	-	\$		\$	26	\$	39	\$	19	\$ 175

Southern California Public Power Authority Power Purchase Agreements Statement of Cash Flows For the Year Ended June 30, 2020 (Amounts in Thousands)

										P	OWE	R PURCHAS	SE AC	GREEMENTS	S									
	Geo	RMAT othermal nergy		D Small lydro		le Springs Wind	Amere Chiqu Landfill	ita	Can	Don A. npbell/ Wild Rose eothermal	Ν	Copper Mountain Solar 3		olumbia 2 Solar		eber-1 thermal	Kingt	oird Solar	Ca	Oon A. mpbell 2 othermal		ingbok 1 ar Project		ngbok 2 r Project
Cash flows from operating activities Receipts from participants Payments to operating managers Other disbursements and receipts	\$	9,772 (10,126)	\$	1,224 (869)	\$	18,267 (23,407) (1)		3,130 3,098) -	\$	15,223 (13,892)	\$	57,497 (60,415)	\$	2,080 (3,131) 790	\$	30,938 (29,247)	\$	2,903 (3,942) 1,039	\$	11,324 (10,697) (1)	\$	19,287 (20,421) (1)	\$	23,815 (24,671)
Net cash flows provided by (used for) operating activities	-	(354)		355		(5,141)		32		1,331		(2,918)		(261)		1,691		<u> </u>		626		(1,135)		(856)
Cash flows from investing activities Interest received on investments Purchases of investments Proceeds from sale/maturity of investments		- - -		- - -		67 - 4,000		- - -		68 - 2,000		58 (2,988) 5,995		- - -		48 (1,593) 1,600		- - -		78 2,000		39 (2,689) 5,000		43 (1,992) 4,500
Net cash provided by investing activities						4,067				2,068		3,065				55				2,078		2,350		2,551
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		(354)		355		(1,074)		32		3,399		147		(261)		1,746		-		2,704		1,215		1,695
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year		2,245		1,268		2,007		880		1,816		4,477		1,014		2,273		944		2,402		3,122		3,352
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$	1,891	\$	1,623	\$	933	\$	912	\$	5,215	\$	4,624	\$	753	\$	4,019	\$	944	\$	5,106	\$	4,337	\$	5,047
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided by operating activities Operating income (loss) Changes in assets and liabilities Accounts receivable Accounts payable and accruals Other	\$	- (353) (1)	\$	- 355	\$	(68) (2,097) (2,975) (1)	\$	- 32 -	\$	(69) - 1,399 1	\$	(101) (1,474) (1,343)	\$	(14) (246) (1)	\$	(53) 410 1,335 (1)	\$	(33) 34 (1)	\$	(78) - 704 -	\$	(74) - (1,061) -	\$	(78) - (779) 1
Net cash provided by (used by) operating activities	\$	(354)	\$	355	\$	(5,141)	\$	32	\$	1,331	\$	(2,918)	\$	(261)	\$	1,691	\$		\$	626	\$	(1,135)	\$	(856)
Cash and cash equivalents as stated in the Combined Statements of Net Position Cash and cash equivalents – restricted Cash and cash equivalents – unrestricted	•	1,891 1,891		1,623 1,623	•	933	\$	912 912		5,215 5,215		- 4,624 4,624	¢	- 753 753	•	- 4,019 4,019	Ф.	944 944	•	5,106 5,106	\$	- 4,337 4,337	¢	5,047 5,047
	φ	1,091	φ	1,023	ų.	933	Ψ	912	φ	5,215	Ф	4,024	Ф	103	φ	4,019	φ	944	Φ	3,100	φ	4,337	φ	3,047

Southern California Public Power Authority Power Purchase Agreements Statement of Cash Flows For the Year Ended June 30, 2020 (Amounts in Thousands)

								POW	ER PL	JRCHASE A	AGREEMENT	S									
	ner Solar oject	storia 2 ır Project	Sky	elope Big / Ranch ir Project	0	ntelope DSR 1 ar Project	D	itelope SR 2 r Project	Lan	ente Hills ndfill Gas Project	ORMAT Northern Nevada		ORMESA Geothermal Project	Lo Bi	ARP oyalton omass Project	·s	ngbok 3 olar oject	Th	tegrass ermal oject		Totals
Cash flows from operating activities Receipts from participants Payments to operating managers Other disbursements and receipts	\$ 2,836 (4,154) 1,047	\$ 4,731 (6,527) 1,947	\$	2,984 (3,950) 1,034	\$	4,486 (7,144) 2,381	\$	852 (950)	\$	10,383 (12,707) 1	\$ 55,84 (60,28		\$ 14,137 (16,128) (2)	\$	1,971 (1,879) 1,882		12,458 (7,625) 824	\$	723 (124) 607	\$	306,864 (325,393) 11,547
Net cash flows provided by (used for) operating activities	(271)	151		68		(277)		(98)		(2,323)	(4,44	6)	(1,993)		1,974		5,657		1,206		(6,982)
Cash flows from investing activities Interest received on investments Purchases of investments Proceeds from sale/maturity of investments	 - - -	- - -		- - -		- - -		- - -		- - -	(1,09 6,10		112 (10,254) 18,800		50 (8,661) 13,000		55 (6,165) 6,200		- - -		698 (33,437) 67,195
Net cash provided by investing activities	 -	 								<u>-</u>	5,08	5	8,658		4,389		90				34,456
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	(271)	151		68		(277)		(98)		(2,323)	63	9	6,665		6,363		5,747		1,206		27,474
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year	 1,417	1,876		1,647		2,575		331		6,264	1,89	2	3,760		2,856		-				48,418
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$ 1,146	\$ 2,027	\$	1,715	\$	2,298	\$	233	\$	3,941	\$ 2,53	1_5	\$ 10,425	\$	9,219	\$	5,747	\$	1,206	\$	75,892
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided by operating activities Operating income (loss) Changes in assets and liabilities Accounts receivable Accounts payable and accruals Other	\$ - (18) (253) -	\$ (87) 240 (2)	\$	- (13) 81 -	\$	(91) 49 (324) 89	\$	(9) (98) 9	\$	- 414 (2,736) (1)	(3,05 (1,25		\$ (242) - (1,753) 2	\$	(141) 3 2,109 3	\$	(395) 513 4,731 808	\$	- 908 298	\$ \$ \$	(1,532) (5,406) (1,245) 1,201
Net cash provided by (used by) operating activities	\$ (271)	\$ 151	\$	68	\$	(277)	\$	(98)	\$	(2,323)	\$ (4,44	6) 5	(1,993)	\$	1,974	\$	5,657	\$	1,206	\$	(6,982)
Cash and cash equivalents as stated in the Combined Statements of Net Position Cash and cash equivalents – restricted Cash and cash equivalents – unrestricted	 1,146	 2,027		1,715		2,298		233		3,941	2,53		10,425		13 9,206		5,747		1,206	\$	13 75,879
	\$ 1,146	\$ 2,027	\$	1,715	\$	2,298	\$	233	\$	3,941	\$ 2,53	1 5	10,425	\$	9,219	\$	5,747	\$	1,206	\$	75,892

Southern California Public Power Authority Power Purchase Agreements Statement of Cash Flows For the Year Ended June 30, 2019 (Amounts in Thousands)

								POWER F	PUR	CHASE AGRE	EEM	IENTS						
	Geo	RMAT othermal Energy	D Small lydro	ole Springs Wind	Ch	eresco iquita Ifill Gas	C W	Don A. campbell/ /ild Rose eothermal		Copper Mountain Solar 3		Columbia 2 Solar	Heber-1 othermal	Kingl	oird Solar	Ca	Don A. mpbell 2 othermal	ingbok 1 ir Project
Cash flows from operating activities Receipts from participants Payments to operating managers Other disbursements and receipts	\$	10,795 (9,755)	\$ 1,380 (1,145) -	\$ 20,312 (19,071) 1	\$	3,146 (3,085)	\$	16,867 (15,314)	\$	59,142 (56,684)	\$	1,652 (3,014) 1,268	\$ 18,752 (27,280) (1)	\$	2,365 (3,940) 1,820	\$	13,311 (11,386) (1)	\$ 21,928 (20,134)
Net cash flows provided by (used for) operating activities		1,040	 235	 1,242		61		1,553	_	2,458		(94)	(8,529)		245		1,924	1,794
Cash flows from investing activities Interest received on investments Purchases of investments Proceeds from sale/maturity of investments		- - -	- - -	 81 (3,988) -		- - -		72 (1,999) -		115 (2,969)		- - -	146 - 5,500		- - -		68 (1,994) -	67 (4,264) 2,000
Net cash provided by (used for) investing activities		_	 _	 (3,907)				(1,927)		(2,854)		<u>-</u> ,	5,646		_		(1,926)	(2,197)
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		1,040	235	(2,665)		61		(374)		(396)		(94)	(2,883)		245		(2)	(403)
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year		1,205	1,033	 4,672		819		2,190		4,873		1,108	5,156		699		2,404	3,525
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$	2,245	\$ 1,268	\$ 2,007	\$	880	\$	1,816	\$	4,477	\$	1,014	\$ 2,273	\$	944	\$	2,402	\$ 3,122
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided by operating activities Operating income (loss) Changes in assets and liabilities Accounts receivable Accounts payable and accruals Other	\$	- 403 637	\$ - - 235 -	\$ (94) - 1,334 2	\$	- - 61 -	\$	(73) - 1,626 -	\$	(113) 1,398 1,172	\$	- (14) (80)	\$ (184) (410) (7,934) (1)	\$	- 71 174 -	\$	(73) - 1,997 -	\$ (81) 904 970 1
Net cash provided by (used by) operating activities	\$	1,040	\$ 235	\$ 1,242	\$	61	\$	1,553	\$	2,458	\$	(94)	\$ (8,529)	\$	245	\$	1,924	\$ 1,794
Cash and cash equivalents as stated in the Combined Statements of Net Position Cash and cash equivalents – restricted Cash and cash equivalents – unrestricted	\$	2,245	\$ 1,268	\$ 2,007	\$	880	\$	1,816	\$	4,477	\$	1,014	\$ 2,273	_	944	\$	2,402	\$ 3,122
	\$	2,245	\$ 1,268	\$ 2,007	\$	880	\$	1,816	\$	4,477	\$	1,014	\$ 2,273	\$	944	\$	2,402	\$ 3,122

Southern California Public Power Authority Power Purchase Agreements Statement of Cash Flows For the Year Ended June 30, 2019 (Amounts in Thousands)

						POWER I	PURC	HASE AGR	REEME	NTS								
	ringbok 2 ar Project	ummer ar Project	storia 2 ar Project	Antelope Big Sky Rand Solar Projec		Antelope DSR 1 Solar Project	[ntelope DSR 2 ar Project	Lan	nte Hills dfill Gas roject	No	ORMAT orthern levada	Ge	PRMESA eothermal Project	В	C Loyalton iomass Project		Totals
Cash flows from operating activities Receipts from participants Payments to operating managers Other disbursements and receipts	\$ 23,690 (24,013)	\$ 3,053 (3,926) 1,773	\$ 4,333 (6,670) 3,312	\$ 3,32 (3,94 1,77	9)	\$ 3,393 (7,054) 4,026	\$	822 (675) 2	\$	8,522 (6,418) 1	\$	41,143 (40,502) 8	\$	23,482 (18,846) 10	\$	6,895 (4,016) 2,174	\$	288,312 (286,877) 16,164
Net cash flows provided by (used for) operating activities	 (323)	900	975	1,15	1	365		149		2,105		649		4,646		5,053		17,599
Cash flows from investing activities Interest received on investments Purchases of investments Proceeds from sale/maturity of investments	92 (4,461) 2,000	- - -	- - -		- - -	- - -		- - -		- - -		214 (4,952) 4,700		158 (11,197) 7,800		85 (8,228) 3,000		1,098 (44,052) 25,000
Net cash provided by (used for) investing activities	 (2,369)	 	-							-		(38)		(3,239)		(5,143)		(17,954)
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	(2,692)	900	975	1,15	1	365		149		2,105		611		1,407		(90)		(355)
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year	 6,044	 517	901	49	6	2,210		182		4,159		1,281		2,353		2,946		48,773
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$ 3,352	\$ 1,417	\$ 1,876	\$ 1,64	7	\$ 2,575	\$	331	\$	6,264	\$	1,892	\$	3,760	\$	2,856	\$	48,418
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided by operating activities Operating income (loss) Changes in assets and liabilities Accounts receivable Accounts payable and accruals Other	\$ (112) - (211) -	\$ 716 184	\$ 1,126 (151)	\$ 37. 77.	2	\$ (91) 240 214 2	\$	(9) 17 141 -	\$	386 1,720 (1)	\$	(241) - 900 (10)	\$	(206) - 4,860 (8)	\$	(102) 45 5,115 (5)	\$ \$ \$	(1,379) 5,254 13,743 (19)
Net cash provided by (used by) operating activities	\$ (323)	\$ 900	\$ 975	\$ 1,15	1	\$ 365	\$	149	\$	2,105	\$	649	\$	4,646	\$	5,053	\$	17,599
Cash and cash equivalents as stated in the Combined Statements of Net Position Cash and cash equivalents – restricted Cash and cash equivalents – unrestricted	\$ 3,352	\$ - 1,417	\$ - 1,876	\$ 1,64	7	\$ - 2,575	\$	- 331	\$	6,264	\$	- 1,892	\$	- 3,760	\$	34 2,822	\$	34 48,384
	\$ 3,352	\$ 1,417	\$ 1,876	\$ 1,64	7	\$ 2,575	\$	331	\$	6,264	\$	1,892	\$	3,760	\$	2,856	\$	48,418

Southern California Public Power Authority Power Purchase Agreements Investments June 30, 2020 (Amounts in Thousands)

							P	OWE	R PURCHA	ASE	AGREEMEN	TS									
	RMAT othermal	/D Small Hydro	S	Pebble Springs Wind	Ameresco Chiquita Landfill Ga		Don A. Campbell/ Wild Rose Geothermal	N	Copper Mountain Solar 3	(Columbia 2 Solar		eber-1 othermal	Kingt	oird Solar	Ca	Don A. mpbell 2 othermal	Spr	ingbok 1	Spr	ingbok 2
Agency discount notes Supranational Securities U.S. treasury securities Money market funds	\$ - - - 1,891	\$ - - - 1,623	\$	- 700 233	\$ 91	-	\$ - 5,000 215	\$	3,999 - - 625	\$	- - - 753	\$	3,400 - - 619	\$	- - - 944	\$	5,000 106	\$	3,400 - - 937	\$	4,899 - - 148
Total	\$ 1,891	\$ 1,623	\$	933	\$ 91	2	\$ 5,215	\$	4,624	\$	753	\$	4,019	\$	944	\$	5,106	\$	4,337	\$	5,047
Unrestricted investments Cash and cash equivalents	 - 1,891	 1,623		933	91	2	- 5,215		- 4,624		- 753		- 4,019		- 944		5,106		- 4,337		5,047
Total	\$ 1,891	\$ 1,623	\$	933	\$ 91	2	\$ 5,215	\$	4,624	\$	753	\$	4,019	\$	944	\$	5,106	\$	4,337	\$	5,047

Southern California Public Power Authority Power Purchase Agreements Investments June 30, 2020 (Amounts in Thousands)

							P	OWE	ER PURCHA	SE /	AGREEMEN	ITS								
	Spr	ingbok 3	ummer Solar	storia 2 Solar	В	ntelope ig Sky Ranch	Antelope DSR 1 Solar		Antelope DSR 2 Solar		uente Hills andfill Gas	N	ORMAT Northern Nevada	Ge	RMESA othermal Project	В	Coyalton iomass Project	nitegrass No.1 othermal		Total
Agency discount notes Supranational Securities U.S. treasury securities Money market funds	\$	4,999 - - 748	\$ - - - 1,146	\$ - - - 2,027	\$	- - - 1,715	\$ - - - 2,298	\$	- - - 233	\$	- - - 3,941	\$	1,800 - - 731	\$	9,100 - - 1,325	\$	7,399 1,000 - 1,820	\$ - - - 1,206	\$	38,996 1,000 10,700 26,196
Total	\$	5,747	\$ 1,146	\$ 2,027	\$	1,715	\$ 2,298	\$	233	\$	3,941	\$	2,531	\$	10,425	\$	10,219	\$ 1,206	\$	76,892
Unrestricted investments Cash and cash equivalents	\$	- 5,747	\$ - 1,146	\$ 2,027	\$	- 1,715	\$ 2,298	\$	233	\$	- 3,941	\$	- 2,531	\$	- 10,425	\$	1,000 9,219	\$ - 1,206	\$ \$	1,000 75,892
Total	\$	5,747	\$ 1,146	\$ 2,027	\$	1,715	\$ 2,298	\$	233	\$	3,941	\$	2,531	\$	10,425	\$	10,219	\$ 1,206	\$	76,892

Southern California Public Power Authority Power Purchase Agreements Investments June 30, 2019 (Amounts in Thousands)

							POWER F	PURC	CHASE AGR	EEMI	ENTS							
	DRMAT othermal	VD Small Hydro	Pebl	ble Springs Wind	Ameresco Chiquita Landfill Gas	C W	Don A. ampbell/ /ild Rose eothermal	1	Copper Mountain Solar 3	С	olumbia 2 Solar	leber-1 othermal	Kingl	bird Solar	Car	on A. npbell 2 othermal	Spr	ngbok 1
Agency discount notes U.S. treasury securities Money market funds	\$ - - 2,245	\$ - - 1,268	\$ \$	1,498 3,993 509	\$ - 880	\$	1,399 1,997 416	\$	4,474 2,600 381	\$	- - 1,014	\$ 1,598 - 675	\$	- - 944	\$	1,998 1,997 404	\$	3,383 1,400 622
Total	\$ 2,245	\$ 1,268	\$	6,000	\$ 880	\$	3,812	\$	7,455	\$	1,014	\$ 2,273	\$	944	\$	4,399	\$	5,405
Unrestricted investments Cash and cash equivalents	\$ - 2,245	\$ 1,268	\$	3,993 2,007	\$ - 880	Ψ	1,996 1,816	\$	2,978 4,477	\$	1,014	\$ 2,273	\$	- 944	\$	1,997 2,402	\$	2,283 3,122
Total	\$ 2,245	\$ 1,268	\$	6,000	\$ 880	\$	3,812	\$	7,455	\$	1,014	\$ 2,273	\$	944	\$	4,399	\$	5,405

Southern California Public Power Authority Power Purchase Agreements Investments June 30, 2019 (Amounts in Thousands)

								POWER F	PURC	CHASE AGRI	EEME	NTS						
	Sp	ringbok 2	Sum	mer Solar	 Astoria 2 Solar	- 1	Antelope Big Sky Ranch	Antelope DSR 1 Solar		Antelope DSR 2 Solar		ente Hills ndfill Gas	ORMAT Northern Nevada	G	ORMAT eothermal Project	В	Loyalton iomass Project	Total
Agency discount notes U.S. treasury securities Money market funds	\$	5,478 - 355	\$	- - 1,417	\$ - - 1,876	\$	- - 1,647	\$ - - 2,575	\$	- - 331	\$	- - 6,264	\$ 6,469 - 394	\$	11,645 - 563	\$	7,260 - 858	\$ 45,202 11,987 25,638
Total	\$	5,833	\$	1,417	\$ 1,876	\$	1,647	\$ 2,575	\$	331	\$	6,264	\$ 6,863	\$	12,208	\$	8,118	\$ 82,827
Unrestricted investments Cash and cash equivalents	\$	2,481 3,352	\$	- 1,417	\$ - 1,876	\$	- 1,647	\$ - 2,575	\$	- 331	\$	- 6,264	\$ 4,971 1,892	\$	8,448 3,760	\$	5,262 2,856	\$ 34,409 48,418
Total	\$	5,833	\$	1,417	\$ 1,876	\$	1,647	\$ 2,575	\$	331	\$	6,264	\$ 6,863	\$	12,208	\$	8,118	\$ 82,827

Other Information

Southern California Public Power Authority Magnolia Power Project Supplemental Schedule of Receipts and Disbursements in Funds Required by the Bond Indenture for the Year Ended June 30, 2020 (Amounts in Thousands)

	Debt Se		Debt Service Reserve Account		Operating Reserve Fund	eserve and ontingency	Operating Fund	 Revenue Fund	General Reserve Fund	COI	Escrow Fund	Fuel Reserve Fund	GHG Reserve Fund	Total
Balance at June 30, 2019	\$ 1	11,603	\$ 17,5	74	\$ 4,996	\$ 29,276	\$ 16,202	\$ <u> </u>	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 6,937	\$ 3,015	89,603
Additions														
Investment earnings		32	2:	25	26	415	119	7	-	-	-	91	46	961
Discount on investment purchases		133		94	85	165	220	-	-	-	-	34	9	740
Distribution of investment earnings		(165)	(3	19)	(111)	(581)	(339)	1,515	-	-	-	-	-	-
Receipt from participants		-		-	-	-	-	49,419	-	-	-	69	-	49,488
Distribution of revenues	1	16,712		-	-	759	31,153	(50,941)	-	-	-	2,317	-	-
Bond Proceeds 2020A-1 & 202A-3		-		-	-	-	-	-	-	1,126	249,180	-	-	250,306
Other		8,493	(9,6	36)	-	 (5,090)	7,425	 	-		1,193	(2,335)		-
Total additions	2	25,205	(9,6	36)		 (4,332)	38,578	 	_	1,126	250,373	176	55	301,495
Deductions														
Construction expenses		-		_	-	440	-	_	_		-	-	_	440
Operating expenses		-		_	-	-	29,279	_	_		-	-	_	29,279
Payment of principal		7,560		_	-	_	-	_	_		-	-	_	7,560
Interest paid		9,199		-	_	-	-	-	-		-	-	_	9,199
Premium and interest on investment purchases		· -	(14)	_	15	11	-	-		-	(3)	(3)	6
Debt issue costs		_	`	_	-	_	_	-	_	981	-	-	-	981
Payment of principal and interest – escrow		-		_	-	_	-	_	_		250,373	-	_	250,373
Payment of swap termination fee		9,644		<u> </u>	-		-	 	-		-		-	9,644
Total deductions	2	26,403	(14)		455	29,290	 	-	981	250,373	(3)	(3)	307,482
Balance at June 30, 2020	\$ 1	10,405	\$ 7,9)2	\$ 4,996	\$ 24,489	\$ 25,490	\$ 	\$ -	\$ 145	\$ -	\$ 7,116	\$ 3,073	83,616

This schedule summarizes the receipts and disbursements in funds required under the Bond Indenture and has been prepared from the trust statements. The balances in the funds consist of cash and investments at original cost. These balances do not include accrued interest receivable, unrealized gain (loss) on investments, or \$32 and \$29 held in the revolving fund at June 30, 2020 and 2019, respectively.

Southern California Public Power Authority Canyon Power Project Supplemental Schedule of Receipts and Disbursements in Funds Required by the Bond Indenture for the Year Ended June 30, 2020 (Amounts in Thousands)

	Revenue Fund	Oper Fu	-	Dek Servi Fun	ice	Se Re	Debt ervice eserve und	oject und	R	eneral eserve Fund	Total
Balance at June 30, 2019	\$ -	\$ 3	3,263	\$ 4,	028	\$	8,092	\$ 2	\$	6,650	\$ 22,035
Additions											
Investment earnings	2		15		14		3	-		108	142
Discount on investment purchases	-		23		43		38	-		20	124
Distribution of investment earnings	244		(37)		(57)		(41)	-		(109)	-
Receipt from participants	22,800		-		-		-	-		-	22,800
Distribution of revenues	(23,046)	3	3,850	16,	860		-	-		2,336	-
Other		(2	2,200)	7,	818		(8,092)	 -		2,474	
Total additions		1	,651	24,	678		(8,092)			4,829	 23,066
Deductions											
Construction expenses	-		418		-		-	2		-	420
Operating expenses	-	4	1,144		-		-	-		-	4,144
Payment of principal	-		-	7,	835		-	-		-	7,835
Interest paid				8,	459			 		-	 8,459
Total deductions		4	,562	16,	294			 2			20,858
Balance at June 30, 2020	\$ -	\$	352	\$ 12,	412	\$		\$ -	\$	11,479	\$ 24,243

This schedule summarizes the receipts and disbursements in funds required under the Bond Indenture and has been prepared from the trust statements. The balances in the funds consist of cash and investments at original cost. These balances do not include accrued interest receivable, unrealized gain (loss) on investments, or \$7 and \$8 held in the revolving fund at June 30, 2020 and 2019, respectively.

Southern California Public Power Authority Apex Power Project Supplemental Schedule of Receipts and Disbursements in Funds Required by the Bond Indenture for the Year Ended June 30, 2020 (Amounts in Thousands)

		enue Ind	Depo: Fu	-	erating ⁼ und	Debt Service Fund	S R	Debt Service Seserve Fund	Cor	serve and ntingency Fund	Gen Res		Project Fund	Total
Balance at June 30, 2019	\$		\$		\$ 3,530	\$ 15,827	\$	5,488	\$	9,193	\$	_	\$ 3,011	\$ 37,049
Additions														
Investment earnings		4		-	33	6		53		42		-	5	143
Discount on investment purchases		-		-	45	162		36		127		-	25	395
Distribution of investment earnings		503		-	(77)	(168)		(89)		(169)		-	-	-
Receipt from participants		0,260		-	-	-		-				-	-	70,260
Distribution of revenues	(7	1,207)		-	35,337	21,942		-		13,928		-	-	-
Other transfers		440	4:	3,527	(31,233)	-		-		(9,693)		-	(3,041)	-
Other receipts	-				 16	 		-					 -	 16
Total additions			4:	3,527	 4,121	21,942		-		4,235			(3,011)	 70,814
Deductions														
Construction expenses		_	3	5,498	_	-		_		_		-	_	35,498
Operating expenses		-		8,029	_	_		_		-		-	_	8,029
Payment of principal		-		· -	-	9,710		_		-		-	-	9,710
Interest paid		-		-	-	 12,128		-				-	 -	 12,128
Total deductions			4:	3,527	 -	 21,838		-					 -	65,365
Balance at June 30, 2020	\$		\$	-	\$ 7,651	\$ 15,931	\$	5,488	\$	13,428	\$	-	\$ -	\$ 42,498

This schedule summarizes the receipts and disbursements in funds required under the Bond Indenture and has been prepared from the trust statements. The balances in the funds consist of cash and investments at original cost. These balances do not include accrued interest receivable, unrealized gain (loss) on investments, or \$12 and \$15 held in the revolving fund at June 30, 2020 and 2019, respectively.

Southern California Public Power Authority Tieton Hydropower Project Supplemental Schedule of Receipts and Disbursements in Funds Required by the Bond Indenture for the Year Ended June 30, 2020 (Amounts in Thousands)

	Revenue Fund	Operat Fund	•	Service und	t Service erve Fund	Con	erve and itingency Fund	Escrow	ost of uance	Total
Balance at June 30, 2019	\$ -	\$	602	\$ 2,181	\$ 5,001	\$	419	\$ -	\$ 	\$ 8,203
Additions										
Investment earnings	1		9	6	79		6	-	-	101
Discount on investment purchases	-		4	12	27		=	-	-	43
Distribution of investment earnings	143		(13)	(18)	(106)		(6)	-	-	-
Bond Proceeds 2020A	-		-	-	-		-	33,120	437	33,557
Receipt from participants	7,512		-	-	-		-	-	-	7,512
Distribution of revenues	(7,656)	4	,331	3,325	-		-	=	-	-
Other transfers				 (757)	 (3,369)			4,126	 	 -
Total additions			,331	 2,568	 (3,369)		-	37,246	437	 41,213
Deductions										
Acquisition costs	-		340	-	-		=	-	-	340
Operating expenses	-	3	,605	-	-		-	-	-	3,605
Payment of principal	-		-	1,000	-		-	=	-	1,000
Interest paid	-		-	2,336	(7)		-	=	-	2,329
Debt issue costs	-		-	-	-		-	=	245	245
Payment of principal and interest - escrow				 	 			37,246	 	 37,246
Total deductions		3	,945	 3,336	 (7)			37,246	 245	 44,765
Balance at June 30, 2020	\$ -	\$	988	\$ 1,413	\$ 1,639	\$	419	\$ -	\$ 192	\$ 4,651

This schedule summarizes the receipts and disbursements in funds required under the Bond Indenture and has been prepared from the trust statements. The balances in the funds consist of cash and investments at original cost. These balances do not include accrued interest receivable, unrealized gain (loss) on investments, or \$4 and \$3 held in the revolving fund at June 30, 2020 and 2019, respectively.

Southern California Public Power Authority Milford I Wind Project Supplemental Schedule of Receipts and Disbursements in Funds Required by the Bond Indenture for the Year Ended June 30, 2020 (Amounts in Thousands)

	Revenue Fund	0	perating Fund	Del	ot Service Fund	bt Service Reserve Fund	R	General eserve Fund	Ŕ	perating eserve Fund	lss	Cost of suance Fund	Escrow Fund	 Total
Balance at June 30, 2019	\$ -	\$	7	\$	14,720	\$ 18,874	\$	2,520	\$	452	\$		\$ -	\$ 36,573
Additions														
Investment earnings	7		33		23	121		28		11		-	-	223
Discount on investments	-		28		100	89		29		33		-	-	279
Distribution of investment earnings	422		(70)		(114)	(147)		(57)		(34)		-	-	-
Receipt from participants	39,851		-		-	-		-		-		-	-	39,851
Distribution of revenues	(40,280)		21,677		16,063	-		-		2,540		-	-	-
Bond proceeds	-		-		-	-		-		-		677	135,056	135,733
Other transfers			(10)		(6,300)	 (18,937)				-		10	25,237	
Total additions			21,658		9,772	(18,874)				2,550		687	160,293	176,086
Deductions														
Operating expenses	-		13,125		-	-		-		-		-	-	13,125
Payment of principal	-		-		10,570	-		-		-		-	-	10,570
Interest paid	-		-		5,191	-		-		-		-	-	5,191
Debt issue costs	-		-		-	-		-		-		687	-	687
Bond redemption - escrow					-	 		-					160,293	 160,293
Total deductions			13,125		15,761	 						687	160,293	 189,866
Balance at June 30, 2020	\$ -	\$	8,540	\$	8,731	\$ 	\$	2,520	\$	3,002	\$		\$ -	\$ 22,793

This schedule summarizes the receipts and disbursements in funds required under the Bond Indenture and has been prepared from the trust statements. The balances in the funds consist of cash and investments at original cost. These balances do not include accrued interest receivable, unrealized gain (loss) on investments, or \$7 and \$6 held in the revolving fund at June 30, 2020 and 2019, respectively.

Southern California Public Power Authority Milford II Wind Project Supplemental Schedule of Receipts and Disbursements in Funds Required by the Bond Indenture for the Year Ended June 30, 2020 (Amounts in Thousands)

	Revenue Fund		-	erating Fund	ot Service Fund	t Service erve Fund	Total
Balance at June 30, 2019	\$ -		\$	3,979	\$ 9,763	\$ 3,216	\$ 16,958
Additions							
Investment earnings	1			18	12	16	47
Discount on investments	-			39	94	29	162
Distribution of investment earnings	208	}		(57)	(106)	(45)	-
Receipt from participants	18,898	}		-	-	-	18,898
Distribution of revenues	(19,107	<u>') </u>		6,245	 12,863		 1
Total additions				6,245	 12,863	 	 19,108
Deductions							
Operating expenses	-			6,810	-	-	6,810
Payment of principal	-			-	6,665	-	6,665
Interest paid					 6,030	 	 6,030
Total deductions				6,810	12,695		 19,505
Balance at June 30, 2020	\$ -		\$	3,414	\$ 9,931	\$ 3,216	\$ 16,561

This schedule summarizes the receipts and disbursements in funds required under the Bond Indenture and has been prepared from the trust statements. The balances in the funds consist of cash and investments at original cost. These balances do not include accrued interest receivable, unrealized gain (loss) on investments, or \$3 and \$4 held in the revolving fund at June 30, 2020 and 2019, respectively.

Southern California Public Power Authority Windy Point Project Supplemental Schedule of Receipts and Disbursements in Funds Required by the Bond Indenture for the Year Ended June 30, 2020 (Amounts in Thousands)

	Revenue Fund	•	rating ınd	t Service Fund	ot Service erve Fund	Esc	crow Fund	st of ce Fund	Total
Balance at June 30, 2019	_\$	\$	5,834	\$ 32,042	\$ 10,262	\$		\$ 	\$ 48,138
Additions									
Investment earnings	4		41	16	4		-	-	65
Discount on investments	-		69	428	192		-	-	689
Distribution of investment earnings	755		(110)	(444)	(201)		_	-	-
Bond proceeds 2010-1	-		-	-	-		310,142	933	311,075
Receipt from participants	82,797		-	-	-		-	-	82,797
Distribution of revenues	(83,556)		42,981	40,570	5		-	-	-
Other			45	 (29,165)	 (10,262)		39,426		 44
Total additions			43,026	 11,405	 (10,262)		349,568	933	 394,670
Deductions									
Operating expenses	-		40,057	-	-		_	-	40,057
Payment of principal	-		-	23,040	-		-	-	23,040
Interest paid	-		-	17,462	-		-	-	17,462
Debt issue costs	-		-	-	-		-	667	667
2010-1 Bond redemption - escrow				 	 		349,568		 349,568
Total deductions			40,057	 40,502			349,568	 667	 430,794
Balance at June 30, 2020	\$ -	\$	8,803	\$ 2,945	\$ 	\$		\$ 266	\$ 12,014

This schedule summarizes the receipts and disbursements in funds required under the Bond Indenture and has been prepared from the trust statements. The balances in the funds consist of cash and investments at original cost. These balances do not include accrued interest receivable, unrealized gain (loss) on investments, or \$14 and \$15 held in the revolving fund at June 30, 2020 and 2019, respectively.

Southern California Public Power Authority Linden Wind Energy Project Supplemental Schedule of Receipts and Disbursements in Funds Required by the Bond Indenture for the Year Ended June 30, 2020 (Amounts in Thousands)

	Revenue Fund	Operating Fund	Debt Service Fund	Debt Service Reserve Fund	Cost of Issuance Fund	Escrow Fund	U.S. Treasury Direct Subsidy	Total
Balance at June 30, 2019	\$ -	\$ 2,379	\$ 6,841	\$ 2,324	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 404	\$ 11,948
Additions								
Investment earnings	1	14	7	6	-	-	-	28
Discount on investments	-	36	63	27	-	-	-	126
Distribution of investment earnings	153	(50)	(70)	(33)	-		-	-
Revenue from power sales	16,866	-	-	-	-	-	-	16,866
Distribution of revenue	(17,020)	7,769	10,060	=	=	-	(809)	=
Bond proceeds 2020A	-	-	-	-	592	60,718	-	61,310
Other receipts			(4,843)	12		4,831	405	405
Total additions		7,769	5,217	12	592	65,549	(404)	78,735
Deductions								
Operating expenses	-	6,698	=	-	-	_	=	6,698
Payment of principal	-	· -	4,335	-	-	-	-	4,335
Interest paid	-	-	5,711	-	-	-	-	5,711
Debt issue costs	=	-	=	=	530	-	=	530
Bond redemption - escrow						65,549		65,549
Total deductions		6,698	10,046		530	65,549		82,823
Balance at June 30, 2020	\$ -	\$ 3,450	\$ 2,012	\$ 2,336	\$ 62	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 7,860
								T

his schedule summarizes the receipts and disbursements in funds required under the Bond Indenture and has been prepared from the trust statements. The balances in the funds consist of cash and investments at original cost. These balances do not include accrued interest receivable, unrealized gain (loss) on investments, or \$3 held in the revolving fund at June 30, 2020 and 2019.

Southern California Public Power Authority Southern Transmission System Project Supplemental Schedule of Receipts and Disbursements in Funds Required by the Bond Indenture for the Year Ended June 30, 2020 (Amounts in Thousands)

	eneral erve Fund	Iss	ue Fund	O ₁	perating Fund	_	enue und	Total
Balance at June 30, 2019	\$ 3,245	\$	65,358	\$	10,659	\$		\$ 79,262
Additions								
Investment earnings	82		701		79		24	886
Discount on investment purchases	-		567		139		-	706
Distribution of investment earnings	(82)		(1,268)		(217)		1,567	-
Revenue from transmission sales	-		-		-	12	29,348	129,348
Distribution of revenue	-		77,376		53,563	(13	30,939)	-
Transfer (from) / to escrow fund for principal and interest payment	1396				(620)			 776
Total additions	1,396		77,376		52,944			 131,716
Deductions								
Operating expenses	_		-		57,372		_	57,372
Payment of principal	-		48,730		, -		-	48,730
Interest paid			18,665					18,665
Total deductions	 		67,395		57,372			124,767
Balance at June 30, 2020	\$ 4,641	\$	75,339	\$	6,231	\$	_	\$ 86,211

This schedule summarizes the receipts and disbursements in funds required under the Bond Indenture and has been prepared from the trust statements. The balances in the funds consist of cash and investments at original cost. These balances do not include accrued interest receivable, unrealized gain (loss) on investments, or \$35 and \$31 held in the revolving fund at June 30, 2020 and 2019, respectively.

Southern California Public Power Authority Mead-Phoenix Project Supplemental Schedule of Receipts and Disbursements in Funds Required by the Bond Indenture for the Year Ended June 30, 2020 (Amounts in Thousands)

	Reve		t Service	erating Fund	Cont	erve and ingency und	Gen Rese Fu	erve	rplus und	 Total
Balance at June 30, 2019	\$		\$ 8,043	\$ 903	\$	226	\$	6	\$ 119	\$ 9,297
Additions										
Investment earnings		1	10	11		4		2		28
Discount on investment earnings		-	63	-		-		-		63
Distribution of investment earnings		90	(73)	(11)		(4)		(2)		-
Transmission revenue		9,258	-	-		-		-		9,258
Distribution of revenues	((9,349)	7,011	2,156		182		-		-
Bond proceeds		-	-	-		-		-		
Transfer		(53)	53	-		-		-		
Other receipts		53		<u>-</u>				-		 53
Total additions			 7,064	 2,156		182			 	 9,402
Deductions										
Operating expenses		-	-	2,349		-		-		2,349
Construction expenses		-	-	-		116		-		116
Principal payment		-	7,365	-		-		-		7,365
Interest paid			 1,214	 -					 	 1,214
Total deductions			 8,579	2,349		116			 	11,044
Balance at June 30, 2020	\$		\$ 6,528	\$ 710	\$	292	\$	6	\$ 119	\$ 7,655

This schedule summarizes the receipts and disbursements in funds required under the Bond Indenture and has been prepared from the trust statements. The balances in the funds consist of cash and investments at original cost. These balances do not include accrued interest receivable, unrealized gain (loss) on investments, or \$2 and \$3 held in the revolving fund at June 30, 2020 and 2019, respectively.

Southern California Public Power Authority Mead-Adelanto Project Supplemental Schedule of Receipts and Disbursements in Funds Required by the Bond Indenture for the Year Ended June 30, 2020 (Amounts in Thousands)

	Revenue Fund	Debt Service Account	Operating Fund	Reserve and Contingency Fund	Surplus Fund	General Reserve Fund	Total
Balance at June 30, 2019	\$ -	\$ 23,103	\$ 806	\$ 27	\$ 5,664	\$ 13	\$ 29,613
Additions							
Investment earnings	3	10	13	4	25	-	55
Discount on investment earnings	-	214	4	-	89	-	307
Distribution of investment earnings	346	(211)	(17)	(4)	(114)	-	-
Transmission revenue	22,551	` -	-	700	-	-	23,251
Distribution of revenues	(22,918)	19,320	2,717	180	-	-	(701)
Other receipts	181	-	-	-	-	-	181
Other transfers	(163)	163	-	-		-	
Total additions		19,496	2,717	880			23,093
Deductions							
Operating expenses	-	-	2,745	-	-	-	2,745
Construction expenses	-	-	-	179	-	-	179
Principal payment	-	21,565	-	-	-	-	21,565
Interest paid		3,005					3,005
Total deductions		24,570	2,745	179			27,494
Balance at June 30, 2020	\$ -	\$ 18,029	\$ 778	\$ 728	\$ 5,664	\$ 13	\$ 25,212

This schedule summarizes the receipts and disbursements in funds required under the Bond Indenture and has been prepared from the trust statements. The balances in the funds consist of cash and investments at original cost. These balances do not include accrued interest receivable, unrealized gain (loss) on investments, or \$9 and \$11 held in the revolving fund at June 30, 2020 and 2019, respectively.

Southern California Public Power Authority Pinedale Project Supplemental Schedule of Receipts and Disbursements in Funds Required by the Bond Indenture for the Year Ended June 30, 2020 (Amounts in Thousands)

	_	enue und	erating Fund	t Service Fund	General Reserve Fund	Project Fund	apital und	Total
Balance at June 30, 2019	\$		\$ 4,714	\$ 2,104	\$ 40	\$ 1,700	\$ 272	\$ 8,830
Additions								
Investment earnings		1	49	8	2	24	4	88
Discount on investment purchases		-	9	2	-	-	-	11
Distribution of investment earnings		10	-	(10)	-	-	-	-
Receipt from participants		2,772	2,939	-	-	-	-	5,711
Sales of natural gas		247	2,490					2,737
Distribution of revenues		(3,030)	602	2,384	-	-	43	(1)
Other receipts		-	3	-	-	-	-	3
Other transfer			 	 	 	 (2)	2	
Total additions			 6,092	 2,384	 2	 22	 49	 8,549
Deductions								
Construction expenses		-	-	-	-	-	17	17
Operating expenses		-	8,122	-	-	-	-	8,122
Payment of principal		-	-	1,627	-	-	-	1,627
Interest paid			 	 907	 	 		 907
Total deductions			 8,122	 2,534		 -	17	 10,673
Balance at June 30, 2020	\$		\$ 2,684	\$ 1,954	\$ 42	\$ 1,722	\$ 304	\$ 6,706

This schedule summarizes the receipts and disbursements in funds required under the Bond Indenture and has been prepared from the trust statements. The balances in the funds consist of cash and investments at original cost. These balances do not include accrued interest receivable, unrealized gain (loss) on investments, or \$2 held in the revolving fund at June 30, 2020 and 2019.

Southern California Public Power Authority Barnett Project Supplemental Schedule of Receipts and Disbursements in Funds Required by the Bond Indenture for the Year Ended June 30, 2020 (Amounts in Thousands)

	enue ınd	erating Fund	t Service Fund	Re	eneral serve und	- F	Project Fund	apital und	Total
Balance at June 30, 2019	\$ 	\$ 3,092	\$ 4,939	\$	23	\$	34,858	\$ 677	\$ 43,589
Additions									
Investment earnings	1	36	10		1		382	10	440
Discount on investment purchases	-	-	24		-		212	-	236
Distribution of investment earnings	34	-	(34)		-		-	-	-
Receipt from participants	5,958	136	-		-		-	-	6,094
Sales of natural gas	1,070	111	-		-		-	-	1,181
Distribution of revenues	(7,063)	1,464	5,599		-		-	-	-
Other transfer	 	 	 				(22)	22	
Total additions		1,747	5,599		1		572	32	7,951
Deductions									
Construction expenses	_	-	-		-		-	27	27
Operating expenses	-	2,879	-		-		(53)	-	2,826
Payment of principal	-	-	3,818		-		` -	-	3,818
Interest paid	-	 	 2,134					 	 2,134
Total deductions	 	 2,879	5,952				(53)	27	8,805
Balance at June 30, 2020	\$ 	\$ 1,960	\$ 4,586	\$	24	\$	35,483	\$ 682	\$ 42,735

This schedule summarizes the receipts and disbursements in funds required under the Bond Indenture and has been prepared from the trust statements. The balances in the funds consist of cash and investments at original cost. These balances do not include accrued interest receivable, unrealized gain (loss) on investments, or \$4 and \$3 held in the revolving fund at June 30, 2020 and 2019, respectively.

Southern California Public Power Authority Prepaid Natural Gas Project Supplemental Schedule of Receipts and Disbursements in Funds Required by the Bond Indenture for the Year Ended June 30, 2020 (Amounts in Thousands)

	Revenue Fund	Operating Fund	Debt Service Fund	Total
Balance at June 30, 2019	\$ -	\$ 13,274	\$ 4,474	\$ 17,748
Additions				
Investment earnings	3	534	247	784
Distribution of investment earnings	483	(483)	-	-
Receipt from gas sales	8,551	-	-	8,551
Distribution of revenues	(21,982)	432	21,550	-
Commodity swap settlement	12,945		1,044	13,989
Total additions		483	22,841	23,324
Deductions				
A & G expenses	-	345	-	345
Payment of principal	-	-	6,445	6,445
Payment of interest			15,719	15,719
Total deductions		345	22,164	22,509
Balance at June 30, 2020	\$ -	\$ 13,412	\$ 5,151	\$ 18,563

This schedule summarizes the receipts and disbursements in funds required under the Bond Indenture and has been prepared from the trust statements. The balances in the funds consist of cash and investments at original cost. These balances do not include accrued interest receivable, unrealized gain (loss) on investments, or \$7 and \$4 held in the revolving fund at June 30, 2020 and 2019, respectively.



MOSSADAMS